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Kabui offers direct talks with rivais

KABUL (AFP) — Afghan cat mussing pit President Burhanuddin Rabbani's government Wednes-day offered to hold direct peace talks with all rival factions, including the Taliban and northern Uzbek General Abdul Rasbid Dostum's group. Presidential spokes-man Ahdul Aziz Morad, making the offer at a news conference bere, particularly noted that there was "no obstacle to direct talks with Dostum." Mr. Morad said he had not recently made a trip to see Dostum or his representatives, but "we have this intention" in the future. Gen. Dostum, who unsuccessfully tried to overthrow Mr. Rabbani in January 1994, is a major force in northern Afghanistan and a potential With the St. Late. Late. military threat to Kabul.

Self-rule poll may take place in 3 months

LONDON (AFP) - Elections to a Palestinian self-rule council could take place in December or January following the historic autonomy accord with Israel, British Prime Minister John Major said Wednesday after talks with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat. "We hope very much, and the chairman is very confident, that it will now be possible for elections to go ahead, perhaps in December, perhaps in January, the date is to be decided," he said. Mr. Arafat stopped off in London en route to Washington for Thursday's signing ceremony of the historic accord to extend Palestinian self-rule over the West Bank. Mr. Major said after 40-minute of talks at 10 Downing Street that the accord was "a remarkable step forward." The prospects for the future look a great deal brighter than any that might have been imagined just a short while ago." Mr. Arafat thanked Mr. Major for "what he has done to facilitate and to bring forward the negotiations by all means and in all directions." The British premier was the first leader of the G-7 countries to visit the self-ruled Gaza Strin.



Due to the closure of Alexandria International Airport for maintenance purposes, Royal Jordanian would Like to inform all our passengers that all flights to/from Alexandria will be temporarily suspended for the period 1 October till 30 November 1995, to resume it's operation as of 1 December 1995 to the normal schedule.

For more information please call 663525

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Israel and PLO sign landmark agreement today

Israeli cabinet, PLO executives approve deal, but three key points remain to be sorted out

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter with agency dispatches

ISRAEL AND the Palestine Liberatioo Organisation (PLO) today sign a landmark agreement on expanding Palestinian autonomy to the West Bank, setting the stage for an Israeli withdrawal from the territory, release of Palestinian prisoners, elections to a self-rule council and negotiations on the final status of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip in May 1996.

U.S. President Bill Clintoo hosts the signing of the agreement by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat at a White House ceremony. attended by His Majesty King Hussein, Egyptian Pres-

iCRC confirms

GENEVA (ICRC) — On Sept. 25 and 26, Jordanian

oationals who were seot-

enced by the Kuwait state

security court to long prison

terms in Kuwait after the Gulf war received visits from

family members travelling

from Jordan, the Internation-

al Committee of Red Cross

(ICRC) said. A group of 16

people, including several

childreo, arrived at Kuwait

airport from Amman oo

Sept. 25 and were met by Kuwaiti officials and ICRC

delegates. The families were

able to see their detaiced

relatives twice, each time for

several hours, at Kuwait cen-

tral prison before returning

to Amman on Wednesday afternooo. The ICRC facili-

tated this visit -- the second

of its kind in Kuwait since the

Gulf war — on bumanitarian

grounds and organised it in

close cooperation with the

ministries of foreign affairs

and of the ioterior of the two

countries concerned, the

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanoo

will not attend next mooth's

economic summit in Amman

because it is premature to

discuss economic ties while a

state of war exists between

Lebanon and Israel, Prime

Minister Rafik Al Hariri has

said. "We will not attend the

Amman cooference," Mr.

Hariri told 300 businessmeo

and economists on Tuesday

night. "We think the Amman

summit is premature because

we will be discussing matters

that are based on a prema-

Bosnian Serb hands

France: Pilots in

Lebanon not to

attend Amman

prison visit

ident Hosni Muharak and other dignitaries.

Mr. Rabin secured approval for the agreement from his cahinet on Wednesday wbile Mr. Arafat won the support of the PLO Executive Committee for the accord Tuesday night in a meeting held in

Despite the approvals, the accord still faced several hur-

Oo Wednesday, Israel and the PLO were still at odds over three major issues, including the starting date for a troop withdrawal, a timetable for releasing prisoners and a PLO demand to enlarge the already autocomous West Bank enclave of Jericho. An Israeh official said the disagreements might lead to a of a Palestinian council.

last-minute crisis with the Palestinians before the festive Washington signiog cere-

"It could take some armtwisting from Clinton" to get the accord signed Thursday afternoon, said the official, speaking on condition of

Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat will hold a round of talks in Washington before the signing, said Palestinian oegotiator Saeb Erakat.

The autocomy agreement was initialled by the two sides last weekend. Uoder the accord, a troop withdrawal from seven West Bank towns is to be followed by general elections in which the Palestinians will choose 82 members

Palestinian Informatioo Minister Yasser Abed Rabbo demanded Tuesday that withdrawal start by the end of next week, or 10 days after Thursday's signing of the

The Israeli official said Wednesday that Israel was ready to start the withdrawal in October, but that it could not give specific dates for the pullout from each of the West Bank towns. The troops are to redeploy last in the tense town of Hebron, where 450 Jewish settlers live among 120,000 Palestinians. The pullback in Hebron is to be completed by the end of

In the cabinet meeting, the ministers held a separate vote the release of Palestinian security detainees.

Among those eligible for early release will be women. those of served two-thirds of their sentence, those not involved in killing or seriously injuring Israelis and criminals. Preference will be given to minors, those older than 50, the ill and those who have beeo in prison for more than 10 years.

Israel has already told the Palestinians it would free 2,000 of the 5,500 prisoners in two waves - one shortly after the signing of the West Bank accord and the second on the eve of Palestinian elec-

Israel bas said it would not grant early release to the about 350 Palestinians convicted of killing Israelis.
The PLO demands that more prisoners will be freed and at a faster pace.

Members of a ministerial committee on prisoners met Wednesday to decide whether to free several Palestinian women serving prison terms for involvement in the killing Israelis. Committee members met later Wednesday with President Ezer Weizman to discuss a possible pardon for the women.

Sixteen Israeli ministers voted in favour and two abstained after five hours of debate on the accord.

"I believe the vision of a greater Israel ended today," said Housing Minister Binyamin Bel-Eliezer, referring to the hardline ideology which espouses Israeli control over the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"Now a new chapter is

opening in the life of the state of Israel," Mr. Ben-Eliezer told reporters. Environment Minister Yossi Sarid said the agreement would pave the way for Palestinian independence. "I believe that sooner or later, a

Palestinian state will he

established. I think that this

agreement only clarifies that," Mr. Sarid said. Two cabinet hawks, Energy Minister Gonen Segev and Religious Affairs Minister

Shimon Shetreet, abstained. (Continued on page 7)

Husseini: State in two years

ABU DHABI (Agencies) ---A landmark agreement to extend self-rule on the West Bank will lead to an independeot Palestinian state in two years, senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). official Faisal Husseini predicted Wednesday.

Mr. Husseini, in charge of the Jerusalem file in the autonomous Palestinian National Authority (PNA), said the state would be created after negotiations with Israel beginning next May to reach a final settlement on the West Bank and Gaza.

"A fully independent Palestinian state, with complete sovereignty over the Palestinian lands captured in 1967 will be set up in two years," he told the United Arab Emirates (UAE) daily Gulf News.

"The state will be established some time after negotiations are beld between the Palestinian National Authority and Israel in May 1996."

The Palestioian state should enjoy full sovereignty. iocluding internal security, over those lands to offset the shortcomings of the agreement signed on Sunday, Mr. Husseini, who visited the UAE on Tuesday.

He said he expected-the evacuation of all settlers from the West Bank after the Palestinian elections.

Palestinian sources said Mr. Husseini, making his second visit to the emirates year, sought financial aid. They said the UAE response was, positive but did not elaborate on the size of

the aid. Mr. Husseini also discussed arrangements for the "Jerusalem Week" to be organised by the state-run Abu Dhabi Cultural Foundation in October, the sources said. The event, which includes exhibitions and semioars on Jerusalem, is inteoded to underscore the Arab ideotity of the city, they

Israel earlier this month lauocbed its "Jerusalem 3000" festival marking 3,000 years since King David's con-quest of the Holy City, prompting Palestinian charges that it was aimed at

promoting the Jewish claim to the city. Hebroo Mayor Mustapha Natshe said Wednesday the fight would go on to expel Jewish settlers from the flashpoint town after the signing

of the autonomy accord. He was speaking to foreign journalists invited to tour the West Bank town by the Palestinian Ministry of Information to "see its Arah and Islamic character."

Mr. Natshe denounced provocations by settlers who act under the protection of the Israeli army."
"The fight will continue

until the evacuation of the last settler from Hehron and the return of the Ihrahimi Mosque to its Islamic use," the mayor said. Under the autonomy accord, the 400 Jews living in

Hebron among 120,000 Palestinians will not he evacuated and the Israeli army will maintain security around them. Residents of Hebron and

left-wing Israelis participated in the guided tour given by the ministry's director general Mutauakel Taha. But the Israeli army pre-

vented the group from entering the mosque, or visiting the old part of the town where the settlers live, leading to a verbal dispute with the soldiers.

"It is regrettable to see a few settlers impose their will on the peace process. Their presence is a time bomb." said Jamal Shobaki, a local

Libya wants U.N. camps for expelled Palestinians

PLO official in Cairo discounts Tripoli's denial of expulsion order

CAIRO (Agencies) — Lihya has asked the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to create a camp for expelled Palestinian workers on the Egyptian border, a UNHCR official said

Wednesday. Libya, bowever, denied it had given its 30,000 Palestinians 48 hours to leave the country; as the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) pleaded for an end to mass

"The Libyan authorities asked the UNHCR office in Tripoli oo Tuesday to set up a camp at Salloum, on the Libyan side of the border with Egypt, for expelled Palestinians," said Panos Moumtzis, the UNHCR head of foreign relations in Cairo.

"The UNHCR office in Cairo is in permanent contact with the Egyptian authorities who are very worried about these expulsions and don't want to see a Palestinian refugee camp on the Egyptian side of the border."

Cairo refused a U.N. proposal to provide humanitarian aid to the expelled Palestinians, Mr. Mountzis added. Libyan leader Muammar Qadbafi began throwing out Palestinians four months ago but stepped up the pace io

early September, ejecting

5,000 and urging Arah countries to follow suit to show up what he sees as the failure of the actocomy accords to create a Palestinian homeland.

The PLO leadership in Tunis urged Arab heads of state to put pressure on Colonel Qadhafi to halt his campaign after hearing of 1,500 oew expulsions Tuesday which shattered a week-long

The PLO's Executive Committee, meeting to ratify an autonomy accord with Israel, asked leaders including Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali of Tunisia and Hosni Mobarak of Egypt to "try mediation to resolve this affair," said committee member Yasser Abed Rabbo.

'So far the PLO has received no sign of abatement or positive response from the Libyan authorities," be said

late Tuesday.
PLO chief Yasser Arafat
also appealed to Col. Qadhafi to halt the expulsions. Most of the expelled Palestinians have travelled to the self-rule Gaza Strip or Jordan but many are still stuck at borders lacking the

right eotry papers. However, 25 Palestinians who left the border post of Salloum on Sunday managed

15 set off for the Red Sea port of Nuweibeh to try to reach the Palestinian territories through Jordan, the UNHCR said,

Another 17 crossed the Kiog Husseio Bridge between Jordan and the West Bank on Wednesday beaded The official Libyan news

ageocy JANA, quotiog a jusice ministry source, denied Tuesday that Col. Qadhafi bad given Palestiniaos 48 hours to pack their bags, but gave no further details.

But Mobammad Sobeib. the PLO's representative to the Arab League, said Tripoli "is determined to press ahead with the expulsions" despite its denial.

"We have begun cootacts with several Arab countries to ask them to intervene with Qadhafi," Mr. Sobeib said. A Libyan border official said earlier Tuesday his country bad ordered all 30,000 Palestinians in the country out of their homes into makeshift camps within 24 bours to prepare for their

expulsion. The official told news agencies the Palestinians would be taken to camps and then ferried in batches to.

(Continued on page, 7)

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, on Wednesday addresses a gathering of university presidents and officials as well as newspaper editors at a lunch he hosted at the Royal Court (Photos by Boghos) Universities should cater to needs of modern age - Regent

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regeot, on Wednesday urged Jordanian universities to conduct constant revisions of the edocational process with a view to ensuring progressive de-

velopment. "We are in need of further and more organised scientific efforts to achieve for our universities further opportunities to develop their systems and programmes to cater to the needs and the requirements of the spirit of the modern age," said the Regeot at a lunch he bosted at the Royal Court for presidents of state universities,

former presidents and deans. Universities can achieve that goal by deepening and promoting serious academie research work which can en-

By Ayman Al Safadi

strong bilateral relationship.

gion... anybody who's com-

mitted to peace in this region,

I think, understands the terr-

ibly important and fun-

damental role Jordan can,

and, I firmly believe, will

continue to play in that pro-

subject in the period directly before and after the acceptance since discussion of such a hot subject at the time does not lead to solutions to the

"is a national academic committee grouping the universities to conduct a serious study of this issue at the national

a fair system governing the process of acceptance, taking into consideration the tawjihi results and the result of admissioo tests.

community, said the Regent.

sities to avoid discussing this

Egan: U.-S.-Jordan relations

are 'dynamic and productive'

pective of investments in "What we need," he added

He said the universities should continue to give special attention to students from less fortunate areas. But he urged the universities to work oot a more efficient and

Universities should also study prospects for benefiting from next month's economic conference and creating a proper mechanism enabling them to interact with the

The Regent underlined the need for deepening national dialogue about the universities with a view to finding a

He stressed that university programmes should cater to the needs of the country's requirements and aspira-

tions, focusing attention on such topics as land and natural resources. Jordan should not remain reliant on foreign sources of information, he In this respect Jordan should Arabise computer

realistic approach to bandling

university issues from a pers-

programmes and universities should take the lead in this affair, the Regent said. Referring to university fi-nances, Prince Hassan said

that it was better for the universities to return to their original status as independent units each shouldering its responsibilities in selfmanagement relying on the state only when it is extremely oecessary.

He called on the universities to conduct an evaluation of their programmes through

(Continued from page 7)

171 Libyan-expelled Palestinians enter homeland through Jordan sure for the universities their respective independence and guarantee the execution of their programmes, he said. On the question of accept-By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter ance at the state universities, the Regent urged the univer-

AMMAN — One hundred and seventy-one Palestinians expelled from Libya crossed over to the West Bank across the King Hussein Bridge on Wednesday after Israel accepted their residency papers for the occupied territories, officials said. The group had arrived at

Aqaba two days ago after spending more than two weeks in the desolate desert border between Lihya and Egypt until Israel said it would accept all those who had their documents in order and Egypt allowed them to cross its territory to the Red Sea port of Nuweibeh.

From Nuweibeh, they were ferried across to Aqaha, and Jordanian officials processed their papers at Aqaba and arranged their transport to the hridge. The two-day delay in transporting them was attributed to the closure of the bridge because of the Jewish new year holiday. The Jordan News Agency,

Petra, quoted Interior Minister Salameh Hammad as saying that the group carried permits from Israel allowing them to return to thier home-He said that the Palestinian

returnees spent two days in

Jordan after their arrival

from Libya via Egypt during

which arrangements were made for facilitating their re-

nians earlier this month as a deplorable and totally unjus-

(Cootinned on page 7).



Wesley Egan

economic and military assistance due to internal U.S. conditions and budgetary constraints.

cess," Mr. Egan told the Jor-On military aid to Jordan, dan Times in an interview the U.S. envoy would not confirm reports that the However, this close rela-Kingdom had requested \$10 billion worth of military tionship does oot mean the U.S. will be able to meet all assistance over a period of 10 Jordan's needs in terms of years, but said that gaps do

exist between what Jordan had asked for and what the U.S. could provide. 'I'm not presuming to challenge Jordan's analysis of Jordan's own circumstances

in the region and I have no reason to question the way in which that analysis has been done or what it suggests in terms of the structure of the armed forces," said Mr.

But, he said, budgetary constraints in the U.S. are getting tighter and tighter and the U.S. assistance levels worldwide are the lowest they have been for years." Mr. Egan noted the strong

cooperation that exist between the Jordanian and U.S. armed forces in terms of joint exercises and training, describing this cooperation as one of the most productive.

"I would describe the relatioo as one between two military establishments that

(Continued on page 7)

(Continued on page 7)



A Palestinian girl is having breakfast at the King Hussein Bridge prior to crossing over to the West Bank en route to Gaza along with 170 others on Wednesday (Photo by Yousef Allan)

Jordan assailed Libya's decision to expel the Palesti2 Home & Midaie Last Mews

signing as occasion to consolidate efforts

Washington (USIA) — White House Press Secretary Michael McCurry said Tuesday President Bill Clinton sees Thursday's signing of the interim West Bank accord between Israel and the Palestinians as a celebration of what bas been achieved but also as an occasion "to nurture the peace process broadly throughout the region, to help Israel achieve the goal of peace with her Arah neighhours, and to make sure there is support sufficient to make these agreements reached between the parties long-lasting."

He said Mr. Clinton hopes for the time when, lonking back, these types of agreements "hecome almost routine. That would be a very hopeful thing for this re-

Asked if the United States will provide additional financial aid, and if so, how much, Mr. McCurry responded: "There are commitments that now have been made by the international community going hack to the donors' conference in October of 1993. Part of the work we're doing is to make good on those pledges." He said some donors have been asking for "certain understandings" be-fore fulfilling the pledges. "What we're attempting to

do," he explained, "is to try to encourage those in the donor community to come forward with the amounts they have pledged and also to assess what additional amounts are going to be necessary to build an economic infrastructure in the terri-

At the State Department, the acting spokesman John Dinger confirmed the Secretary of State Warren Christopher will host a ministerial meeting of the ad boc liaison committee on Thursday in conjunction with the signing

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of the Israeli-Palestinian peace accord earlier in the day at the White House.

"That committee brings together leading members of the international community which provide economic assistance to the Palestinians in support of agreements between the Israelis and Palestinians," Mr. Dinger explained. "We also anticipate that the secretary will host a trilateral ministerial meeting involving the Israelis and Palestinians on Friday, Sept. 29," he said.

"In addition, the secretary. will hold a previously sche-duled meeting with Gulf Cooperation Council foreign ministers in Washington instead of New York where it was originally scheduled," the acting spokesman said. "And we anticipate that the secretary will hold a series of

bilateral meetings with heads of state and government and foreign ministers whom we expect to gather here for the signing ceremony," he

Mr. Dinger was not able to provide any details about the foreign leaders who may attend the White House signing ceremony. "It is truly a work in progress and of course it is primarily a work in progress at the White House," he said.

"We hope that this agreement would have a regional

ment would have a regional impact, including on the Syrian-Israeli negotiating track," one senior U.S. official told reporters later. "It is a benchmark that has been achieved," he said.

Israel-Syria track

Responding to questions, the acting spokesman said the United States would like to see peace negotiations between Israel and Syria move forward appropriately. "There's certainly a desire to make sure that track also

moves forward," Mr. Dinger said. "It clearly has not been moving forward quickly at the present time. We've in no forgotten about it. We still are very hopeful. They

are dealing with tough issues. "We've seen in this current (Israeli-Palestinian) agreement how tough those issues can be and how much can be involved in trying to sort them out. We're still very eager to see progress in that

(Israeli-Syrian track) and hope it will be forthcoming."
Mr. Dinger refused to categorise Syria's delay in beginning a second round of high-level talks between military leaders of Israel and Syria as a rejection of its earlier agreement to do so or as a broken promise.

'I don't thìnk we'd characterise it as a rejection," be said. "There are very difficult issues and they're working on them; they are seriously approaching them. They have not come to conclusions, but we don't feel that they've rejected them. We don't feel that they have broken any sort of promise. They have had difficulty coming to conclusion on it and we recognise that and we hope that they will be able to make

The United States believes the Syrians are dealing with the issue "in good faith," he said. "It's a difficult issue and we would certainly like to see it reinvigorated."

The acting spokesman told questioners he had not seen wire service reports that Lihya has threatened to expel as many as 30,000 Palestinians in the wake of the newly concluded agreement hetween Israel and the Palestinian Authority.

"I saw reports a couple weeks ago about Libya expelling Palestinians," he said, adding "I haven't seen anything since then."

U.S. sees Israel-PLO | Israel-Syria agreement could be lost - Baker

NEW YORK (R) — With Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) set to sign another peace accord this week, former Secretary of State James Baker warns an even more far-reaching pact with Syria will be lost without more assertive U.S. leadership.

"I think there is a deal to be made (between Syria and Israel)... but I don't think it will happen without some overall assertive diplomacy on the part of the United States in the form of presenting options, in trying to break some of the deadlocks involving the security question." he told Reuters in an interview

Mr. Baker, who launched the first direct negotiations between Israel and its Arah adversaries with the Madrid peace conference in 1991, is speaking out more publicly these days as he promotes his new book, "The Politics of Diplomacy.

Although he spent 12 years in Washington in such senior jobs as White House chief of staff and treasury secretary. the nearly 700-page tome published this week focuses on his 43 months in 1989-1992 as secretary of state.

It was a revolutionary time when communism collapsed. the cold war ended and "the world as I knew it throughout my whole adult life changed dramatically," he said. Evolving from the Madrid

conference, which capitalised on political shifts caused by

the 1991 Gulf war, Israel and the PLO this week reached an accord expanding Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank. It will be signed at the White House on Thursday.

But an Israel-Syria deal, which Secretary of State Warren Christopher has made his personal crusade and has pressed to conclude by year's end, remaining stalemated.

"I don't think there's a whole lot of time left... I don't think a deal is going to happen... the United States has not been aggressive enough," Mr. Baker told Reuters. He said the Clinton administration was able to produce some movement when it got Israeli and Syrian military chiefs to sit down for security talks several months ago, hut more needs to be

"Nobody else can act as a catalyst the way we can. Sometimes you have to take positions that are not particularly popular. That's the only way you make progress for

Mr. Baker voiced concern that if Israel and Syria are unable to reach agreement centring on return of the Golan Heights that Israel seized in the 1967 war, accords between Israel and the PLO and Israel and Jor-"will become unravel-

He did not mention Mr. Christopher by name. nor

NEWS IN BRIEF

Yemen rescues kidnapped American, Yemeni

SANAA (R) - Yemeni authorities have rescued an American and a Yemeni who had been kidnapped over a business dispute, the official SABA news agency said on Wednesday. The two kidnappers were arrested in the southern Hadramout region and brought to Sanaa-to stand southern Hadramout region and brought to Sanaa to stand trial, it said. The agency did not identify the two kidnap victims, or say when the rescue took place. Interior Ministry officials said the release was over the last two days, but would not give any further details. U.S. embassy officials were not available to comment. The news agency quoted a security official as saying authorities "rescued one American citizen and a Yemeni citizen and released them at once. The authorities escorted the kidnappers to Sanaa to stand trial." It said the kidnapping was over a dispute between the company for which the American works and the kidnappers. It did not name the company or say what the dispute was about.

Li Peng to visit Morocco in October

RABAT (R) — Chinese Premier Li Peng will visit Morocco on Oct. 3 for a three-day official visit during which a number of economic and commercial agreements are expected to be concluded, diplomatic sources said on Tuesday. China recently said it wanted to expand its investments in Moroccan infrastructure projects and increase trade hetween the two countries. Senior Chinese trade official Xu Dayou visited Morocco this month and said China was interested in road-huilding, ports and housing projects. Beijing is planning to stage a large trade exhibition in Casablanca in June 1996, he said. Total trade between the two countries was valued at \$170 million in 1994, with the balance in China's favour. It exported goods worth \$155 million against Moroccan imports of \$15 million, mostly phosphate hy-products and fertilisers. The Moroccan Foreign Ministry declined to give details about

Israel to open hi-tech park in China

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israel has agreed to open a hi-lech TEL AVIV (AFP) — Israel has agreed to open a hi-lech park near Beijing as economic ties boom. Trade Minister Micha Harish said Wednesday during a visit hy his Chinese counterpart Wu Yi. He could give no figures for the scale of investment saying it was still at the planning stage. "We have accepted to have it in Tinjin." an industrial development are about one hour from Beijing, Mr. Harish said. Ms. Wu told a press conference on the first day of a week in Israel. "This is a new development as part of the reform and Israel, "this is a new development as part of the reform and opening up of China." She pointed to two successful parks run hy Japan and Singapore in China and said it was hoped to attract medium and small-sized Israeli husinesses. Ms. Wu, who was to meet Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin later Wednesday, pointed to what she called a considerable gap in the potential and actual trade between the Jewish state and China and said such projects would help fill it. "My mission here is to explore ways to expand and develop trade ties between China and Israel," said Ms. Wu, who heads a 36-strong delegation including leaders of industrial

Turkish quake injures 6, damages building

ANKARA (R) - A moderate earthquake measuring 4.6 on the Richter scale shock western Turkey on Tuesday, lightly injuring six people and damaging buildings, police said. The quake caused one building partly to collapse and shook the roof off the police headquarters at Dinar in Afyon province, a police spokesman in the town said. "Most of the buildings in the area are damaged. There's a commotion, with people out in the streets trying to help each other," he told Reuters by telephone. The police building's roof landed on cars parked in the street below, he said The epicentre of the tremor, which struck at ahout 5 p.m. (1500 GMT), was in the nearby southwestern also felt in the provinces of Denizli and Burdur, it said. Earthquakes of between four and five on the Richter scale are powerful enough to cause heavy damage in populated

Russia: No new Iran nuclear deal Two officials of Russia's atomic energy ministry said

TEHRAN (AFP) — The Russian amhassador to Iran has denied his country had signed a contract to sell two new nuclear reactors to the Islamic republic, a newspaper said Wednesday.

"For the time being, there

is no question of selling two new atomic reactors to Iran," Sergei Tretyakov said in an interview with Ahrar daily.

earlier this month that their country had signed a contract to build a new nuclear power plant with two 440 megawatt reactors next to another station currently under construction in the Gulf port of

Busbehr in southern Iran. Speaking to AFP, Mr. Tretyakov said however the

4 Cylinder Engine Injection .

Safety Cage Construction .

2 Years Warranty Or 50,000 Km.

Availability Of All Spare Parts .

Four Wheel ABS.

Dual Air Bags .

plant the officials were referring to was part of an "old project which has heen frozen since 1993."

East negotiator. Dennis

Ross, who was part of Mr.

Mr. Baker's book, which

draws heavily on confidential

state department memos of

actual conversations, con-

tains many revealing and tan-

talising insights about the

Middle East and other

aspects of high-stakes inter-

He writes about how for-mer Israeli Prime Minister

Yitzhak Shamir once used

British financier Robert Max-

well to carry a back-channel message to Mr. Baker, and

about how Mr. Baker erupted in anger at Syrian

and Palestinian roadhlocks to

peace, pounding the table at

the Syrian foreign minister

and stomping out of talks

Mr. Baker also describes

the origins of a controversial

incident in 1990 when, tes-

tifying before Congress, he

vented frustration over

Israel's refusal to show flex-

ibility on peace efforts. He publicly told Israel, "when

you're serious about peace, call us," and gave the White House telephone number.

Mr. Baker said the idea

came from Thomas Fried-

man, the Pulitzer prize-

winning New York Times columnist and Middle East expert. "I occasionally asked

Friedman to share his

thoughts with me on an off-

the-record hasis." the book

with Palestinians.

Baker's inner circle.

national diplomacy.

"Without any doubt, there must be a confusion" on the part of the Russian nuclear officials, he said. The amhassador said Iran

had asked Russia, at the start their nuclear cooperation in 1992, to study the construction of a "totally new station with two VER-440 megawatt reactors near the site" on which Germany had started to huild an .. atomic plant before the 1979 revolu-

But in mid-1993, the Ira-

nians "changed their minds" and asked Moscow to study the possibility of completing the first Bushehr plant, left unfinished by Germany after the revolution, he added. The plant is to be equipped with a 1,000-megawatt reac-"This is the project we

have now at hand and it is going to be completed in four or five years," Mr. Tretyakov said adding that the initial program had been freezed for financial reasons. "The (old) project still

stands hut there have been no recent negotiations on the subject," he said. "It could be undertaken one day, but not before the completion of the other plant."

Technical studies, underway by some 150 Russian experts on the plant left unfinished by Germany, is to be completed in the coming

Construction work could begin hy the end of the year if the "results of the studies are positive," the ambassador

The announcement of a plan to sell two new reactors to Iran provoked further criticism from the United States, which has unsuccessfully pressured Moscow to end its nuclear cooperation with Iran.

The Maaye and Broadhurst families announce the passing away on Tuesday September 26, 1995, of

Adnan Nicola Maaye

loving husband of Anna Maaye and father of Noura, Khaled and Khalil.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow, Friday 29, at the Greek Orthodox Church in Madaba, at 2 p.m.

Condolences will be received on Saturday and Sunday at Farah Maaye's house, 32 Ai-Mawla Mohamad Street, off Ibrahim Kattan Street, south of Um Al Summag.

Tal: 814179 or 669913 Post Box: 961194 Cable: Contra, Amman

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773/11-19

PROGRAMME TWO
13:00 Iris — The Happy Professor
13:1S Fireman Sam
13:13 Piteman Sam
13:45 My Secret Identity
14:15 NaA
15:15 Take Your Pick
15:45 Dead Men's Tales
16:15 I Wilness Video
17:00 French programmes
19:00 News in French
19:30 News Headlines
19:35 National Geographic
20:30 The Album Show
21:15 Murder She Wrote
22:00 News in English
22:25
Feature film: "I Want Him Back"
23:50 Drama — The Thorm Birds

PRAYER TIMES

65:05	Faj
06:23	(Sunrise) Duh
12:26	Dhuh
IS:51	'As
18:30	Maghre
19:47	'lsh

... Perfect Stranger

CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tcl. 637440. De la Salle Church Tcl. 661757 Terrasancta Church Tcl: 622366 Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. Armeni 771331. ian Catholic Church Tel.

Min./Max. temp

Armenian Orthodox Churck Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751 Amman International Church Tel Amman 652526. K2432X.

German-speaking Evangelical Con-gregation Tel: 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tcl.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in ... Tel. 811295

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

Moderate weather conditions are expected to prevail on Thursday temperatures rising slightly winds northerly moderate. Temperatures are expected to rise further on Friday becoming 2-3 degrees centigrade above average with winds easterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Automotive & Spare Parts Technical Trading Co. Lite

n Prince Mohemened St. Tel. 636180 Feb 53676 P.O.Box 182 Assesso 11318 Jordán

Aqaba 24/38 Deserts 15 / 34	Khalilch pharmacy 98541
Jordan Valley 23 / 37	EMERGENCIES
Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30 Aqaba 35. Humidity readings: Amman 27 per cent. Aqaba 27 per cent.	Food Control Centre
USEFUL	Rescue Police 192, 621111, 63777 Fire Brigade 61710
TELEPHONE NUMBERS	8lood Bank
NIGHT DUTY	Public Security Department 63032 Hotel Complaints 60580
AMMAN: Dr. Bassam Karadsheh 759200 Dr. Munther Al Khatih 753078	Price Complaints
Dr. Fakher Bilbeisi	Amman Municipality Complaints
Ferdows pharmacy 778336 Al Asema pharmacy 637055	Overseas Calls
Nairoukh pharmacy	Repairs
Sheed-and about 1974.	JOIGAN 1 CICVISION

ZARQA: Dr. Tarcq Hijjawi Khalileh pharmacu

. 637660 Water Authority 680100 815615 Electric Power Dr. Ali Al Dmari 272032 Al Ouds pharmacy (—)

Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200 HOSPITALS AMMAN:

AMMAR: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Ann. 647441/2 Jahal Amman Maternity 64236 Malhas, J. Amman 63614 . 636140 University Hospital 845845 Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9 The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37 664164/6 773111.2 Amal Hospital .. 607155 The Arab Centre for Hean and Special Surgery865199 Zarqa Govt. Hospital · (09)983323 Zarga National Hospital (09)900560 Ihn Sina Hospital Al Hikma Modern Hospital (09)990990

Princess Basma Hospital

Greek Catholic Hospital .

Ibn Al Nafees Hospital .

Princess Haya Hospital

. (02)275555

(02)272275 .. (02)247100

. (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 04:25 Singapore, Kuala Lumpu Aden (R1) Dhahran (RJ) Sanaa (RJ) New Delhi (RJ) Riyadh (RJ .. Colombo (RJ) New York. Amsterdam (RJ) London (RJ) . Bangkok. Calcuna (RI) .. Casablanca, Tunis (RI) Athens (RJ) Ahu Dhahi. Al'Ain (RJ)Rome (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) ... Abu Dhabi, Doha (GF

Cairo IMS Beirut IME)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) **Flights** (Terminal 1)

South Control (K1)
11:25 Abu Dhabi, Al 'Ain [R]
12:15 Toronto, Montreal [RJ]
17-15
12:15 Rome (RJ)
12:30 Amsterdam, Chicago (RJ)
13:10 Paris (RJ)
13-16 Falls (K)
13:10
Alhens I D I 1
13:25 London RJ)
29-35
29-35 Larnaca (RJ)
41747 Hahrain Dob. (D1)
Attito Abu Dhahi Duhai / Dri
27:30 Kumin Lumana Dunial (KJ)
22:38 Kuala Lumpur, Jakarta (RJ)
43:00 Duba! / D /s
04:00Jeddah (RJ)
(KJ)
Other Flights (Terminal 2)

	ghts (Terminal 2)
88:4 5	Beirut (ME
14150	Damascus, Doha (Q7
14:30	
16-50	nabi, Al 'Ain, Muscal (Gl
2t:25	Cairo MS
22:00 ,.	Dubai i FK
02:35	Amsterdam (K.

HUAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

Arr. Damascus 5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Damascus 7:30 a.m. every Sunday Arr. Ammaa 5:00 p.m. every Sunday

MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

Apple	600/ 400
Banana	681
Banana (Mukammar) . Cabhage	620
Cabhage	170 / 120
Carrol	420/320
Cauliflower	300/180
Cucumbers (lare 's	180 / 170
Cucumbers (larg_) Cucumbers (smull]	300 / 300
Eggpian1	250/ I50
Figs	350/750
Garlic	200/900
Grapes	7/4/250
Guava	//W.J.V
Lemon	VUCINI)
Lemon	2705200
Marrow (large)	200/ 120
Marrow (smail)	. 380 / 220
Mulukhia ,	. 170 / 120
Okra	850 / 700
Onion (dry)	22(1/180
Orange	500/400
repper (hot)	. 230 / 180
Pepper (sweet)	<u> 220 / LSD</u>
Pomegranate	340/250
Polato	2347/200
Spinach	300/200

ring Beans 750 / 600

IR 28- 29, 1995

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MAY TRAIN

Royal Highness Princess Rahma Biot Al Hassan. president of the Youth Building the Future Club. will on Oct. 7 patronise a workshop on "Preparing youth to become a valuable resource for the borneland and the nation." The worksbop will tackle

nine working papers dealing with issues of concern m young adults and fami-

These cover such topics as population activities and their relation to sustainable development, Islam and family planning, the needs of young people, youth and the problem of drugs, communication skills and the role of participants in diseminating information.

ene workshop aims at recruiting and training 30 young leaders by educating them in matters that would enable them to become well-equipped with knowledge for protecting themselves and their colleagues in their respective regions. At the end of the workshop there will be an appraisal of its topics before passing recommen-dations benefiting young

On Tuesday the Princess visited Al Hassan Youth City in Irbid and met with

people in Jordan.



Minister of Youth Awad Khleifat and Irbid Governor Eid Qatarneh and other officials to look into sports activities in the northern governorate. The Princess expressed appreciation of the Ministry of Youth's efforts to promote the youth movement in sports activities in the Kingdom.

A news brief published in the Jordan Times yesterday incorrectly reported the agenda and date of the youth workshop. above item is intended to

In carrying a report on the Irbid visit in its issue yesterday, the Jordan Times inadveriently accompanied it with a photograph of another event, that of Her Roval Highness Princess Rania Al Abdullah opening a Spanish photography exhibition entitled "Islam in Spain." The Jordan Times apologises for the error and for any inconvenience it may have caused Their Royal Highnesses and our

Medical association warns against participation in MENA

By Beatrix Immenkamp Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A medical committee appointed by the government to represent the Jordanian medical community at the forthcoming Middle East and North African Economic Summit (MENA) has been informed by the Jordanian Medical Association (JMA) that its participation in the summit would violate the association's decision to boycott normalisation with

"The General Assembly of the Jordanian Medical Association has voted ainst normalisation with Israel and against profescontacts with Participation in conferences by members of the association should be in line with that decision. We

ARABIAN HORSE SHOW

On Thursday - Middle East champi-

onsips beginning at 10:00 a.m. 10:30 includ-

ing non-registered Arabians-ring 1, Senior

non-registered Arabians-ring1, junior

females & males, senior males & females,

Gymkhana-ring 2, supreme female & male-

ring 1, junior liberty and senior liberty

On Friday — Desert Castles Endurance

"JANCO-ARAB FILM FESTIVAL

French-Algerian film "Bab El Oud

City"and French-Moroccan film "The

Beach of the Lost Children" at Concord

CONCERTS

*Concert by "The Pusan Municipal Music

Orchestra" -Korean traditional dance and

music at Al-Hassan Ben Talal Auditorium,

Musical Performance by Iraqi artist Dana

Band at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture

FILM

can Centre on Thursday at 5.00pm.

The Bonfire of the Vanities" at the Ameri-

SWISS CULTURAL WEEK

Exhibitions

Two photography exhibitions: "Swiss

photographers since 1840 until today,"

and "Face to Face with Switzerland," at

PLAY "The Great Death" (in Arabic) at the

Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Arts,

Gardens Street at 8.00pm.

the RCC

and Art on Friday at 7.00pm.

University of Jordan on Thursday at

championships-ring1.

Cinema at 8.30p.m.

have therefore instructed the 11-member committee to abide by the rules of the association and not to attend the MENA conference." Dr. Basim Dajani, president of the JMA, told the Jordan Times.

He stressed that the committee was not appointed hy the JMA and that the JMA was not consulted onits formation. The JMA has nothing to do with the committee", he

According to Dr. Sa'eb Hammoudi, member of the medical committee, the government formed the committee to ensure that Jordan's high-quality medical services are advertised

at the MENA conference. "Jordan can offer medical services of a very good quality, which should be advertised on a regional basis," Dr. Hammoudi said, adding that "many of our patients come from surrounding countries".

The 11 members of the medical committee are prominent Jordanian doctors. As practising physicians, all of them have to be members of the JMA. Asked how the committee

was reacting to the JMA's objection to the MENA conference, Dr. Hammondi replied that the medical committee had sent a letter. to the IMA, informing it that the committee had been formed.

They received a reply from the JMA stating tha participation in the MENA conference constitutes a form of normalisation and is therefore contrary to the rules and regulations of the Medical Association.

DARAT AL FUNUN ACTIVITIES

Musical Performance *Folkloric music and dance on Thursday at 7.00pm.

Exhibitions

* Graphic work by several artists and students in the South Gallery.

* Photography of Iordan, Elements in Harmony' by HalaHilmi Hodeib at the Blue House. * Painted stone and steel, 'Embargo Art'

by Iraqi artist Nuha Al Radi at the Garden of the Blue House. * 'Early Morning Scribbles' hy Lebanese artist Amin Al Bacha and Jordanian artist

Rajwa Bint Ali and 'Late Night Scribbles' hy Amin Al Bacha and Jordanian artist Ali Open Air Sculpture workshop.

* Ceramic shop at the Lower Garden. * Works by contemporary Arab artists at

the Central Gallery

FAIRS *Fair at Amman Baccalaureate School on Friday from 10.00 am until 6.00pm at the school campus.

* Display of Algerian products at Amman International Exhibit at Marj Al Hamam (11:00 a.m. -8:00 p.m.)

EXHIBITIONS

*Photography exhibition "Islam in Spain" at Instituto Cervantes, Jahal Amman, at

 "Beneath the Waves," photographs on Aqaba underwater life hy Julia Reinholt at The Gallery, Hotel InterContinental. Jordanian-Syrian-Turkish products at

King Abdullah Gardens, Al Bassam Hall. * Abstract artworks by Abdullah Tamimi entitled, "Colours of Peace," at the Royal Cultural Centre.

* Works hy Hani Khaza'leh at the Goethe Institut, Jabal Amman.

Princess Rahma to review youth issues | Workshop seeks to design focused national tourism strategy

AMMAN (J.T.) — The big challenge facing the government and the private sector is to develop a national tourism strategy in order to have a clear vision of where this sector should be in the next five to 10 years, Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Abdul Ilah Khatib said Wednesday.

The Minister was addressing the opening session of a workshop on strategies to promote tourism investment opportunities in the Kingdom.

The workshop will also look at tourist projects by the private sector to be submitted to the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) conference bere next

Prior to his address at the workshop, Mr. Khatib met with a steering committee on tourism working with a Japanese team of experts to prepare a national strategy on tourism for Jordan.

The minister urged the team and the committee to finalise the strategy as soon as possible and pledged that the ministry will be committed to its implementa-

Ministry of Tourism sources said that the strategy is expected to be finalised early next year.

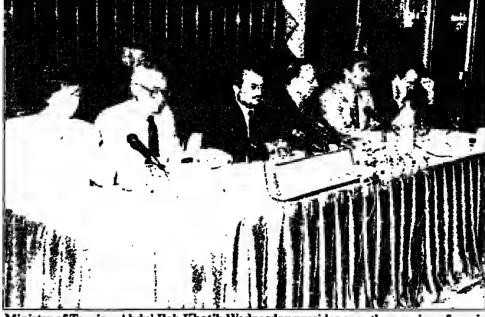
"With peace enhanced and prevailing in the region, the main obstacle depriving Jordan from realising the full potential of her archaeological and natremoved," Mr. Khafib said in his workshop address.

"It is widely believed that tourism in Jordan will continue to experience sustained and steady growth in a manner that reflects primarily the heritage wealth that our country is endowed with," he said.

The minister also said that in line with the strategy to be developed with the assistance of the Japanese government, the government here has activated the Council Higher Tourism.

Established in 1988, the council should take "an active role in setting tourism policies and in ending overlaps and fragmentation in the tourism sector which bave constituted serious obstacles to developing tourism," Mr. Khatib

The minister added that future efforts should concentrate on updating exist-



Minister of Tourism Abdul Ilah Khatib Wednesday presides over the opening of a private sector workhop to develop a strategy to promote tourism investment opportunities (Petra photo)

ing laws and regulations, as well as introducing new laws, especially in relation to the protection and management of natural and archaeological sites.

"The government fully realises and appreciates the importance of the role of

the private sector in developing tourism, which is why we believe that the role of the government should be limited...to ensure that

this sector produces the maximum benefits to the country and its economy and that negative impacts are avoided or at least minimised," Mr. Khatih said.

The workshop, which continues today, is attended by specialists from foreign countries, and representatives of the tourism sector

Higher council rules bid to impeach minister unconstitutional

Higher Council for the Interpretation of the Constitution Tuesday ruled that the Islamic Action Front (IAF) party's bid to have parliament cast a vote of no-confidence on a cabinet member during the extraordinary session of the cham-

The Speaker of the Lower -House of Parliament, Sa'ad Hayel Srour, last week requested that the council rule on the issue following

was unconstitutional.

ber that ended last week

AMMAN (J.T.) — The IAF deputies' demand that parliament cast a vote of no-confidence on Justice Minister Hisham Tell.

The deputies had made the bid because they were not satisfied with the way Mr. Tell handled the case of the 23 senior judges who earlier in the month submitted their resignations in protest over their working conditions.

Mr. Tell had attributed the judges' action as being politically motivated. A total of 48 out of 71

deputies present at the session, just before the House went into recess on Sept. 18, supported the 16-member IAF bloc's request.

In a statement Tuesday the higher council ruled that parliament cannot cast a vote of no-confidence on a cabinet minister during an extraordinary session hecause extraordinary sessions are convened through. a Royal Decree which also lists the topics to be disrejected a bid by parliamentarians to force Interior Minister Salameh Hammad to reply to queries about the circumstances surrounding the death of Mahmoud Khalifeh Awamleh and the wounding of his brother

Bashar in a shoot-out with

The Higher Council also

The_House had referred the matter to the higher council which ruled that cussed during such sesbecause this issue was not originally listed in the

police last June.

agenda of the extraordinary session, parliament would not be able to demand replies from the minister.

The House referred the matter to the higher council on a request made by deputies Bassam Emoush, Toujan Faisal and Mobammad Oweidah.

The council is chaired by Senate Speaker Ahmad Lawzi and comprises three senators and five judges. Its rulings require a majority of six votes.

BBC publicity bus starts Jordan tour

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A red doubledecker bus, of the kind usnally spotted in London, Wednesday rolled through the streets of Amman on a publicity tour for the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC).

The BBC publicity tour bas is on a trip to interview Jordanians and listen to their suggestions concerning programmes of the corporation.

"We are coming to Jordan to reinforce our contact with listeners here in Jordan and in the Arab world," Gamon McLellan, bead of the BBC Arabic Service told a press conference

Wednesday. The BBC's daily 12-bour broadcast usually focuses on political news, but "we are shifting now towards a new andience," he said.

"We are trying to cover non-political news and to attract women and young adults to listen to our programmes which we hope will force us to expand our services," Mr. McLellan told reporters.

According to Mr. McLellan, a recent survey con-ducted by the BBC indicated that 25 per cent of Jordanian adults listen to BBC programmes.

In the Arab World, Mr. McLellan said, there are 12 million listeners. The bus will be touring Jordan until Oct. 4, meeting BBC

listeners in Zarka, Irbid and

across the country. Mr. McLellan announced that the BBC has launched a joint broadcasi with Radio Jordan, a programme co-presented by Radio Jordan in Amman and the BBC Arabic service in London.

The programme was broadcast simultaneously on Radio Jordan and around the Arab World on the BBC Arabic Service Wednesday.



GROZNY. Russia (AP) — Russia's government will speed up funding for postwar restoration in the breakrepublic Chechenya, a high-ranking

official said Tuesday.

Economy

Oleg Lobov, President Boris Yeltsin's representative in Chechenya, told the Interfax News agency that the government this month will spend 300 billion rubles (\$66.7 million) on compensation to residents of Chechenya.

He said that was coming into line with decrees hy President Boris Yeltsin, which the government has been slow to implement.

Billions more will be spent on restoration. Mr. Lobov said, and about 10 billion ruhles (\$2.2 million) has been earmarked for buying weapons from residents under a disarmament plan agreed to hy both sides.

Mr. Lobov, who narrowly escaped death when his car ambushed Chechenya last week, arrived back in Grozny Tuesday after a brief stay in Moscow to urge officials to increase funding.

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The Kremlin sent troops to the Caucasus Mountain republic in December to put down its three-year bid for independence. Grozny, the Cbecben capital, was gutted during several months of fighting, and other towns and villages also were heav-

ily damaged.

Russian troops control most of Checbenya, except for the southern mountains, but sporadic fighting breaks out every night. One Russian soldier was killed and six injured in overnight clashes, military officials said Tuesday.

Russian and Checben peace negotiators met in Grozny Tuesday to discuss implementation of the July 30 military accord, which includes the disarmament plan. Interfax reported.

Khasbulatov returns

Two years ago President Yeltsin's blasted Ruslan Khasbulatov out of the Russian parliament and threw him in prison. Today, Mr. Khasbulatov is poised to become the Kremlin's ally in the toughest place in Russia — his native Chechenya.

In October 1993, Mr. Khasbulatov was parliament speaker and one of the leaders of an insurrection against Mr. Yeltsin that ended in bloodshed and Mr. Yeltsin ordering tanks to open fire on the White House.

Bnt with the peace process in the rebel Caucasus Republic of Chechenya marking time, Mr. Yeltsin needs all the help he can get. Mr. Khasbulatov's main

say, is that he is opposed to both separatist President Dzhokhar Dudayev and, at least in the past, Mr. Yeltsin himself, making him a neu-tral figure in Chechen poli-

"Ruslan Khasbulatov has a far from negligible political potential in Chechenya," Mr. Yeltsin said earlier this month, officially bringing his sworn enemy out of the cold.

On Sunday Khasbulatov, lonking confident, almost appeared on the influential news analysis programme ltogi on the private NTV television channel.

He said he had been approached by Nationalities Minister Vyacheslav Mikhailov and Interior Minister Anatoly Kulikov and given carte blanche to his inflnence in use Chechenya.

"They told me, 'all roads are open to you. We would appreciate it greatly if you were able to get Chechenya out of its current tragic situation. No obstacles will be put in your way," Mr. Khasbulatov said.

Moscow is desperate to find an alternative power in Chechenya to Mr. Dudayev's independence fighters, who are rapidly infiltrating areas long captured hy Russian forces.

The Kremlin seems to

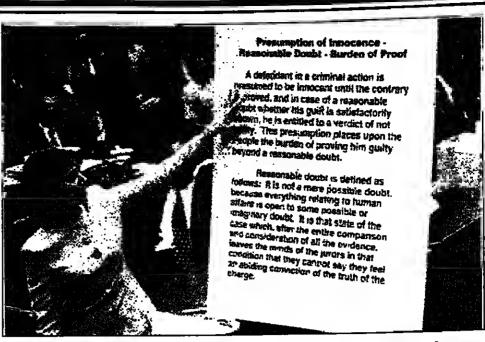
advantage, bis supporters realise that the Chechen government it created under Salambyek Khadzhiyev in the ruins of Grozny will never win acceptance, as many see it as little more than a puppet government installed by an occupying force.

just what Mr. Khashulatov can achieve in Chechenya remains unclear. He is presented as the only major figure without blood on his hands, but for Dudayev supporters, he is as bad as Mr. Khadzhiyev's group — a man who is ready to work with the Russians and who sat ont the vicious war in his central Moscow flat.

Mr. Khasbulatov joined the Moscow-backed anti-Dudayev opposition in the summer before Russian troops stormed Chechenya to topple Mr. Dudayev and restore Russian rule last December.

Mr. Khashulatov, from the village of Tolstoy Yurt north of Grozny, worked side by side with warlord and escaped convict Ruslan Labazanov, the former Grozny Mayor Belan Gantemirov and Avturkhanov.

But the coalition was inefficient and had little success when it came to pitched battles with Dudayev's forces.



Lead prosecutor Marcia Clark points to a chart as she describes to the jury the parameters the jury must fallow in reaching a verdict in the O. J. Simpson murder trial

Simpson prosecution attacks own witness

LOS ANGELES (R) — The chief prosecutor in the O.J. Simpson murder Tuesday disavowed her own police witness as a ridiculed the defence's web of conspiracy theories and described an "ocean" of evidence pointmg to Simpson's guilt.

In an impassioned closing argument to the jury exactly one year after the trial began, the prosecution used pictures of key evidence to assemble a video puzzle forming the portrait of the man they believe is the one and only killer — O.J. Simpson.

But even as deputy District Attorney Marcia Clark pieced together the prosecution's case, Judge Lance Ito fired off another volley in his long-running battle with the news media, . briefly pulling the plug on live television coverage.

The target of Judge Ito's ire was a remote-control camera that gave a forbidden closeup view of Simpson's hands while he was taking notes. TV producers went into a panic as the trial proceeded under a blackout, but after about an hour Judge Ito relented and the pool camera was

switched back on. Leading off closing arguments in a case that bas become a national obsession, Ms. Clark launched

key investigator in the case. Speaking in a soft, almost motherly tone, Ms. Clark told jurors she shared their "anger and disgust" with Mr. Furhman, who testified he had not nttered the epithet "nigger" in the past I0 years but was later contradicted by his own voice on

Mr. Fuhrman testified to finding a hloody glove on Simpson's estate the morning after the June 12, 1994, murders of the former football star's ex-wife, Nicole Brown Simpson, and her friend, Ron Goldman, outside ber luxury Brentwood townhouse.

In a strategy aimed at defusing the defence claim of a police evidence-planting conspiracy, Ms. Clark made an impassioned appeal to the mostly hlack jury. "It would be a tragedy if with such overwhelming evidence...you find the defendant not guilty in spite of all that because of the racist attitudes of one police

officer," sbe said. While 12 jurors, two alternates and millions of television viewers looked on, Ms. Clark heaped ridicule on a litany of defence theories, calling them "absorb" and

"unbelievable." The defence has suggested that the murders were they reveal a great deal carried out by Colombian about who did them. No carried out by Colombian drug dealers, that Mr. immediately into a scathing Fuhrman planted the glove drug dealers but a man who attack on former police while other officers covered was involved with the

sprinkled Simpson's blood on evidence and that investigators ignored other possible snspects.

Tuesday marked the first anniversary of the start of jury selection in the Simpson trial, which has become the most closely watched legal case in history, attracting more TV coverage than Bosnia, the presidential campaign and the Oklahoma City bombing combined.

Ms. Clark won praise for tackling the Fuhrman issue head-on, going as far as saying she wished there was "no such person on this planet." She was followed to the lectern by prosecutor Chris Darden, who was expected to conclude the prosecution's presentation Wednesday.

Simpson sat mostly stonefaced at the defence table. occasionally shaking his head at Ms. Clark's words. Jurors, who are expected to begin deliberations next week, seemed attentive, but one man appeared to doze off at one point.

Recalling the gruesome crime-scene photos of the victims' slasbed bodies, Ms. Clark said: "These are murders that are really slaughters ... and in that respect stranger, no Colombian

detective Mark Fuhrman, a up for him, that police intended victim." Angola receives billion-dollar boost

BRUSSELS (R) — Angola, struggling to recover from decades of civil war, received pledges Tuesday of almost \$1 billion of aid to ancbor a fragile peace accord.

A joint United Nations and European Union-sponsored conference, which brought together more than 400 potential donors, promised a total of \$993 million for a comprehensive across our message of rehabilitation and reconpeace... that the internationstruction programme.

But U.N. Development programme administrator James Speth said the amount could go even higher. Germany, Britain and Italy have yet to give details lion was in the form of of what they will hand over. emergency assistance and European Union Development

Commissioner Joao Deus Pinheiro hailed the joint conference as a great suc-

"This is the beginning of a long relationship which will Eduardo Dos Santos said be deepened," he told a Monday the reconstruction

press conference. Angola's Minister of Planning Jose Pedro De

Morais said the international community had responded to assurances from both his government and the UNITA opposition movement that the war which impoverished one of Africa's richest countries was over

"We have been able to put al community has nnderstood and that has enabled them to see that the peace process was given full support," he told reporters. Delegates said \$207 mil-

would go towards assisting in the demohilisation of armed forces and towards cleaning the mineral-rich countryside of lethal landmines.

Angolan President Jose

programme requested by Angola was much more than a simple aid package. It was aimed at rehabilitating and rebuilding communities shattered by the war and ancboring the new peace process.

He said he wanted to see the money channelled into infrastructure projects, not handed over in the form of direct grants.

Seated alongside his onetime implacable foe, Jonas Savimbi, he told the opening session he would never again take to the "paths of war." It was only the third time the two men had met face-to-face since agreeing a U.N.-sponsored peace

Delegates said UNITA would be involved in the distribution of the aid money, most of which would go to projects helping rebuild shattered communities, return displaced people, and find jobs for thousands of soldiers.

Colombia's Samper ends day of testimony on drug scandal

BOGOTA Colombian President Ernesto Samper, submitted Mr. Samper said. to a full day of questioning about alleged drug-related contributions to his election campaign, said Tuesday that he had answered all "the lies" tarring his yearold government.

He also vowed to see out his full term of office, which ends in Angust. 1998, despite the "dirty money" scandal that bas prompted widespread debate about his possible resignation.

"I have shown the lies, one by one, in all the accusations that have been made against me. 1 have respond-

ed, one by one, to all the tions" linking him to the falsehoods and slander,"

He spoke in a national television address from the presidential palace after providing more than nine bours of testimony - his first — about the case that has embroiled his government in crisis.

The questioning was handled by the bead of a congressional committee investigating charges Mr. Samper knew about and accepted millions of dollars in drug money to finance his June. 1994 election.

"I am at peace and satisfied," Mr. Samper said, adding that "clumsy accusadrug scandal were based on nothing but gossip, hearsay and lies.

Mr. Samper, who requested the congressional probe, has repeatedly denied any wrongdoing or ties with the Cali cartel drug lords who allegedly provided up to \$6 million to his 1994 campaign.

He bas insisted that if drug money did enter the campaign, it did so behind his back - a claim that led a small group of student demonstrators outside the presidential palace late Tuesday to hold up a sign that read, "backwards or forwards -- resign."

Female bullfighter wows crowd in Mexico

MEXICO CITY (AP): Spaniard Cristina Sancher over the weekend became the first woman bullfighter to perform in Plaza Mexico, the country's most important hull ring, wow.
ing a crowd of 40,000. She killed a bull named Caleno, earning one of its ears in recognition of an excellent fight. Sanchez said hullfighting gives her enormous satisfaction. need this in order to live

The hull, the danger, death When you enjoy bull. fighting. you become addicted to it," she told Associated Television. For centuries bullfighting has been the exclusive realm of men Women just watched and threw carnations to the trumphant fighters. But Sanchez is conqueriog the hearts and minds of Latin America's aficionados after persuading the Spanish public that bull fighting is also for women Sunday's was the first per-formance hy a female bull fighter in the world's largest bullfighting arem Sanchez's grace and skill were widely praised.

Seoul university students protest marriage ban

SEOUL (AFP) - Students of South Korea's prestigious Ewha Women'; University have launched: protest campaign, including mock weddings. w protest a century-old bar on students marrying before graduation, new reports said Wednesday. The protest, launched by Ewha's Student Council two weeks ago, aims a pushing the school to scrapping the automatic expulsion of any student who marries, the Kore Times said. The mock weddings were staged on campus Tuesday to garner public support, the Times quoted council members & saying. A student survey found that 30 per cent of the school's more than 5,000 students, all of wbom are women, though ? the ban "obsolete" and "patriarchal." arguing that it was introduced at a time when a married woman was expected to devote her wbole life to housework.

S. Koreans allowed leave on parents' birthday

SEOUL (AP) - Starting next year. South Korea's civil servants will be given bolidays on their parents' hirthdays, the Ministry of Government Administration said. The new regula-tion will allow officials to better practice filial piety it said in a report submitted to the National Assembly. Filial piety is an important aspect of confucianism Being unfilial is considered shameful and ancestor worship is widely prac-

Verdi opera score discovered in Italy

MILAN (R) - An opera score by the late Italian composer Ginseppe Verdi has been discovered heneath a heap of papers in grand-daughter's house, the Italian weekly Oggi said. Oggi said a priest and friend of great granddaughter Gais Maschi Orlandi had come across the score, titled Capriccio (Caprice), while going through a pile of old papers in Orlandi's bome.

George Burns cancels 100th birthday bash: LOS ANGELES (R)

Entertainer George Burns has cancelled his sold-out 100th birthday bash in Las Vegas, which had been scheduled early next year. Hollywood trade paper daily Variety reporter Award-winning comedian, best known for his dry wit and ever-present cigar, cited continued ill health after injuring his head when he slipped in his bathtuh last year.

14 missing as fire razes Filipino shopping mall

CAGAYAN DE ORO, Philippines (AP) — At least 14 people were missing and feared dead Wednesday after a fire razed the biggest shopping mall in this southern city, a fire official said

Among those confirmed ever in Cagayan De Oro,

missing was a nine-year old boy, who was with his mother inside the Oro Rama when fire struck at 10 a.m. (0200 GMT) Tuesday, said city fire chief Lindy

The fire was the worst

784 kilometres southeast of Manila. An estimated 200 were lost.

million pesos (\$8 million) worth of property and goods Firemen fought desperately for seven bours to no avail. The mall was com-

pletely destroyed.

Mr. Lawson said his office confirmed 14 missing persons, mostly mall employees. But a radio station placed the figure at 17. based on reports of relatives, who waited in vain through the night for the rescue missing loved ones.

Clinton rejects Dole criticism on Bosnia

President Bill Tuesday Republican complaints that he has not consulted Congress sufficiently on plans to deploy U.S. troops to Bosnia in the event of a peace accord there.

He responded to a letter Monday from Senate Republican leader Bob Dole, who said that "much to our dismay," all Congress knew about plans to deploy up to 25.000 U.S. troops was from news

Mr. Clinton told reporters he has pledged since February 1993 to support a Bosnian peace agreement with U.S. troops, that this position is well-known and that his government has consulted members of

Congress on it. The United States is the leader of NATO, no peace agreement could he fairly implemented without the involvement of NATO, and we cannot walk away from our responsibilities to try to end this terrible conflict," he said.

The prospect of sending U.S. troops to Bosnia has grown more real on the strength of an agreement on constitutional priniciples aimed at settling the 3-1/2vear-old Bosnian conflict Mr. Clinton appeared in the White House briefing room to announce the U.S.-brokered deal, reached at the major error," he said.

WASHINGTON (R) — United Nations in New Clinton York among representatives rejected of the warring factions. "If there is a peace and we

have a good implementation agreement that l believe the United States should be a part of, I will of course extensively and further consult with Congress," Mr. Clinton

His top foreign policy advisers are engaged in internal discussions on the size and shape of a force.

Sen. Dole, who bopes to unseat Mr. Clinton as president next year, said in his letter that wbatever commitments Mr. Clinton had made to NATO on sending troops "will not be fulfilled" unless Congress goes along.

On Tuesday he called the new accord vague, and said it was "a major error" to assume Congress would approve sending U.S. troops to Bosnia to enforce a peace deal. Sen. Dole also asked Senate committees to hold extensive hearings on the issue.

"The Clinton administration may he making promises it cannot or should not keep," Sen. Dole told the Senate.

"To operate under the assumption that Congress will approve ... plans to send thousands of Americans into harm's way to enforce a settlement is a

Russian ship fires on 'poachers' in Far East

MOSCOW (R) — A Russian Coast Guard ship opened fire Wednesday on an unmarked boat officials said was poaching in Russia's Far Eastern territorial waters, wounding the captain, a top military official said.

Sedykh, who commands border forces in the Pacific region, told ITAR-TASS news agency 10 unmarked boats had been detected poaching to the south of Sakhalin Island

They did not react to warning signals or to shots fired in the air. Gen. Sedykh said his ves-

sel then fired one shot at one boat, damaging the craft and wounding the captain. The boat had been detained and was being Lieutenant-General Vitaly towed to the Sakhalin port of Nevelsk. He said the wounded cap-

tain bad been flown to a military hospital by helicopter. Reinforcements had been sent to the region to detain the other nine boats.



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Humphrey returns

to his seat of power

LONDON (AP) — By day, he slept through more meetings of the British cabinet than anyone else, and by night he slunk nut of the prime minister's 10 Downing Street residence and, well, roamed around. Then it seemed it was all over, the charmed life of Humphrey, the cat who treats prime ministers with disdain and sits balefully on red carpets rolled out for dignitaries. Once His Majesty King Hussein had to wait for a policeman to remove him. Missing, presumed dead, national newspapers said Tuesday, reporting that the long-haired, black-and-white tom who lives at Downing Street hadn't been seen for three months. Within hours, Humphrey was back. Staff at a military medical college about one kilometre away recognised the picture and realised that the friendly stray they'd been feeding since he showed no three months ago was a VIP. The cabinet office issued a statement in faultless bureaucratese."Ministers and staff at Downing Street and the cahinet office are delighted to have Humphrey back and he seems very pleased to be hnme," it said. There was even a tongue-in-cheek qunte from Humphrey himself saying, "It's nice to be back and I'm looking farward to the new parliamentary session." In reality, Humphrey — named after Sir Humphrey Appleby, the manipulative civil servant in a British TV series 'Yes Prime Minister - was less co-operative. A shade overweight and showing no sign of a kidney infection he'd had just before vanishing, Humphrey refused to eat in front of photographers the fish and milk offered him by cabinet clerks. They hugged him anyway. Humphrey, aged about 7, is used to having his own way. Just a stray, he settled into Downing Street in 1989. Within weeks of joining the government pay-

roll, Humphrey got results — a score of mice, voles

and rats, deposited at the cabinet office entrance.

He's been suspected of killing baby robins in 1994,

but staff said that wasn't Humphrey. The photograph

shows Beverley Wardige, a member of the cabinet

nffice staff, with Humphrey at Downing Street (AFP

J. S. Carlotte

widely praised.

expected to devote be · life to housework S. Koreans owed leave on rents' birthday T. CAPT ... Slame year. South kom servants, will be gos avs on their parent lays the Ministred minen: Vanaga sind the new regula will affew efficies r principle tillid pen

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AN (R) An open by the law light been dermet arh a heap of papers grand-daughte e, the Irahan wedt and though and and frield of the idang liki hi Orlandi had sig os the score with s in Orland box Beorge Burns ancels 100th

acknowledged it had yet to irthday bash overcome Mr. Adams' S ANGLES ISL ramer George Blok he's not going to cooperate h buthday hishin 13 8. which had bee Juled with next was wood nade peed wood nade reported rel-winning consider known to be do we known by his in a ever-present continued in health injuring his health national standing and comhe dipped b last year

.-.- Delegations from both

discussions

issues,

sides began closed-door

morning on a loose range of

gency rice shipments to

relieve serious shortages in

the North, ecnnomic coop-

eration and the fate of a

Woosung 86 trawler cap-

However, spokesmen from

both sides made it clear that

their priorities had shown

During the talks, the North only raised the issue

of rice," the North Korean

delegation spokesman, Won

Tong-Yeon told reporters at

a brief joint press confer-

Spokesman for the South

delegation, Koo Pon-Tae,

responded that his side had

simply "insisted on the

denies crisis

in N.Ireland

peace

process

WELLINGTON (R) — A

British government minis-

Sinn Fein talk of a crisis in

Northern Ireland peace

moves and denied trying to

emasculate the Republican

movement by insisting that

Sir Patrick Mayhew, sec-

retary of state for Northern

Ireland, described Sinn

Fein leader Gerry Adams'

recent comment that the

to failure as "extremely

"It's only Mr. Adams who

talks about a crisis and he

talks about that in order to

suit his own purposes," he

Sir Patrick was speaking

to reporters after a speech

in Wellington in which he

-renewed calls on the Irish Republican Army (IRA) to

"We do not seek the

weapons as a means of

emasculating Sinn Fein or

splitting the Republican

movement. We seek it as a

means of generating the

confidence necessary for

all parties to be able to sit

around the table," he said.

Talks would not get off the

ground, added Sir Patrick,

if some of those at the table

felt others had retained the

coption of a return to vio-

Sir Patrick acknowledged

that Northern Ireland peace

moves had entered a diffi-

cult phase, 13 mnnths after

the IRA called a truce in its

25-year-old armed struggle

y end British rule in the

province.
We face...an impasse and it is therefore necessary to

see if we can find a way

Mr. Adams, whose Sinn Fein is the IRA's political

arin, has challenged Britain

to drop its insistence that

both Republican and pro-Bitish Invalist guerrillas

start giving up their weapons before all-party

talks on a lasting peace set-

Sir Patrick said Britain

ehvisaged the creation of

an advisory commission of

three to five international

experts to help launch the

process of decommission-

resistance.

PEPORters

tional respect."

weapons. But he

Geny Adams has said

with it at all, so that will

have to be changed. But 1

think the important point is

hat it should be indepen-

dent and it should be inter-

national," Sir Patrick told

Those who do help us in

this way should be of inter-

mand very wide interna-

round it," he said.

give up its weapons.

decommissioning

peace process was doomed

the IRA disarm.

unhelpful".

Wednesday rejected

Mayhew

tured by the North.

no convergence.

including emer-

Wednesday

BEIJING (AFP) — The immediate return of the first day of North-South Woosung 86" and its crew. ... Korean talks here ended in "We have no answers for any of your questions today," Mr. Koo said, deadlock Wednesday, with both sides pursuing their ... own agendas on rice aid and adding that talks would impounded South resume Thursday morning. ...an impounde Korean trawler.

According to Pyongyang, two fishermen of the Woosung 86 were shot dead and a third crew member died of disease and malnutritinn in captivity after the vessel was captured hy North Korea last May.

North, South Korea talks deadlocked

The twn sides signed an agreement here in June for Seoul to donate 150,000 tnnnes of emergency rice shipments to Pynngyang to relieve serious food shortages in the North. However, another round of

negotiations in July to discuss additional aid broke down without agreement, reportedly over the Snuth's insistence of linking any further rice deal to a package of agreements on economic cooperation and an end to the North's threats to scrap the Korean armistice Agreement.

According to South Korea's Yonhap News Ageocy, the head of the North Korean delegation Jon Gum-Chol reaffirmed before Wednesday's talks began that July and August flooding in North Korea had caused damage estimat-

ed at 15 billion. Snme 145 cities and counties — or 70 per cent of Nnrth Korea's territory were damaged by the floods, which affected 5.2 million people, Mr. Jon said, adding that 70 people had died.

Questioned as to how much grain had been lnst, Mr. Jon said the figure was being calculated, although he added that the country had lost one million tonnes of grain last year

"because of hail." Pyongyang managed to escape the floods, hnt agricultural production across the country will be adversely affected for several years, because of the silt deposited by flood waters, he said.

Andreotti vows to prove innocence at mafia trial

PALERMO, Sicily (R) - Former Italian Premier Giulio Andreotti, calling his first day in court on mafia charges a tough and humiliating experience, has vowed to prove his innocence however long it takes.

What Italians have called their country's "trial of the century" was adjourned after it opened Tuesday until October 6. when Judge Francesco Ingargiola will decide on a defence motion that the case be moved to Rome.

Public prosecutors allege among nther things that Mr. Andreotti secretly met fugitive mafia bosses, attempted to influence judges to overturn convictions of mafiosi, and even tacitly approved of several murders.

In exchange for protecting the mafia, they allege, the mob delivered Sicilian votes for Mr. Andreotti's Christian

Mr. Andreotti, who faces up to 20 years in jail if convicted, has denied the charges as an intricate mafia plot to punish him for crackdowns on crime by governments he head-

Mr. Andreotti, who was prime minister seven times and has held every key office in Italy short of the presidency, attended the npening session dressed in a crisp, dark blue double-breasted suit.

He listened intently to lawyers' arguments, took notes and confidently answered reporters' questions during recesses. This has been a tough and unjust experience but at least we're talking now," he said at the close of the first day of a trial which could last more than two years.

"Perhaps going through certain experiences can have positive effects even though this is an experience I certainly could have lived without," he said.

Mr. Andreotti said his morale was good after the first day, which he described as "a little better than a draw", though

he said he found it a bumiliating experience. Showing that the episode had not blunted his wit, Mr. Andreotti said: "My spirits are good. Certainly I would have preferred to come to Palermo for other reasons but since I have to do this I'll do it for as long as it takes," be

The devout Catholic, who was known as "Mr. Italy" for decades, sat with his lawyers. The judge's bench in front of him carried the inscription found in all Italian courtrooms: The law is the same for everyone."

The defence asked the court to switch the trial to Rome, where they want the charges beard by a special "trihunal of ministers" which judges alleged offences by current or former government members.

Mr. Andreotti's lawyers intend to call several international figures as character witnesses, including former United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

In his first decision of the case, Judge Ingargiola ruled out "O.J. Simpson-style" live television cover. He allowed radio to broadcast the proceedings hlow-by-blow and said television could show recorded footage from fixed cam-

Prosecuting magistrates, whose 100,000-page case rests heavily on evidence from leading mafia turnenats, argued that live television could have a harmful effect on witness-

Spain's top court begins to probe 'dirty war' case

MADRID (R) — Spain's bers of Spain's security Supreme Court heard a forces and hired assassins. witness testify Wednesday that Prime Minister Felipe Gnnzalez had personally anthorised a 1980s "dirty war" on Basque ETA rebels which claimed 27 lives, a lawyer said.

The questioning of Ricardo Garcia Damborenea, a disaffected former Socialist leader in the Basque country, was the court's first step since it decided to take over the case this month.

Lawyer Manuel Murillo, counsel for a former police chief also facing "dirty war" charges, quoted Mr. Damborenea as testifying that the tactics of bombings, murders and kidnaps were discussed in several meetings with Mr. Gonzalez at his Moncloa offices, in parliament and at his ruling Socialist Party's headquar-

Mr. Gonzalez's government denies any links to the campaign in which 27 people died between 1983 and 1987 at the hands nf mem-

Dubbed "Ramborenea" by some of Spain's media for the vinlence of his allegatinns, the first witness is also one of those who could inflict the most harm on the

emhattled government. Others yet to come include a former senior official in charge of military intelligence covert operations at the time, Colonel Juan Alberto Perote, whn also maintains Mr. Gonzalez and his ministers were fully aware of the anti-ETA cam-

paign.
"Even if I were to disappear from the face of the earth, the facts would still point to Felipe Gnnzalez," Mr. Gamborenea told local television early Wednesday.

Mr. Damborenea's testimony to a lower court judge earlier this year was crucial to the decisinn hy the Supreme Court to take over the case as the only tribunal empowered to try sitting members of parliament snch as Mr. Gonzalez.

Sri Lanka urged to protect civilians after 70 die

COLOMBO (R) - The Sri Lanka government and Tiger rebels came under pressure from human rights groups Wednesday to protect civilians in the northern Jaffna war zone after at least 70 people were killed in an attack last week.

The Paris-based medical charity Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF) said it has counted 70 people killed by air force bombing nf the Vadamaraichchi area nf Jaffna last Thursday and Friday.

"But it has all become quiet at the moment," an MSF official in Colombo told Rcuters.

Most of the dead in the Jaffna bombing were schoolchildren, the MSF said. "We counted 150 injured children in white school uniforms," an MSF official said.

The army Monday denied knowledge of the incident but said it regretted any bombings in which civilians may have been killed. The incident has given the Tamil Tiger rebels a propaganda advantage as they

expected army offensive. Curbs imposed by the government nn war reporting were eased Tuesday for the foreign media who were allowed to report without the censors' prior approval. But the curbs remain in place for domes-

prepare to meet a widely

tic media. Hnman rights groups, reacting to last week's deaths, have stepped up a campaign to prevent more civilian casualties in the 12-year old separatist war in which more than 50,000

people have died.
Amnesty International, leading the chorus, asked the government and Tiger rebels Tuesday to help protect some 800,000 civilians on the Jaffna peminsula, a rebel stronghold.

"At least, safeguards should be introduced to avoid deliberate and arbitrary killings of civilians and those persons who, having taken an active part in the hostilities, are no longer involved in fighting because of sickness, wounds, detention or any other cause," the Londonbased human rights group said in a statement faxed to Reuters.

The army is widely expected to launch a major offensive by next month on

"Although Amnesty International does not address the general issue of military tactics, the appeal is based on concerns for the life and safety of civilians, prisoners and the wounded in vicw of widespread human rights abuses reported in the context of previous offensives," the human rights group said.

The Tamil daily Veerakesri quoted Jaffna residents as saying people were scurrying for cover from the Vadamaraichchi area, where a school building was hit apparently in an aerial bombing.

The newspaper's Wednesday edition qunted the residents as saying families shifted from Thumpalai, Katkovalam East, Puloli East and Tikkam, in safer places in Thenmarachchi and the Tiger naval hase of Point Pedro.

"People have written to relatives in Vavuniya to mail letters to their oew addresses," the newspaper.

Human rights groups based in Jaffna were preparing for a protest march Friday to draw the government's attention to the plight of civilians.

Journalists and non-governmental groups in Jaffna were planning to write to Chandrika President Kumara-Bandaranaike tunga to protect them against a crossfire, the Veerakesri said.

Developing countries worse off than in 1990 — Ghali

UNITED NATIONS (AP) turing has stagnated nr the poorest countries have — more money must be pumped into the world's least developed countries, which are whrse nff today than they were five years ago. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali said Tuesday.

"The United Nations is not - and cannot be - the principal driving force for development within a par-ticular country," Dr. Ghali said.: "His is a responsibility that each country must assume for itself."

But he said Third World countries have suffered from "a clear lack of external support." Agricultural productinn

has lagged behind population growth and manufacdeclined, the secretary-geoeral told a meeting of government officials reviewing a 1990 U.N. aid plan for the Third World

"Many least developed countries have seen a decline in exports, and a loss of market share," Dr. Ghali said. "Conflict and political instability remain a devastating problem across the board."

Dr. Ghali also blamed the underdeveloped countries' econnmic and social deterioration on internal problems: Poor infrastructure, dependence nn a small range nf exports and fastpaced population growth. Despite economic reforms,

failed to attract significant investment, he said.

Industrialised nations should help hy lifting poor countries' deht burden, sending more money, investing commercially and providing better market access and trade terms, Dr. Ghali said.

Deht relief and external financing fell short of the goals set in 1990, Dr. Ghali

In 1993, financial flows to the least developed cnuntries dropped more than \$1.2 hillion, he said. Only Denmark, the Netherlands, Nnrway and Sweden met

their aid targets. Meanwhile, Japan, the developing countries, Tuesday urged an overhaul

of aid programmes. Foreign Minister Yohei Knnn, in a speech to the U.N. General Assembly, said the measures should include technnlngy transfers, promoting trade between Third World countries and a greater role for private aid agencies.

Mr. Kono also said "regional conflicts which stem from religinus or ethnic rivalries are nf increasingly serions concern."

"Because poverty is in many cases a cause of these conflicts, it is essential that development issues urgently addressed."

Gunmen kill policeman's sons in Karachi ambush

KARACHI, Pakistan (R) — Rashid, who normally uses Gunmen killed cight people, incloding two sons of a senior policeman, in Karachi Wednesday after peace talks between the Pakistan government and the ethnic Mnhajir Oaumi

Mnvement (MQM) stalled. Police said four gunmen attacked a jeep carrying the sons of police Superintendent Qazi Abdul Rashid near their home in the troubled buffer zone of

Relatives said the ambush, one of the deadliest attacks on police in recent weeks, may have been aimed at Mr.

(0345 GMT).

district central at 8.45 am

the vehicle hut had stayed at home feeling unwell.

His snns — Imran, a 25year-old hanker and Adnan, 20, an assistant sub-inspector of police — died in a hail of hullets that also killed a police guard and wnunded two others.

Two attackers fired from an abandoned house to halt the jeep at a crossroads. Two others appeared on the street firing assault rifles at close range in an apparently well-planned attack.

There was oo immediate claim of responsibility and the assailants escaped. In separate incidents,

twn men with hullet wounds had been found in the boot of a stolen car in district central's Liaquatabad area. Three bullet-riddled corpses were discovered in other parts of

police said the bodies of

the city of 12 million. More than 135 policemen have been killed in Karachi this year compared with 80 in 1994. They are among 1,400 people who have died this year in ethnic, sectarian

and political bloodsbed. The latest surge in violeoce followed a decision by the MQM to hoycott Tuesday's scheduled talks Prime Minister

Benazir Bhutto's government in protest at what it says are extra-judicial killings and torture nf its supporters by the security forces.

"There has been no pringress at all in the talks," top MQM negotiator Ajmal Dehlavi told Reuters Tuesday.

The MQM-gnvernment talks have dragged on since July 11 without any apparent breakthrough in the effort to halt the bloodletting in Pakistan's biggest city through a political settlement



6 Opinion & Analysis

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University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Ammian, Jordan. Telephones: 667171/6, 607161 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

Facsimile: 696183 The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the

Freedom of choice restricted

THE CONTROVERSY over normalisation of ties with Israel resurfaced anew this week when the Association of Jordanian Veterinarians decided to take punitive action against one of its Irbid-based members for inviting the Israeli ambassador in Amman to lunch. A special council will be set up by the union on Oct. 9 to decide on the punishment that will be meted ont on the member in accordance with the union's law.

The union's president says that it is his duty to implement the law governing the function of his group and a resolution adopted recently by its general assembly banning all contacts with Israel. The law gives the association the right to set up a special council that can stop any member from practising his profession for a period not exceeding one year for any such offence as talking with Israelis.

No one can argue against the right of any individual or group of Jordanians to decide how they want to run their lives, as long as their conduct does not amount to a violation of the law. But no group is entitled to force its views, on its members or otherwise, if these opinions contradict the law. And this is where the urgent need to re-examine the role of unions in Jordanian politics lies.

The decision on whether to establish ties with Israelis is one that Jordanians should be able to make on their own since the state has signed a peace treaty with Israel. Many Jordanians, however, are being denied this right simply because they are legally bound to join unions which are obviously engaged in political activities most of which are predicated on anti-normalisation stances. The law has made joining unions a condition for the recognition of professionals' right to practise their jobs. The question that arises is whether it is the right of the unions to punish members for actions that are sanctioned by the law of the land. Under the current legislation, unions are enjoying this prerogative. Accordingly, Jordanians are entitled to know whether they have to put up with snch a situation. The unions' decisions on issues other than those which are professionally dictated should not be binding to the members if joining the unions is not a matter of choice. In such a case, members would have the choice to sever relations with such groups if their policies conflict with their own. This, however, is not the situation. The government must make its views on this issue clearer than has been the case so far.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily Wednesday bailed the Palestinian Israeli agreement on expanding the self-rule areas as the beginning of the countdown to the birth of the independent Palestinian state. Ibrahim Al Absi said that ten days after the formal signing of the agreement in Washington, the Israelis start to pull out their forces from seven main cities and 450 villages in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, ending a lung nightmare of repression inflicted daily oo the Palestinian people. The agreement has proved that the Palestinian leadership is quite capable of shouldering its responsibility and ready to start reconstructing the natinn, said the writer. It is true that too many is remain outstanding and that the questions of settlers, Jerusalem and the refugees among others remain unresolved, but the agreement marks the beginning of the end of the sufferings, said the writer. While congratulating the Palestinian leadership on this achievement, said the writer, we call on all the factions and political groups in Palestine to pool their resources and join efforts that would lead to the emergence of the independent Palestine state.

SECURITY AND stability are among the main factors that eocourage investments, and these are available in Jordan and should be highlighted before and during the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) conference in Amman next month, said a writer in Al Dustour. The recent agreement between the Palestine National Authority and Israel on pending the self-rule is also bound to enhance the concept of stability and security and is expected to give additional incentives to the foreign investors, said Taher Al Adwan. It is to be noted, said the writer, that the majority of participants in the coming event are representatives of the private sector and not governments, and therefore focus is expected to be on major world firms' interest in the region. It is therefore important for the delegates to realise that Jordan is characterised by stability and security and the Kingdom bas important laws and regulations that eocourage investments and offer incentives to husinesses, he added. He said that the new laws should help create an opportune climate while the stability and security ought to be highlighted as the main catalyist for attracting investors. The View from Academia

By Dr. Ahmad Y. Majdoubeb

Negotiating as an art: Less nerves, more civility

THERE IS oo doubt that the agreement oo expanding Palestinian self-rule, initialled at Taba Sunday by Palestinian and Israeli oegotiators, comes as a big relief — at least for the time being. Clearly, one needs some time to look at the content of the agreement and think about it carefully and to view the behaviour of the two sides in the days to come, in order to determine the extent of the progress that has actually been made. One thing is already obvious, has in fact been obvious since the very beginning of the talks on expanding the autonomy accord: the talks have not been

easy.

Such difficulty has manifested itself at various moments and in various ways: on the faces of the beat and frustrated delegates and officials, in the pessimistic statements which the two sides have repeatedly made, in the interruptions, halts and deadlocks, and in the words conveyed to us through the press and the media. The talks have been, the press tells us, "frustrating," "extremely difficult," "excruciatingly unnerving," "traumatic," "unbelievably painful," "tortuous," and so forth.

During his subsequent visit to Amman and meeting with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan (the Regent), Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat looked, despite the somewhat happy and elated tone, like a man who has just recovered from malaria. Palestinian Economy Minister Ahmad Quuriea's collapse duriog the talks a few days earlier, a collapse attributed in part to a medical condition and in part to stress and frustration, is symptomatic of what must have been a hellish atmosphere.

The question to raise here is: Could not the negotiations have been less stressful, unnerving and vexing than they have been — and than they will be, for the process is still in its initial stages? How many persons (primarily Palestinian) will get sick or faint in the talks on the second stage of expansion, on the third stage, on elections in the self-rule areas, oo (boy!) the ultimate status of Jerusalem?

One is oot that naive, of course. We perfectly understand

the complexity of the issues the negotiators are tackling, the sensitivity of the situation, the tremendous implications of the steps to be taken and decisions to be made, the painfulness of sacrifice, the delicateness of give and take. After all, we are talking about the case of the century. South Africa, which sounded impossible in resolve not long ago, sounds like a piece of cake today compared with the Arab-Israeli conflict, especially with the Palestinian dimension. Naturally, we expect the negotiations to be difficult, trying, tranmatic, lengthy, marathonic, stressfull and frustrating.

But maybe not to the extent they are nr have been. Maybe there is a more benign, more merciful and more humane way of conducting business. I get a feeling sometimes that if the Palestinians and Israelis (especially the latter) develop a better attitude, a better way of communicating and, consequently, a better approach, the negotiations will not have to be so nasty, so tense and so

That feeling got stronger a few weeks ago when I reread the excellent book by Gerard I. Nierenberg entitled "The Art of Negotiating: Psychological Strategies for Gaining Advantageous Bargains (New York: Barnes & Noble,

The extremely interesting argument begins by quoting a statement attributed to John F. Kennedy. The statement says, "Let us begin anew, remembering on both sides that civility is not a sign of weakness, that sincerity is always subject to proof. Let us never negotiate ont of fear. Bot let us never fear to negotiate." Whether Kennedy actually meant these words nr not, one would very much like to say them to the Israeh-Palestinian oegotiators, now and during all future stages: yes, civility is not a sign of weakness.

The argument is both elaborate and detailed; however, Nierenberg's ultimate objective in writing the books seems to be to state the case as clearly and plainly as follows.

ceptions in his opinion) and notions about negotiating, he affirms that people negotiate not "to win or lose" (as we customarily think), not to play a "game" and not to wage a war." The "goal" of negotiations "is not a dead competitor" (thank God Qouriea bas not lost bis life). The objective is not to gain "victory" but rather "to achieve agreement." And agreement is the magical word here: In order to achie: agreement, negotiators have to have the right attitude, an attitude which is informed by a series of paradoxical but nonetheless true statemeots: that negotiators go with the intention of not nnly "getting" hut also "giving," that it is the duty of each party to work not only for its own interest but also for the interests of the "other, that in this healthy context "competition becomes a cooperative act" and that "Everyooe Wins." If the parties at any negotiating table realise these essential but often forgotten facts, Niereoberg insists, the business of negotiating becomes a lot easier, a lot more efficient and a lot more easant. What the parties need in do is to do their "bomework" right and sit down to conduct business io a busioess-like manner, no nerves and no negative feelings.

I believe that there is a great deal of truth in what Nierenberg is saying, even though be simplifies a bit at times — maybe the trick bes in simplifying. I am oot sure that if the Palestinian and Israeli negotiators take time out and read "The Art of Negotiating," their performance will be more efficient and less stressful. But one thing I am sure of: They do certainly need to change their negotiating attitude, negotiating babits and negotiating tactics, especially the Israelis who should never forget that they are negotiating about "occupied" Arab territories.

I bope we see more "civility" and more "courage" and less tensioo and unpleasantness in future Israeli-Palestinian and Arab-Israeb oegotiations, if not for the sake of the peoples who bave been teased and vexed beyond patience, at least for the sake of the negotiators themselves, many of who have aged remarkably since Madrid.

The political economy of Iraq-Kuwait relations

Setting out to reject our traditional conceptions (miscon-

By Gerd Nonneman

THE DRAMATIC conflict and enduring bitterness between Iraq and Kuwait bas received much attention. This has been skewed in two ways, however. While the strictly political and leg-al aspects of the difficult relationship between the two bave heen analysed very extensively, it is worth complementing this hy specific reference to the economie and "furictional" roots of the conflict and its antecedents. Second, and equally important, it is important to draw attention to the history, and the future potential, of functional cooperation hetween the two countries. Here, a hrief look is offered at the politics of economic relations, as well as the economics of political relations. While there has in any case been moch more to these relations than conflict, it is also striking that where conflict did erupt, it was more ofteo than not rooted in economie issues and dynamics,

and the lack of geographical distinguishing features), as well as a history of early commercial and migratory links, demonstrate the intertwining of the two countries' interests. At the same time, from the creation of the two as states points of friction also loomed large, centring on the questinn of Iraq's commercial and naval access to the Golf and the way io which its southern boundary bad been determined. As Richard Schofield bas demonstrated (Territorial Foundations of the Gulf States, UCL Press, 1994), there can be no doubt that the precise positioo of the latter resulted from the British intention to keep the Ottnman

and in functional needs.

Geography (cootiguity

empire or its allies from acquiring a major and secure strategie and commercial outlet based on Umm Qasr and what is now oorthern Kuwait. This is also where the problematic nature of the Warba-Bubiyan question origin-

The oil boom in the 1970s and the changing interests of Iraq and its regime led to an improved relationship with Kuwait and the Gulf states in general, following the earlier antagonism betweeo radical republican Iraqi regimes and the cooservative, pro-Western sys-tems of the Gulf monarchies. The expansion of economie and other relations occurred both at goveromeotal and private levels, and was accompanied by the improvement of the physical infrastructure was particularly in the 1970s also that multilateral (Arab and Gulf) organisations and ventures linking Iraq to Kuwait proliferated. Congestion at Iraq's main port of Basra led to Kuwait hostmg a thriving transit trade. Precisely because of the increased congestion of Iraq's own outlet, bowever, the issue of the islands dominating that outlet also became more acute.

The effects of the Iran-

Iraq war The Iran-Iraq war in-creased Iraq's dependence on the Gulf states. The oeed for control over Iraq's outlet to the sea was beightened, but Baghdad was not in a position to force the issue. On the other hand, fear of the Iranian threat kept Knwait effectively on Iraq's side. Kuwait gave Iraq some \$15 hillion worth of aid in the course of the war. Beyond this, other

functional and economic interactioo also evolved further. In a deal which took full effect from 1987, Iraq delivered nooassociated gas to Kuwait worth some \$25 million per year. On Kuwait-Iraq trade, the war bad two contradictory effects. Up to 1982, the pobtical decision by the Iraqi government to opt for a "guns and butter" policy drove up Iraqi imports from and through Kowait, makiog Kuwait Iraq's second-largest import partner. After 1983, both Iraq's needs and purchasing power cootracted, and the volume of trade fell back. Meanwhile, in a multilateral Gulf context, the array of functional and commercial organisations and ventures linking Iraq to the other Arab Gulf states was con-

solidated and expanded.

After the 1988 ceasefire

both the cooperative and the conflictual aspects of the relationship persisted, but the balance gradually shifted towards the conflictual from the latter part of 1989, and more acutely so in 1990. Following the war, Iraq was faced with massive reconstruction costs, a large debt servicing bill, and politically inspired speeding oo prestige projects, welfare and rearmament. This made firm oil prices an absolute necessity. It also led to a further controlled liberalisation of the economy. While resulting in the usual pains of liberalisation, this was expected to bring about an increase in domestic and foreign investment. However, the Iraqi environmeot put paid to this. First, as K. Chandhury noted in Middle East Report (May 1991): "As with other oil exporters...

of legal, regulatory, financial and administrative institutions necessary to defice property rights, cut transactioo costs, enforce contracts and promote com-Second, many of the traditional entrepreneors

(often Shiite) had either emigrated or had been eliminated. And third, the potential arbitrariness of the antocratic system deterred the necessary investor confidence both at home and abroad. The only result of the reforms, therefore, was to worseo the foreign exchange: situation even further. Between 1988 and 1990, there was an annual financing sbortfall of some \$4 billion -- without there being any available source this could be covered from. The need for funds was increased by the problem of reintegratiog the million men under arms into society and the labour market at a momeot of increasing unemployment.

Diverging interests

Iraq also failed to gain cootrol of the Shatt Al Arah and Basra port remained blocked. Together with the pressures for reconstruction, this led to a further increase in the importance of the Khor Al Zubair outlet: Umm Oasr port was being developed as Iraq's majo commercial port (LPG facilities were beiog built at Khor Al Zubair, and the Khor Al Abdallah channel, oorth of Bubiyan island, was being dredged). This io turn made the question of Warba and Bubiyan only more acute. Knwait, bowever, made clear its determination to maintain full control over the islands.

Apart from secure access to the Gulf, Iraq arguably needed two things from Kuwait: aid, and an oil policy that would firm up prices. Kuwait aid instead dwindled, and, in oil policy, from 1900 Kuwaiti and Iraqi interests began to diverge. Previously, Kuwait bad supported Iraq's hid for parity with Iran, and both countries had an interest in depressing oil prices so as to contain Iran. In addition, Kuwait had a sound economie rationale for its oil policy. In the loog term, ex-ploration of oil substitutes needed to be discouraged; more immediately. Kuwait's increasing downstream presence and bigger

domestic refining base also implied a need to keep output and market share high. While Irag's oeed had now changed, Knwait's had not; iodeed, the containment effect was now being extended from Iran to Iraq. Only heavy pressure from Iraq, and persuasion from other OPEC members, including Saudi Arabia, in the end extracted a promise from Kuwait to return to OPEC production diseipline. By now it was already July 1990, however, and arguably events had already taken on a different dyna-

The intertwining of four factors go a loog way to explaining the Gulf crisis: Iraq's desperate financial situation; growing popular discontent; the key economic and strategie issue of access to the sea; Kuwait's own stance, particularly

The imperative of cooperation

For the future, cooperation remains a long-term imperative for Iraq and Knwait, at least the areas of transshipment' Kuwait's oced for water and nonassociated gas and Iraqi access to the sea. (In a multilateral Gulf context, one must add the categories of environmental, economic and security cooperation).

As long as Iraqi President Saddam Hussein is in power, however, little can be expected to transpire in this respect. If be goes, the potential for the development of relations is considerable. Among other things, one could expect a slow regeocration of trade and transshipmeot, the gas deal might be revived and a modus vivendi would probably be reached over the main navigatioo chanoel of the Khor Al Zubair.

On the other hand, even on a purely economic hasis, the two countries' interests over oil policy will continue to diverge (although, as demonstrated by the 1990 Geneva agreement, accommodation is possible). The idea of supplying water from Iraq to Kuwait is likely to remain dead. And most importantly, any significant readjustment of either borders or control over the islands will have been made extremely unlikely by the eveots since August 1990 — especially the traumatising effect of the invasion itself, but also the final U.N. demarcation of the border and the erection of physical barriers for the first time. Given the crucial importance of the issue for Iraq, however, it will, unless somebow addressed, probably lead to conflict again.

Gerd Nonneman is a lecturer in international relations, at Lancaster University. The article is reprinted from Middle East International.

Peace plan for Bosnia will lead a short-lived peace tion when Croats and Mus-

By G.H. Jansen

THOUGH THE crisis in Bosnia-Herzegovina is, unfortunately, by no means over, it is prnhably approaching the halfway point — the swiftly maving and cataclysmic changes of the past month — catastrophic for the Serbs have thrown up certain broad tendencies that could have a deep impact on future developments.

The first is that the 51-49 partition of Bosnia has been swept aside, along with the hitherto inviocible Serbian army because the partition was very firmly pushed by the U.S. representative, Richard Holbrooke. It was not based on the realities of demography which showed Bosnia to be 30-35 per cent Serb, 17-20 per cent Croat and 40 per cent Muslim. The partition instead, reflected the earlier military position oo the ground with the Serbs holding 70 per cent and the Muslim-Croats coalition the rest.

As one percipient senior Bosnian Muslim put it, "the plan (for partition on the 5I-49 per cent line) was made on the supposition that we had lost the war. There is no reason for that suppositing now... We need a new plan."

Nnw, the Serbs, after their headlong retreat before an unexpected offensive by the Croat-Muslim forces retaio at most, for the present, less than 50 per cent of the territory so that a new and realistic divisioo would be 30 per cent Serb and 70 per cent for the rest. The lesson would be that political plans for the future . must be grounded, at least approximately, in realities and not in wishful thinking of any protagonist or of the foreign friends of any one protagonist.

The pro-Serh hias of the West - Britain, France, Germany and the U.S., a hias that is essentially directed against a Muslim state being set up in Bosnia - became all too clear as soon as the Muslim-Croat side began pushing back the Serhs. The West immediately started calling on the victors to show "restraint" and demanded that they do not push their advance too far, above all not against the Serb stronghold of Banja Luka. When it was the Serbs who were advancing, "restraiot" had never been called for.

the inflow of oil revenues in

the preceding decade has forestalled the development

In an attempt to split the somewhat strange Catholic Croat-Muslim Bosnian eoalitioo, the Christian Westerners concentrated their appeals nn the Croats. Those appeals, after a brief delay, produced results when the Croats, unilaterally, announced a cessation of eir nperations against the This produced an unoffi-

cial de facto ceasefire. Wheo a mortar bomb, or bombs, landed in Sarajevo, directed from the Bosniaheld area, the Western countries, with one accord of heart and voice, denounced it as "extremely provocative" even though the Serbs bad mortared, shelled and sniped at the city all through the threeyear siege imposed by the Serbs. As nften as not, the NATO/U.N. forces stated that they could not locate where these missiles had

It can be expected that the West will try to retain the patently unfair 51-49 divide which the Serbs want to keep and the Muslim/ Crnat alliance seeks tn change.

Second, the fact that the West was compelled to acquiesce in the headlnug Croat-Muslim advaoce when it was underway though it disrupted the political designs of the West shows that world public opinion will not indefinitely tolerate the defiance of an arrogant and impudent minority, the Serbs.

It is always a threat to regional and, possibly, even world peace, when such a minority is not quickly put in its place. Though similarities in political situations can never be exact, there is a strong resemblance between the behaviour of the Serbs in Bosnia and the Maronites in Lebanon, the Tutsis in Central Africa, the Turks in Cyprus and, in a broad sense, the Israelis in

West Asia. Third, the West Europeans were badly shown up in the new Bosnian situa-

lims finally bad to roll back the Serbs, an action the West should have taken long ago. And with the U.S. taking the lead, the Europeans can no lnnger say, "leave it to Europe to solve European problems."

Fourth, the impotence. political and military, of the U.N. in Bosnia has been so starkly revealed that the Secretary General bas, correctly, decided to pull out the whole 30,000 U.N. men in former Yugoslavia. As in Somalia, the U.N. has had to admit failure, which is very damaging to its role as a peacekeeper and peacemaker io the years to come.

But perhaps to compensate, or to cover op, for its failure and retreat, nn sooner had the U.N. announced the 30,000 men would be withdrawn than NATO began talking of replacing them with 30-40-50,000 men in a multi-national or international force. The bitherto reluctant U.S. promptly volunteered 25,000 men to any such force — hut only after a

final peace settlement was

signed, sealed and delivered, when that happens, nn external force would be necessary.

The moral of this conflict is that if two local communities are determined to fight and kill each nther outsiders can help nnly by keeping nut ni the way. The same lesson emerged from the Lebanese civil war.

Fifth, Russia, too, has been humiliated by events in Bosnia and not just because of the convincing defeat of its local Serbian ally. but mainly because post-Communist Russia has been shown to give more importance to loyalnes of race - the Serbs are Slavs - and of religion - they share the Eastern Orthodox Church - than to considerations of justice or to a policy that would endure and bring peace to a chronically troubled area.

And, Sixth, another failure in Bosnia was committed by the Islamic World which, despite the bluff and bluster of the Organisation of the Islamic Conference, gave little or no help to the Bosnian Muslims.

SOCIETY ON THE MOVE

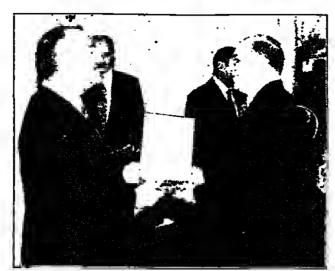
A grand salute to the educators

During a meeting Wednesday with presidents, vice presidents, deans and directors of research centres of the Kingdom's public universities, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, honoured four former university presidents for their contributions to the advancement of higher education. the advancement of higher education. Former President of Mu'ta University and Minister of Youth Awad Khleifat was awarded the Kawkab Medal. Former President of Mu'ta and Yarmouk universities Ali Mahafza was awarded the Istiklal Medal of the First Order. Dr. Barbara, who was Mu'ta University's first Order. Dr. Mahafza, who was Mu'ta University's first president is currently teaching at the Department of History at the University of Jordan. Recently retired as president of the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST), Kamel Ajlouni was awarded the Istiklal Medal of the First Order. Dr. Ajlouni, who is a former minister of health, was JUST's first president and is now teaching at the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Jordan. And former Yarmouk University President Adnan Badran was awarded the Istiklal Medal of the First Order in absentia. Dr. Badran is a senior director at the United Nations Economic, Social and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) in Paris. The meeting was held at the Royal Court.

Weekender

WAITING FOR A GOOD FRIEND: As parliament wound down its extraordinary session, some Jordanian deputies were headed to Bulgaria, and othoraanian deputies were headed to Bulgaria, and others went as far off as Korea. Meanwhile, inter-parliamentary exchanges took place in the Kingdom as well with a British team af people's representatives who have since come and gone. And next week Lower House Speaker Sa'ad Hayel Srour expects to receive as the chamber's guest Vice President af the German Parliament Hans Klein. No stranger to Jordan, Mr. Klein, who is fluent in Arabic, was once press attaché at the German embassy in Amman in the 1970s. And at the German embassy in Amman in the 1970s. And as a good friend of His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, he has visited them in the Kingdom from time to time. On his sixday visit, which begins Oct. I, he and a delegation af six parliamentarians representing all parties in the Bundestag, the chief of protocal of the parliament and Mr. Klein's private secretary are expected to meet Mr. Klein's private secretary, are expected to meet with the King, the Crown Prince, Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker and other senior officials and old friends. German Ambassador Heinrich Reiners and Maria Reiners will host a reception at their resident dence an Tuesday evening which will celebrate the Federal Republic af Germany's national day as well as the visit of the parliamentary delegation. Attending that reception, among the guest list of political celebrities and members of the German community in Jordan, will be a vivacious group of 20 former Bundestag representatives who will be here on a leisure tour of Jordan.

COURTEOUS COORDINATION: That Germany's national holiday falls at the same time as the Republic of Korea's has never been much of a problem as both countries' embassies caardinate their separate receptions to start one hour apart making it somewhat easier for guests on both lists to shuttle between the two receptions an the same night. Now, this year the visit of the German delegation added a







His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, presents former university presidents (left to right) Awad Khleifat, Kamel Ajlouni and Ali Mahafza with medals for their contributions to the advancement of higher education in Jordan (photos by Boghos)

new dimension. But the Koreans are an innovative new dimension. But the Koreans are an innovative people and they have coincided a visit of their own, and caurteausly scheduled it well in advance af the night af the receptians. Their special event will take place tonight (Thursday) when the National Music Conservatory/Noor Al Hussein Foundation and the Embassy of the Republic of Karea jain in presenting the Pusan Municipal Music Orchestra in a performance of traditional Korean dance and music. The creations for stage are founded on cross currents of Shamansim—the works are more mystical free and Shamansim — the works are more mystical, freer and spantaneous and based on village rituals ta praise gods for the season's harvest — and Buddhism — calmer, more meditative. The Korean Community here says it is the first performance of the sort in 17 years in Jordan and recammends that audiences not miss this opportunity. The event will be staged at Al Hassan Bin Talal auditorium at the University of Jordan and the Oct. dan. And the Oct. 3 reception this year, hosted by Karean Ambassador and Mrs. Jung Il Oh, will begin an hour earlier than the Reiners'.

ROME CALLING: Juggling time also is Italian Ambassador to Jordan Romualdo Bettini who will just about have time to attend the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) Economic summit before he and his wife Amparo will be packing their hass and heading for Rome. Quite suddenly, Dr. Bettini, 54, has been appointed Deputy Chief of Protocol of the Italian republic — a post which is said to be equivalent to chief of royal protocol plus chief of protocol of the foreign ministry. Although he was expecting to end his eign ministry. Although he was expecting to end his tenure here next summer, Rome calls. The son of a diplomat, Dr. Bettini was born in Manila, Philippines, married to Amparo, the daughter of a diblon Ankara, Turkey, and has served his country in Berne, Ottawa, Brussels and Singapare. His tenure in Jordan began in 1992 on the 4th of July, (no connectian to the U.S. celebrations of independence day). While his degree from the University of Rome is in economic and commercial sciences, there is no ignoring that the ambassador has a way with bringing cultures

together. Of his over three-year stay, Dr. Bettini says that coming from the high-tech moderninity of Singapore, where he was ambassador, to the more down-toearth pace of Jardan was like coming hame. He faund familiar surrounding in the Kingdom's archaealagy, tradition and customs comforting. He says Jordan for him was a "perennial source of curiasity." It will be a happy reunion for the Bettinis and their two children, Ampara (Amparito) (24) and Massimiliano (20). Although they will leave many friends behind in Amman, it is encouraging to know that Rome and Amman are but an easy flight apart. We understand the task before him is a set and an easy flight apart. the task before him is great and we wish the couple the very best.

EXPECT THE UNEXPECTED: Deputy Taujan Faisal, wha several months aga farmed JAD (the Jordan Society for Democracy) and is currently its president, will organise a special dinner Friday (Sept. 29) billed by JAD members as the society's first major public function and a pioneering experiment. Planned for the evening is the unexpected — a poetry recital put to music and performed in concert with a group of artists painting creations inspired, but not necessarity, by the marriage of words and music, JAD, member, Salwa Taher, a free-lance writer who just returned from the World Conference on Women in Beijing, said that JAD seeks to attract to its admership. ship roster "people who believe in practising democracy and applying its principles." The dinner event, she added, is a relaxed and culturally stimulating forum in which potential members can become acquainted with JAD. The concept lends a new tune to political action.

COMMAND PERFORMANCE: And back by popular demand, in English that is, will be the Nabil and Hisham Theatre with their updated satirical com-edy "Peace Oh Peace." The first English run of the theatre group's spoof an current events in the Middle

East was staged last December to foreign and Arab audiences, but was stopped when their leading lady went to complete her university drama studies. Opening night is Oct 7. Nabil Sawalha, actar/writer/director, promises that the revised and impraved t.anslation will give audiences an insider's glimpse of the politics af peace starting from Adam and Eve up to U.S. President Bill Clinton wrapping up the peace process with a rap dance. Nabil and Hisham have been chosen also to entertain the dignitaries and delegates who will be participating in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) ecanamic summit with a command performance of some of their most popular scenes from "Peace Oh Peace" and its predecessar, "Welcome Narmalisation," at the summit's gala dinner. So while plans to take the show to Israel have been placed on the back burner, those Israelis planning to be at the MENA summit will be the envy of their friends at home after taking in a night with the cast of "Peace Oh Peace."

A KOSHER DIVORCE: Although Israeli visitars will have an oppartunity to take in some camedy, they may not be able to try out the kosher menu at may not be able to try out the kosher menu at Amman's Istanbul Restaurant because partners Khalid Hindi and Pinhas Selas are said to be parting ways. Same of the restaurant's patrons have said that the partnership was not working out. A Jerusalem Post (Israel's only English-language daily) report quoted Mr. Sela as saying "People get married. Sometimes they get divorced." The restaurant apparently did not draw the numbers of kosher-eaters it had expected. Mr. Sela is back in Israel for the Posh expected. Mr. Sela is back in Israel for the Rosh Hashanah holidays and planning to return to Jordan with other joint ventures in mind. Meanwhile, Mr. rinai is saia to be contemplating converting the restaurant one more time. But his new idea is a far cry from anything orthodox. We are told Mr. Hindi sees a night-club as the way to go.

Jennifer Hamarneh

British witch fights to dispel paganism's bad name

By Andrew Marshall

LEEDS. England Witches haven't been hurned alive in Britain for centuries but they still suffer an image problem.

"People think we dance around fires naked all the time," said pagan priestess Susan Leybourne in her flat in the northern English city of Leeds.

"But it's too cold in Britain. You can't go dancing naked very often, except in the comfort of your own front room."

Witches are not crazed old crones with hroomsticks or evil hlack-clad psychopaths, Ms. Leybourne protests, but followers of an ancient pagan religion which has survived through countless centuries despite persecution and genocide.

Although paganism is still plagued by bad publicity. Ms. Leybourne hopes the tide is turning.

More and more covens are coming out of the closet, the new age craze is sparking a renaissance in mysticism, and Ms. Leybourne herself has achieved an unprecepinnacle of respectability for an English witch — she is Britain's cards and a crystal ball. first ever Pagan University chaplain.

As one of Leeds university's 12 chaplains, Ms. Leybourne shares the same the brewing of a love responsibilities and status as the chaplains representing other religions.

Students facing problems in life, love and exams can turn to her for advice and understanding, and a spellbook full of arcane rituals.

"I've definitely been taken more seriously since I became a chaplain," sbe told Reuters. "There are still a lot of people out there who expect me to be a strange little old lady. But I'm in a better position now to educate people about witchcraft."

Ms. Leyhourne works as a full-time witch. On top of her duties as a chaplain she dispenses advice and enchantment from an office hidden away at the top of a narrow staircase at the back of a high street shop. A plaque on the door reads: Susan Leyhourne, psychic consultant".

Inside is a small, dark room. Coloured silks and pictures of assorted gods dangle from the ceiling. Certificates verifying Ms. Leybourne's psychic powers adom the walls, and on an altar in the corner candles flicker next to tarot

From here, Leyhoume weaves her magic, offering services ranging from divination to

I can make a tincture which you ruh on. It might smell really horrible, hnt it can work," she said. "I can also make psychic teas, which help raise your vibrations and can be helpful for attracting people.

she has spells for luck, wealth and success. And people troubled by spirits can hire her for an exorcism - she travels around the country getting rid of ghosts and says she recently hanished a poltergeist, an inculus and some "entities coming out of a hlank tele-

vision screen." Much of ber work as a witch involves advice and counselling. Clients come to her with a problem and she discusses it with them, before deciding whether some magic would be appropriate.

Paganism has a wonderful wealth of witchcraft-lore," she said. "I'm not advocating that for every little problem you should get your book of spells out, hut there are always certain things you can do to belp."

Business is booming. Ms. Leybourne says more and more people are turning to witches to solve their probgoing even further and becoming witches them-

The number of covens in Britain is increasing rapidly, with hundreds of groups springing up across the country. Pagan worshippers from all walks of life congregate on rural hilltops or in city parks to perform their mystic rituals - or even "just do it in the garden if they have a decentsized fence."

While some people get involved for the wrong reasons — "a lot of people think it's all naked virgins sacrifices, Leyhourne said - pagan worship is becoming more

respectable So how does one become a witch? Most potential pagans contact an experienced witch who can guide them, Ms. Leybourne said.

She taught herself from lihrary books as a child, casting spells in the kitchen in the dead of night when her parents had gone to bed. "I wasn't allowed candles or incense, which made

things difficult," she said. "Usually the way to send spells off into the astral world is to burn them or put them into running water like lems. More Britons are a stream. But I didn't have a stream, so I had to flush them down the toilet."

Marketing of wives is still big business in China

By Jane MaCartney Reuter

BELLING - For \$350 in China, you can huy an airconditioner, a set of dining room furniture or a wife. A man could go to jail for

up to three years for huying ment of death for traffickers a woman, and could be executed for selling one, but the penalties have yet to deter China's legions of lonely bachelors. "A woman is not a com-

modity, says women's activist Wang Xingjuan, who runs Beijing's first private hotline offering free counselling on problems from legal issues to sex.

Growing numbers of people-traffickers in China beg ro differ, In a single day of round-

the-clock raids in Shanxi province in the north this year, police arrested 158 traffickers and freed 231 kidnapped women and children. The 24-hour assault also snared 208 prospective huyers.

Trafficking of women is an ancient scourge in China that was wiped out after the 1949 Communist takeover.

The resurgence in the lucrative feudal trade in human beings, mainly women, underscores how far China still has to go to attain equality for women, Ms. Wang said in an inter-

China's

rulers, whose customary as slave labour. policy is to conceal practices that may tarnish their image, revealed the extent of the problem with the passage of a law in 1991 stipu-

lating a maximum punish-

in human misery. Four years late police remain reficent about their achievements in comhating the slave trade.

Tales of misery abound. An official film shows bodies of murdered women and the exhumation of a poisoned kidnap victim.

A report hy human rights in China tells of a 14-yearold girl repeatedly sold and raped over seven years and whose father could not recognise her when she returned home.

Official figures show 40,000 kidnapped women and children were rescued in 1991 and 1992 and another 24,751 women rescued and nearly 50,000 abductors captured in 1993 and 1994. The numbers of abductions could be double.

China's slave trade usually involves rural women from poor areas who are kidnapped and sold as wives or concubines to richer farmers in areas where they do not speak the dialect.

Young boys, are popular on the black market as sons Communist for those who lack heirs or

Under the law, those who abduct and sell women can face a maximum penalty of death. The low overheads and high profits lure many to brave the penalties, and some show no remorse.

"It is ridiculous some huyers of kidnapped women even demand a refund," former Vice Minister of Public Security Yu Lei once said. "Peasant girls know ahout

modernisation and they want to find a better life in the cities," Ms. Wang said. They are duped hy gangs who offer to help them find work in the city, pay their travel costs and then sell

"In the cities they sell the girls as prostitutes, in the rural areas they sell them as

Three per cent of Chinese men are single, and of those 70 or 80 per cent are ill-edocated farmers living in poor, remote and backward mountain regions where they have little hope of finding wives. It is cheaper to pay as much as \$600 for a bride than up to \$ 1,200 for

a dowry. Either there are not enough girls or the girls have left to work in the towns," Ms. Wang said. "So these men will pay 2,000 to 3,000 yuan (\$240 to \$360) to get a wife."

Shanxi is among the poor-

provinces and in the past decade, police in the north of the province have caught more than 1,000 kidnappers and freed 5,000 of their captives, official newspapers said.

"These girls are poorly educated and very naive," Ms. Wang said. "They don't have the money or the knowhow to escape.

Not all are from among the large population of China's female illiterates.

One university graduate on a train journey was tricked by a fellow woman traveller, sold to a farmer in Shandong in the east and bore him a child before she was rescued. Her hushand was executed, receiving capital punishment because

highly educated. For single men, the problem is acute.

the woman involved was so

Newspapers reported on one village in the southwestern province of Yunan with more than 100 eligible hachelors hut no single woman in the community for them to marry.

Officials estimate the number of hopeless hachelors could mushroom to \$0 million by the turn of the century, creating a potentially explosive social distortion.



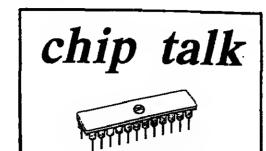
Double your bet

By Jean-Claude Elias

Users of Personal Computers (PC) usually complain of three frustrating problems: Lack of processing speed. lack of disk storage and limitation in memory size. improving on the first one can hardly be achieved without buying additional hardware or replacing the existing one. Although the above three factors do at some point interact (expanding a machine's memory may result in increased processing speed in some cases), tackling the last two issues is easier on the wallet than buying a new

Software designers started addressing the problems of reduced disk storage in the late eighties with the wellknown Stacker. The programme increases available disk space by compressing recorded data, using special software algorithms. Later, Microsoft introduced their own Double Space disk compression programme in the version 6.2 of their DOS operating system. Both programmes bowever bad major drawbacks: The computet's processing speed was slightly reduced and the risk of data corruption (loss or damage of data) was higher with Stacker or DoubleSpace than without them. In the last couple of years, the price of hard disks has gone down tremendously and users can oow afford to buy very large capacity disks instead of using the data comssion programmes.

Memory (Random Access Memory or RAM) however remains relatively expensive. The current price in Jordan is approximately JD32 per megabyte (MB). While 4MB was enough in 1991-1992, 8MB has become a bare minimum requirement today. For good performance, users prefer even to have 16MB installed, just like the new Windows 95 suggests. For those who can afford it, 32MB (roughly JD1,000) is much more than just a luxury. It's a guarantee of excellent equipment performance. Enters RAM Doubler. The newcomer is a programme



hy U.S. company Connectix. Similarly to Stacker or DoubleSpace that double your disk space, RAM Doubler is meant to increase the amount of available RAM twofold on your PC. Actually it does not exactly double it hut increases it enough to simulate the effect of more RAM chips physically installed. The programme is particularly made to give more memory power to Windows.

According to receot technical reviews in U.S. and European magazines, RAM Douhler doesn't present any disadvantage and seems very easy to install. Well tested, safe at usage, RAM Doubler sounds too good to be true. It does not only allow Windows to opeo more applications at the same time, it also reduces the dreaded risk of system crasb (computer unwanted and uoexpected shntdown). It is now selling for less than \$80 in the U.S., less than the price of 2MB in Jordan. Having contacted a few software suppliers in Amman, I was disappointed not to find it available in the country.

When 85 per cent of PC users are Windows-addicts and when Windows works better with memory higher than 16MB, acquiring a piece of software like RAM Doubler makes more than sense. Someone should do something to import the programme into Jordan.

Shooting yourself in the leg

By Samer Ghaleb Bagaeen

One could very easily get caught up in the sweeping tor-rent that is the news, whether local or international. But while local news gives us clear indications of any oation's state of affairs and the way it would like to perceive itself, it can be a very useful device when comparing the local debates in any two nations or in one nation but at two instants in time 28 years apart.

It should be a cause of great surprise and disappointment when the news headlines from 28 years back do not differ much from those of today in our little corner of the globe: some official goes off on an inspection visit to some remote area, salary hikes for certain employees, a meeting of a panel of experts gets underway and staff dis-

conteot in various departments. Nowadays however, the issues are becoming more and more specific: complaints about cargo vehicles using roads that they are oot supposed to use creating, amongst other things, noise pollution from the early hours of the morning; the need for public phones in remote areas; hospital cover ups for mistakes in the wards and still one cannot sue for malpractice; cramped small buses that create havoc oo the roads; goods and products that disappear and then reappear a tad more expensive; and the eternal complaint about rubbish being thrown out of car wiodows

while cobody cares to do anything about it. Better still, televisioo dares to broadcast an advert for cellular phones that goes on endlessly about anyone anywhere being able to own and use one... Who are they kid-

ding?
What is really ironic, pathetic even, is that it seems that we all know what our problems are and what can be done to tackle them. What remains missing is the mechanism whereby these problems can be tackled and sorted out once and for all.

Why not set up some sort of social awareness programme. And maybe research centres which would be charged with the task of providing the necessary surveys

and data that could help us find out how best to tackle our problems, for the purposes of finding solutions.

Take for example our road situation. There is, even though some would claim otherwise, a serious problem with our roads whereby it seems that either we have no intention of learning from the mistakes of the past or we don't really care what happens in the future. Is it because those who are putting things up now will not be there when the time for assessment comes around. Do we even care that the decision about the precise location of a small roundabout being built is left io the end to the workers

who dig up a street? We oow know that it is not possible for anyone, either our kids who go to school or our senior citizeos, to cross the highways that have been created in the centre of our cities. What is needed is most certainly some manners on behalf of the drivers but also more traffic lights, even one

every 100 metres or less if necessary. But if we cannot afford such traffic lights then we should be more responsible and stop huilding those 50 metere highways in residential areas. And we can easily tell that we will have the same problem that we are now having in some of the older areas of Amman in, for example a new area such as Abdoun in a couple of years from

Admittedly we have a lot of catching up to do with the more developed oations, but we seem to suffer from the same sort of malaise, albeit different symptoms: manifestoes by bombers on the future of the industrial society, hlackmail plots io governmeots, fashion designers facing tax hribes trials, some pension, unemployment, health care and social assistance programmes risk becoming unaffordable, and a 32-year old preteoding to be a 17-year old student theo enrolling io a school of medicine.

But in these more developed nations the latest Motorola Micro-Tac Duo flip cellular phone is sold for ooe third of its price in nations where the service has just beeo introduced. Fancy that!

TEST YOUR POWER OF OBSERVATION

Now, it's high time you started to put your acute test. Have a three-minute look at the picture, set aside your paper and get ready to answer these statements correctly.

Say TRUE or FALSE:

1. The young artist is drawing himself.

 A curtain hides half of the window.
 The girl sits oo a rocking chair. 4 There's a mouse on the table!

5. Besides the computer a typewriter could be 6. The table-lamp is on the girl's left-hand side.

. 7. The young man takes a photograph while kneel-8. Two noticeboards are hung on the wall.

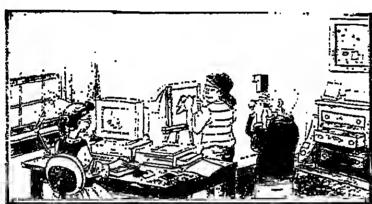
9. Only one drawer is open, the one in the bottom. 10. The computer is switched off.

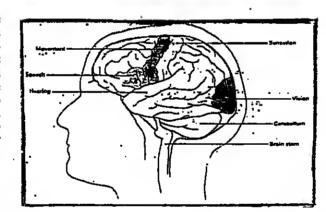
FOCUS

THE HUMAN BRAIN weighs 1.3 kg. It is lighter, more compact than any computer in the world. The brain is divided into two parts, each of which has different functions. The left side of the brain mainly controls the things we learn: Understanding, speaking, reading, writing and calculating. The right side of the brain chiefly controls the things we see as well as abstract thinking. Our education emphasises the development of the left side of the brain, but we need both parts in our lives. Our memory is also remarkable, though we often say we can't remember things. Our brains can bandle ten new items of information every second we are alive.

ON THE LIGHTER SIDE

MOHAMMAD A. SHUQAIR





Starring: Deborah Raffen & Toni Bill

Saturday, Sept. 30

UEFA Champions Leages 1995/1996

Real Madrid vs. Grasshopper-Cloh

10:00 News In English 10:25 Movie: "Runniog Out"

Back To The Future

Only In Hollywood

Children's Programme Les Mondes Engloutis

Operation Open 1 Et 2

The Bold And The Beautiful

Movie - Incident In a Small Town

Le Biceotenaire Du Louvre

"La Takades Inuks"

Soccer Match

(Recorded)

Documentary

Drama Series

Faut Pas Rever

News Headlines

News In English

The Tin Flute

First Flights

Major Dad

Le Journal

Magazine

7:15

7:35

8:25

9:10

Harry And The Hendersons

12:10 Tokyo Concert

LET'S CHAT IN ARABIC

THE FAMILY

- Grandfather	Jidd
- Grandmother	Jaddah
— Father	Ab
— Mother	Um
— Grandson	Hafeed
— Husband	Zawj
— Wife	Zawja
— Children	Awlad
— Uncle	Am
-Aunt	Amma
— Son	Ibn
- Daughter	Ibnah
— Brother	Akh
_ Sieter	Okht

TIME FOR FUN

* WIFE: 1 hope the food is tasty.

HUSBAND: It's extremely delicious, indeed, but............

WIFE: But? What do'you mean, dearest? HUSBAND: But, I think the cook book is full of mis-

* CHILD: "Grandfather! Have you got teeth?"

GRANDFATHER: "No, my little soo." CHILD: "Well, keep this cocoout with you, please!"

* MOTHER: It's a shame to play the piano. Your grandmother died yesterday, dido't sbe? LAILA: Doo't worry, mum. I play with the black keys!

BANK OF KNOWLEDGE

1. What is a nectarine?

2. What part of Eogland is famous for its cherry orchards?

3. Where do you find pinguins?

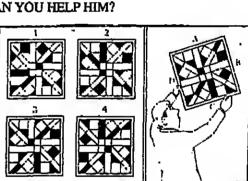
4. What is a pawpaw? 5. What are rice fields called?

6. Where is the Black Forest?

PUZZLE ME

ON THE LEFT are four abstract paintings seen hanging in a famous Londoo gallery. On the right, Charles, having bought one, can't remember which it was or which way up

CAN YOU HELP HIM?



Thursday, Sept. 28

1:15	Noddy
1:30	Fireman Sam
1:45	My Secret Identity
2:15	N.B.A.
3:30	A Soccer Match
	FC Porto vs Aalborg BK.
	(UEFA Champions League 1995/1996)
5:00	Childreo's Programme
	Les Mondes Englontis
	"Tade et Lls Ensignes Sacres"
5:30	Varieties And Game Show
,	Le Monde Est A Vous
,7:00	Le Journal
7:15	Court Metrage

1:00 Iris - The Happy Professor

The Album Show 9:15 Murder Sbe Wrote 10:00 News In English
10:25 Movie — "I Want Him Back" Starring: Valerie Harper & Elliott Gould

The Thorn Birds

News Headlines

National Geographic

12:30 Perfect Strangers Friday, Sept. 29

Vision

1.00	Read A Lee Deed A Lee
1:15	
1:40	The Phantom Of The Ope
	Why Didn't 1 Think Of T
3:00	Under The Ice
4:00	
4.30	The Crystal Maze
5:00	Children Programme
	Les Mondes Engloutis
4	"Le Temkor D'Arkana"
5:30	Telefilm
2.50	
7:00	Le Journal
7-15	Magazine
7:15	E=M6
7.30	News Headlines

7:35 African Skies

8:00 Coacb 8:30 Diving In The Red Sea

Sunday, Oct. 1

Starring: Walter Mathau & Harry Morgan

2:00	The Flintstones
2:30	Joshua Jones
2:45	Droopy Master Detective
3:00	Family Playhouse

Soccer Match UEFA Championships League 1995/1996

	Ferencearos vs AFC A
	(Recorded)
5:00	Childreo's Programme
	Les Mondes Engloutis
5:30	Serie

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

L'Instit 7:00 Le Journal .7:15 Magazine Usbuaia: Le Magazine De L'Extreme

News Headlines .7:35 Cinema, Cinema 8:00 Nurses

8:30 The Bold And The Beautiful 9:15 The New Avengers 10:00 News In English 10:25 Movie— Tribute

(A special programme oo the occasion of the international day for the elderly) Starring: Jack Lemmoo & Rohby Benson 11:10 Return To Eden

12:30 Keeping Up Appearances

Monday, Oct. 2

Shelley Duvail's Time Stories Hey Dad! 3:00 Survival **Families**

Children Programme Les Mondes Engloutis Documentary L'Archeologie Sous Marine

JFUDI 12 Le Journal French Varieties News Headlines

Mc Hale's Navy
The Bold And The Beautiful 8:00 Hearts Of The West 10:00 News In English

10:25 The Ruth Rendell's Mysteries

Camp Wilder

Tuesday, Oct. 3

2:00	Captain Planet
2:30	M.A.N.T.LS
3:00	To Run The Gauntlet
4:00	Families
5:00	Children's Programme
	Les Mondes Engloutis
5:30	Magazine
	Montogra

Varieties Taratata Le Journal Magazine Faut Pas Reve

News Headlines 7:35 You Bet Your Life The Secrets Of Treasure Island

The Bold And The Beautiful 8:30 9:15 True Blue 10:00 News In English

10:25 Movie — Operatioo War Zone 12:00 Grace Under Fire 12:30 Varieties

Wednesday, Oct. 4

Madeline 2:00 3:00 Tomorrow's World **Amazing Stories Families** Children's Programme Les Mondes Engloutis Delective Telefilm · Les Cinq Demifres Minutes Le Journal 7:15 Magazine Ushuaia, Le Magazine De L'Extreme News Headlines Arthur C. Clarke's Mysterious Universe Anything For A Laugh The Bold And The Beautiful 8:00 The Other Americas 10:00 News In English 10:25 Prism

10:45 Law And Order 11:45 Silk Road 12:30 Second Thoughts e is, even

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James Dean — a sulking bad boy for all time

By David Kligman The Associated Press

CHOLAME, California -James Dean starred in only three movies, yet his sulking, bad-boy image was forever immortalised the day his sleek silver Porsche collided with another car on a desolate crossroads.

Dean fans stop every day in this dusty central California hamlet, populatioo 65, to catch a glimpse of the area where the 24year-old actor died 40 years

Some gaze at a stainless steel memorial, imagining what the crash must have been like. Others grab a hite to eat at the Jack Ranch Cafe, where you can buy James Dean T-shirts, lighters and magnets and listen to 1950s records on a

Dean, who had hit parts in four other movies, is still idolised by a cross-section of the United States. Many who were teenagers in the 1950s fondly remember bim, but he also has not been forgotten by many of today's teens, who identify with the actor's angst-ridden characters.

The fascination hasn't faded, perhaps because more than any other actor, Dean symbolises doomed stardom: Live fast, die young. His portrayal of tronhled teens in Rebel Without A Cause and East Of Eden continues to affect

"I think they're hoth movies that kids could relate to because they were having problems with their own parents," said Marcus Winslow, Dean's cousin. "He really came across on the films just like one of them. And the kids today have the same problems."

Dean's most enduring image is a poster of a brooding teenager wearing a white T-shirt, rolled-up jeans and holding a ciga-

Bob Hinkle, a close friend who taught Dean rope tricks for the movie Giant, said Dean actually was sby, not surly. In fact, the only time he ever saw Dean get angry was shortly before his death, when be yelled at director George Stevens for making him wait hours 10 shoot a scene for Giant.

his Porsche while working on the movie. Two weeks after his final scene, he was

He was on his way to a race in Salinas that early autumn Iames Dean day in 1955 when a Sedan driven hy Donald Turnupseed, a college student, turned from one rural road onto another and into the path of Dean's Porsche Spyder. California Highway Patrol officers estimated Dean was driving between 70 mph (113 kph) and 75 mph (121 kph).

"He's got to see us." Dean said to Rolf Wuetherich, his mechanic and passenger, Hinkle said. Those were Dean's last words.

lt was 5:56 p.m. The impact of the collision crumpled the car and injured the mechanic. Dean's neck and arms were broken and his left side was crushed. He died in an ambulance. Turnupseed was not injured.

At the Warner Bros. Studio 320 kilometres south in Burbank, Stevens and Giani co-stars Elizabeth Taylor, Rock Hudson and a

Producers ordered Dean, young Dennis Hopper were eign tourists enamored with an avid racer, not to drive reviewing scenes from the day before. Hinkle came in and told Stevens to turo off the projector.

"I said, 'George, I've got some bad news," Hinkle recalled. "'You'd better shut her down. Jimmy Dean got killed in an accident.' George sat back down, and Liz started screaming and crying.

Ironically, Dean had filmed a traffic safety film saying he felt safer on the racetrack than on the road. "Drive carefully," warned. The life you save may be mine."

The 40th anniversary of Dean's death is expected to attract 25,000 fans to the actor's hometown of Fairmount, Indiana, where he was huried. A park will he renamed after Dean, and a bronze bust of the actor will be unveiled.

The monnment is identical to one at the Griffith Observatory in Los Angeles, where Dean had a knife fight with gang mem-bers in Rebel Without A Cause

His hurial site is a centre for would-he actors and for-

Dean's image. People chip away bits of Dean's pink granite gravestone as a memento, women leave their lipstick imprints on the memorial and others sprin-

kle the site with cigarettes, snnglasses, flowers and love notes. In California, dozens of vintage 1950s-style cars will retrace the fatal route Dean took. Along the way, the procession will stop

where Dean was ticketed for speeding south Bakersfield and where he got out of his Porsche to look at a Mercedes at Blackwells Corner, about 130 kilometres farther

Their final stop will he at the memorial.

Dinah Hutton, who was 6 years old when Dean died, said she stops by the monument every time she drives by on State Route 46.

"Because he died young, he has been romanticised," she said. "That's the



Earth beware: 'Killer Tomatoes' rampage again

LOS ANGELES (R) — He directed the cult movie with the silliest name - Attack Of The Killer Tomatoes and those vicious maneaters have been stalking his film-making career ever

"I have done things across the board, but I get corporate types coming in my office all the time and they tell me Killer Tomatoes is their favourite move," said John Debello. "I have beard every had

tomato joke."
Debello made Attack Of The Killer Tomatoes in 1978 and the story of garden variety tomatoes ripening into killer fruit, escaping from an experimental gov-

ernment programme and

going on a rampage quickly gained a cult following. It sowed the seed for a series of sequels and the theme song from the original movie was beamed back to Earth in 1990 hy Atlantis space shuttle astronauts wbo were doing experi-

ments on tomato seeds. Now a whole new generation can see the original on video in a "director's cut" released by Buena Vista Home Video.

"It has no redeeming social value, but we felt that with all the other epics being re-released — Ben-Hur, Lawrence Of Arabia — it deserved to be in the pantheon of epics," Debello told Reuters in a recent tele-

phone interview. "When it came out before, it showed on double features. This was in the days before spoofs like Airplane and Naked Gun, so no one

really knew what it was. of the younger generation of viewers who have grown up on a diet of cynicism and tongue-in-cheekiness.

To make the movie more meaningful to the TV generation, Debello said, be remastered and re-coloured the original.

The director's cut also includes a tongue-in-cbeek prologue about the history of killer tomatoes and the search for lost footage.

"It was made in the 70's for theatres, now it's for TV and video, so we made it

more illuminating for the smaller screen.

scenes intact that had been cut out before and help make the gags better," said Debello, who went on to make features and documentaries with such people as former President Jimmy Carter and Gregory Peck.

He has written and directed numerous television specials, an award-winning history of the Los Angeles Olympics and is currently nd Naked Gun, so no one working on a major Ilmax early knew what it was production — Starpower — "Now they know," he said—about the search for new energy sources.

But Attack Of The Killer Tomatoes keeps coming back to baunt Debello, who played transvestite Corp. Max Klinger in MASH — a role people wouldn't let him

forget.
"He said 'just be proud people remember.'" said Debello. Of all the fruits and veg-

etables he could have cbosen, why the humble tomato as the screen villain? It just sounded funny het-

there waiting to destroy the world. What's more

obscure?" "We also found some Asked to compare his work to that of Ed Wood --the king of really bad movies, who was immortalised in film recently by Johnny Depp, Debello demurred.

Ed Wood did it seriously, we were just having fun. Tomatoes has a wonderful cheesiness about it.

"I was 24 when we did Tomatoes and with not much money we knew we weren't making Gone With The Wind'. It's beld up well after 17 years."

So can the viewing public soon expect Return Of The Killer Tomatoes or Revenge Of The Killer Tomatoes? "(Sylvester) Stallone and

(Arnold) Schwarzenegger together in Killer Tomatoes II, that would be big," said Debello.

"If they can pay out \$20" million for remakes of Green Acres and Beverly Hillhillies, why not Return Of The Killer Tomatoes?

"I'm waiting by the ter than a kumquat. It sits phone," he joked.

Son of Humphrey Bogart finally deals with father's legacy

Humphrey Bogart (right) as Rick and Dooley Wilson as Sam in the film Casablanca

By Bob Thomas The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES — At 8 years old, Stephen Humphrey Bogart was living a sheltered and privileged life as the son of two much-loved movie stars when his world was shattered by the death from lnng cancer of his famous

Now 46, Bogart finally has come to grips with his father's legacy in a new book, Bogart: In Search Of My Father, published by Dutton. It is a heartfelt story, marked by loneliness, rebellion, a broken marriage, drugs and ultimate redemption.

Why did he wait so long to write his story? "Because the time wasn't right," he said in an interview from his home in New Jersey. "There were so many things I had to go through, so many things I had to deal

"You know what I really think it is? Maturity. At some point in your life you can deal with things that were problems in your past. It came to that point. I was in the right

frame of mind. That's why I wrote it then." In the book, Bogart is sometimes critical of his mother, Lauren Bacall, particularly in her leaving him for four months to accompany her husband, Humphrey, on the African location of The African Queen.

Bacall's reaction?

"She doesn't agree with everything," Stephen Bogart says. "I think that's good, from my perspective, because we're coming from different points of view. But she supported it. She's been long trying to get me to reconcile my feelings about my father, about celebrity in general, and the problems in my life.

This (book) is very cathartic and therapeutic, and I think she definitely supports it. She wrote the forward."

Bogart said he wrote the book in seven months, assisted by Gary Provost, who has since died. It is a hybrid: Part biography of Humphrey Bogart — who starred in such movies as Casahlanca — part autobiography, dwelling on Stephen Humphrey Bogart's troubles in dealing with second-hand fame.

Until recent years, Bogart writes, he ignored his father's memory for most of his life.

"I resented Humphrey Bogart for reasons I only now understand," he writes, "and for almost four decades 1 avoided learning about him, talking about him, and thinking about him.'

The actor, who had his first child at 45, was not an attentive parent, Stephen said.

"My father liked the idea of having kids. He was proud of (sister) Leslie and me, and he would never turt us or neglect our basic needs. But he was not about to integrate us into his life. Kids bad to fit into his life, where it was comfortable for him.'

Stephen recalls sailing on his father's beloved yacht, Santana, and sharing lunch. More vivid are the grim months as the boy watched his father decline to 85 pounds (38 kilogrammes) as the cancer destroyed him.

The hoy was to suffer another tranma. His nanny took him to the airport for Bacall's departure to a film location in Europe. After the plane had left, the nanny fell dead of cerebral hemorrhage, Stephen in her arms.

Stephen admits that he was a rebellious student, getting expelled from most of his schools. Part of the reason was his fellow students' attitude toward his father's fame.

"Bogie's reputation has often made normal conversation difficult," he writes, referring to his father by his nickname. "It brought me attention I didn't want. And often it has deprived me of attention that I did want. And it has sometimes made me distrustful of friendly people. It bas, l am forced to admit, placed that big chip on my shoul-

Stephen says that he did not inherit his father's alcoholism. But be did become a drug addict, often working on as bigh as a television producer.

"Certainly Bogie and I, both of us shy, used our drugs as a social lubricant," be writes. There were similarities in their addictions, but also differences, "The most obvious being that his drug was legal and mine was not, and that I gave up drugs, but he never really stopped drinking."

He says that drugs contributed to the breakup of his first marriage, which produced a son, Jamie, now 25. Bogart and his second wife, Barbara, bave two young children, Richard and Brooke.

After the publicity whirl, Bogart hopes to become a fulltime writer, he has had one mystery published, Play It

Again.
"I'd like to continue with my mystery novels," he said. "But hoy, it's tough out there."

Georgia's lively film industry seeks a wider audience

By Peter Graff Agence France Presse

TBILISI — A new film being shot in Tbilisi with French money and starring the French actor Pierre Richard aims to bring the rich tradition of Georgian filmmaking to a wider audience.

Perhaps more than any other nation to emerge from the collapse of the Soviet Union this sunny, wine-loving country has developed its own, distinctive national cinema.

Film plays a wide role in Georgian life, and more than one beloved film director sits in the Georgian parliament.

Nana Dzhordzhadze, who is directing the film 1001 Recipes Of A Chef In Love, said that Georgians' lively, southern temperament made them natural lovers of film.

"Georgians love to act. We are constantly performing. Not just in films and on the stage, but in life," Dzhordzbadze said.

Her first Robizonaida, Or My English Grandpa won the coveted Camera D'Or Prize for best director's dehut at the Cannes Film Festival in 1987.

Georgian films tend to be based on parables: small stories with great signifi-Dzhordzhadze

There is always a lively humour, which has been our way of dealing with a tragic history," she said. The humour also struck

Pierre Richard, who said that it was Georgians' love of life that most surprised him when be arrived in the Georgian history, espe-

cially in the past few years, has been indeed tragic. Since winning its independence from the Soviet Union in 1991, the country has been toro by four civil wars.

One of the most severe economic collapses in the former-Communist World has reduced a once-prosperous lifestyle to crushing poverty.

In the winter, the gas, heat and hot water are all shut off, and electricity is cut back to a few hours a

Yet for all this misery, Richard found the Georgians to be improbably happy.

Despite the economic problems and hardships, they are - incredibly joyous," he said.

It was the screenplay of 1001 Recipes, by the Georgian writer Irakly Kvirikadze, that attracted Richard to the project. The film is set early in

the twentieth Century. Richard plays a French

chef, who travels the world investors watching the botlooking for recipes. In Tbilisi, be meets and falls in love with a Georgian princess and decides to set-

tle there. But the love-story

is violently shattered by

the Bolshevik Revolution. Putting together the elaborate historical detail in a very tight schedule has proved no small task for Dzbordzhadze. She has had to juggle a combined Georgian-French production team, whose members share no common lan-

The two crew also have very different approaches toward work. According to Richard, the Georgian crew members have plenty of "fantasy and imagination" but tend to work at "their own rhythm," with "no sense of the time of

Georgians do boast of their carefree ways. But what Richard and other Frenchmen on the crew see as the slow pace of their Georgian colleagues may have as much to do with professional habit as with national character.

Dzhordzhadze explained, under the old Soviet film production system, to get a few weeks added to a film shoot. a director just had to call on friends at the Ministry of Culture.

Today, foreign tom line, the Georgians have had to learn quickly to adapt to firmer dead-

Still, Dzhordzhadze is happy with the way the shooting has gone so far, and especially happy with the on-screen relationship between Richard and his co-star, Nioo Kirtadze,

Kirtadze, who is fluent in English and French as well as Russian and Georgian, usually works as a journal-

Dzbordzhadze admits that it was a risk casting somebody who was not a professional actress to play opposite Richard. But the risk seems to have paid off.

"She lights up the screen. And they are so wonderful together. That is the most important thing: finding perfect Dzhordzhadze said.

Richard agreed. He said that bad he known that be would play opposite somebody wbo was not a professional actress, he very likely would bave turned down the part altogether. But when he met Kirtadze, sbe dispelled his doubts. "She is spontaneous, and this is the essence of cinema," he





D Health & Medicine

Researchers find 'switch' that nicotine uses to signal brain

By Paul Recer The Associated Press WASHINGTON - Tmy amounts of nicotine are able to turn on a switch in the hrain that tells the body "that was good, do it again." for a smoker, the

Researchers at Columbia-Medical Centre in New York have located the cellular mecbanism in the brain that is acti-

message is: light up another

cigarette.

vated by nicotine. The dis- carrier within the hrain. covery gives new insight into bow the tobacco chemical exerts such a powerful influence on the mood, thinking, alertness and addiction of smokers.

Loma W. Role, senior author of a study published last week in the journal Science, said nicotine does its work by speeding up and intensifying the flow of glutamate, a neurotransmitter chemical that is a key signal

The effect of this faster flow, said Dr. Role, "is like turning up the volume on a radio. It increases the signal. This study gives a better

molecular understanding as

to why nicotine is such a stimulant. Daniel S. McGebee, first author in the study, said the discovery is the initial step toward finding a drug that

smokers kick the habit. Using chicken brain cells kept alive in test tubes, the researchers exposed neurons to extremely small amounts of nicotine and then observed the effects on

nerve connections. Dr. McGehee said nicotine was concentrated at what would be a typical level in a will block the addictive smoker's bloodstream. But effects of nicotine and belp even this minute amount of

synaptic transmission, the

sending of signals across

ing rate of synaptic signals flashing through the brain

The researchers said the molecular findings are consistent with studies on the personality effects of nicotine. Those studies showed that the tobacco chemical, in some people, can increase alertness, alter mood and sbarpen sbort-term memory. Dr. McGehee said the

nicotine, he said, caused a nicotine effects were found was good. Do it again.' dramatic increase in the firing in the limbic, a key part of Nicotine interacts in a very the hrain that includes "a reward system" that encourages some behaviour hy stimulating neurotransmitter

> system that encourages the individual to reproduce, to eat, to perform all the hasic said Dr. Role. drives, "These pathways in the brain encode information that essentially says, 'that

"The brain has a natural

potent way in these areas." As a result, she said, the

effect on the brain is to counmand the repeat of actions that keep up nicotine levels within the bloodstream. This, in effect, prompts smokers to light up again. "People tend to self-

administer to keep nicotine

Dr. Role said the work

will help scientists learn

at a level," said Dr. Role.

"It is important to understand wby people are willing to inhale a couple of hundred class a carcinogens in order to get this agent,

how nicotine mimics natural

substances in the hrain that

encourage rewarding behav-

nicotine," said Dr. Role. Science, which published the study, is the journal of the American Association for the Advancement of

Study backs mammography for younger women

Mammography for women in their 40s, the subject of conflicting advice and debate in the battle against breast cancer, can be worthwhile, according to a recent

The finding from the University of California at if financial resources are Davis was based on a computer study using two hypothetical groups of patients.

While our study does not wbether mammograms are useful for all women in their care, choices must be 40s, it does show that screening women in this age group should not be elimi- last week's Journal of the annual or hiennial screening

nated based on the issue of American cost alone," said Karen Lindfors, a co-author.

A mammogram typically costs \$85 but can range from \$35 to \$200, according to the American Cancer

"Our studies suggest that unlimited, annual mammography for all women aged 40 to 79 would offer the greatest benefit," Dr. settle the debate over Lindfors said. "But with restricted funds for medical made."

The study, published in

Association, concluded that women in their 40s can mammographic screenings that are just as cost effective as programmes that exclude such women.

The Cancer Society and some other national groups recommend that women between 40 and 49, especially those at high risk for hreast cancer, be given mammograms every one to two years but that annual screening not start until age

Other groups recommend

beginning at age 50, while still others think women aged 40 to 49 should be screened annually with biennial exams only from age 50 on, the study said.

The researchers said the American Cancer Society's guidelines are probably the most commonly followed strategy in the United States

"Based on our analysis, mammographic screening of women aged 50 to 79 years every other year is the most cost-effective screening strategy, with a cost per year-of-life

School children face growing array of health problems

By Clare Nullis The Associated press

GENEVA — Still struggling against malnutrition and disease, young people in developing countries are increasingly Western-style health prob-

At least that's what some experts fear.

bfroW Health Organisation wrapped up week-long discussions on a new strategy to promote bealth among the world's estimated 1 hillion school children.

Experts from six countries the United States, Britain, China, Bahrain, India and Kenya — agreed governments should give more priority to bealth education for the young, when they are most easily influenced.

But there were no quick solutions to overcoming traditional scourges of poverty, ranging from malnutrition to worms. And even in wealthy countries like the United States, which normally set standards, the situation seemed grim.

"Violence and suicide are increasing. Totacco use is "Deaths" in "developing relatively stable, teenage countries are likely to rock-

Obesity is increasing," Dr. Lloyd Kolbe of the Centres for Disease Control and Prevention said in a depressing summary of the health problems American youth.

In the United States, 14 per cent of all deaths in the 10-24 age range are due to homicide. Suicides account for 12 per cent of the fatality toll. Car crashes and other accidents - often due to alcohol - cause about half all the deaths among young people, according to Dr. Kolbe.

Suicides have soared hy 75 per cent among American 10-14 year-olds in the past 10 years, he said. "That is pretty ominous. We worry about seeing that trend spread globally," he said. "As well as trends from tobacco use, because of advertisements encourag-

ing people to smoke," he Every year 400,000 people die of effects of tohacco in the United States. The worldwide toll is about 3

pregnancy rates are stable et because of the growing hut still exceedingly high. numbers of smokers about half of young people smoke in some Latin American and Caribbean cities, according to WHO. Every dollar invested in

effective anti-tobacco education saves nearly 20 times that amount in subsequent health-care costs due to smoking, the U.N. health agency says. But it maintains too little

is being done in schools to counter the lure of the glamorous tobacco advertising.

Of the 6,000 people worldwide infected each day with the AIDS virus, more than balf are adolescents, according to WHO. Each year there are 250 million new cases of curably sexually transmitted diseases.

The news is not all bad. Thanks to an improvement in living standards, 2.5 million fewer children will die in 1996 than in 1990, according to U.N. figures.

"Though the situation in rural areas is really bad, it is improving and can be improved," said Indu Capoor, a grass-roots health activist in India." "But in urban areas we are getting the problems of the West drugs, sexual experimentation and fast food like chocolate and soda."

Mr. Capoor maintained that adolescent problems in India, including depression and suicides, have been accelerated in the past two years hy the advent of the pop television music channel MTV and other satellite stations spreading Western

culture. There are no reliable statistics to show the full picture in developing countries. But WHO experts say such Western problems are still relatively insignificant compared to traditional dis-

"We are seeing that kids are copying what they see on television in terms of violence, drug abuse and sexual experimentation," echoed Dr. David Nyamwaya of the African Medical and Research

Foundation in Kenya. He stressed that the breakdown of the traditional family unit, with more parents working, played the major

Maternal stress matters for children

daily hassles or from raising children as a single parent in how her pre-school child develops than whether or a spouse. In this study, 104 home, according to a recent

The research examined the impact of maternal employment, marital status, and maternal stress on preschool children's psycboso-cial development. Since ers who are either single or married and who have young children work outside the home, study aimed to identify how the dual addition, the child was child's development career role might affect how assessed for any emotional. The researchers the mother relates to her or behavioural problems.

Furthermore, since numraised in divorced families and number of daily hassles effect on their child's

NEVER-NEVER LAND

By Chuck Deodene

Just bow stressed out a study examined whether mother feels either from the sometimes conflicting roles of parent and wage earner creates more stress makes more of a difference for divorced mothers who not she works outside the married and 99 divorced families with pre-school children were randomly selected from day-care centres in Salt Lake County, Utah. Over 64 per cent of the mothers were employed outside the bome. Each family was videotaped to bassles and stress. . . look at mother-child interaction. The mother's sense of well-being, as well as her rience a high amount of

bers of young children higher the level of stress home that has an important

WASHINGTON, D.C. — continues to escalate, the for the mother, the less supportive the interaction mother and child and the more the child showed behaviour problems. Divorced mothers, whether lack the potential support of employed outside the home or not, reported significantly more daily hassles, lower feelings of well-being, and more behaviour problems among their children than the married mothers. Surprisingly, even high income divorced mothers reported greater numbers of

> perceived daily stress with stress or hassles, employnumbers of daily irritants or ment outside the home did hassles was measured. In not significantly impact the The researchers stated. these findings "support the can be saved and used for

notion that it is not whether

If the mother did not expe-

adjustment or the motherchild interaction. Rather it is the factors that accompany employment, such as maternal stress."

The study did not assess the mother's religious commitment which in other research has been shown to reduce perceived stress and also improve coping ability.

The researchers suggested learning time management skills and finding role models to discover better coping strategies from women who successfully manage the dual career roles. More supportive work environments, including flexible hours, compressed work weeks, joh sharing without loss of benefits, more personal days, and a "time hank," in which paid hours family needs might also The study found that the a mother works ontside the reduce stress — U.S. National Institute Healthcare Research.

WHO criticises TB treatment

GENEVA (AP) — Tuberculosis (TB) will kill nearly half the 600,000 people expected to die of AIDS-related canses this year because of ineffective treatment methods, the World Health Organisation

(WHO) said. "Incomplete and often harmful" tuberculosis treatment practices are killing AIDS carriers prematurely, the U.N. agency said. It urged countries to adopt a new strategy used successfully in New York City and

Tanzania. TB is an airborne disease spread hy coughing, sneezing and talking. It causes fever, weight loss and vio-lent coughing and is fatal if left untreated. People infected with the HI virus are at particular risk because they have lowered resistance to

WHO estimated that up to two-thirds of all people with the human immunodeficiency virus, HIV, are being misdiagnosed or badly treated for tuberculosis. It cited the example of one

cheap anti-TB drug, Thiacetazone, which is widely used in poorer countries but has horrific side effects for AIDS carriers. including causing skin to drop off the hody.

Another common error was failure to ensure that TB patients take their medicine every day, WHO said.

could be avoided by the introduction of an anti-TB strategy called directly ohserved treatment, sbort course, or DOTS, a WHO statement said.

Under the programme, bealth worker or volunteers monitor TB patients' intake of a regimen of medicines for a six-month period.

New York City and Tanzania, which both suffer from a heavy burden of TB and HIV cases, have used the strategy successfully, WHO said.

In the past ten years there has been a big increase inTBbecause of worsening

Many of the problems resurgence of multi-drug resistant TB strains.

AIDS virus carriers often test negative for tuberculosis, even though they bave the lung disease, and pass it on to other people with whom they have casual con-

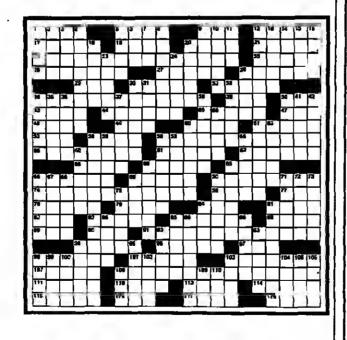
The AIDS virus is spread through unprotected sexual intercourse, contaminated hlood and from mother to child. It takes on average 10 years for someone with the virus to develop the full-blown disease. An estimated 6,000 people per day are infected with the virus.

There will be an estimated 8.5 million TB cases this overcrowding and poverty, the spread of AIDS, and the according to WHO figures. year and 3 million deaths,

WEEKEND CROSSWORD



Diagramless, 19 x 19 SOLUTIONS OF LAST WEEK'S PUZZLE



Lest Week's Cryptograms

Cheer up, dispirited ebrume dome! Our noble national masset is a bald bird, too.
 Student badly failing mathematice course does not agree there is essay in numbers.

3. Praven wise remark: Not even a fish would get in trouble if he'd keep hie big mouth abut.
4. Billing cierk kapt three big account backete on his deak input, output and kapat.

CRYPTOGRAMS 1.CRRJTEZJ TQLZK MTRMSCLI KI TL AESLI REMQMCL RLCYZJEZJ AY K CEAACL HTQ.

2.TCJT NWTHIK JEOGROFY WOL'F NIYER "WOF." URF TY'N WRKFREOREZ RLUCONYG OLG INKCFCWOKEZ WHEEYWF.

3.UB WE BUCCE OLD XWZ GDXXYYN, OLD ADGE ECO EL FUNY OLDO WGELZUGFAYZE.

4-XESUNY XNTP OR LOSINPT UCORL: -LOSX UNLIKLY DRNCL WAS DONE." NX ERLIL - By Ed Huddleson

Exercise alleviates PMS mood states

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Women who exercise regularly suffer less from impaired concentration, negative emotions, behaviour change, and pain during premenstrual syndrome (PMS) than women who do not exercise, found a recent study in the Journal of Psychosômatic Research.

women who regularly exercise with bealthy but generally non-exercising women drawn mainly from university undergraduates. Subjects filled out questionnaires assessing menstrual distress and overall emotions during, before, and after menstruation.

Researchers compared

Women who exercised frequently felt better at all stages of their menstrual cycle. Women who engaged in regular, moderate, aerobic exercise experienced lower levels of anger, contempt, disgust, sadness, bostility, fear, sbame, shyness, and guilt. Positive mood states such as interest, joy, and surprise were unaffected by exercise.

Among physical and psy-chological symptoms associated with the menstrual cycle, pain, impaired concentration, negative affect. and behaviour change were all lower among the regular exercisers.

The authors noted that

"although it appears that

there is some amelioration of negative mood states" with exercise, there is no clear scientific explanation for their findings. Some researchers suggest that exercise triggers the release of mood-enbancing endorphins in the body. Other researchers offer more psy-chological explanations such as exercise improves hody image all self-confi-dence, thus boosting selfesteem or, exercise may act as a distraction from negative intrusive thoughts and allow more positive or selfesteem enhancing thoughts to surface. Increased social contact that is frequently available for regular exercisers may be an added personal benefit ---National Institute Healthcare Research.

ANSWERS

TEST YOUR POWER OF OBSERVATION

1. False 2. False 3. True 4. True 5. False 6. True 7. False 8. True 9. True

10. False

BANK OF KNOWLEDGE

1. A small version of the peach, but with a smooth and waxy skin.

2. Kent 3. In the West Indies. It is a type of pineapple. 4. It is the fruit of an American tree. The juice is used : to make meat tender.

Paddy fields. 6. Germany,

* * * * * * PUZZLE ME

PICTURE NO 4 and its top side is

 \mathbf{C}

PLO officials said mean-

while Mr. Arafat had no diffi-

culty persuading the seven

Executive Committee mem-

bers at the Tunis session to

meeting, Mr. Abed Rabbo, a

member of the committee,

told reporters that the group

"agreed in principle" on the

However, be said the com-

mittee demanded that the

Israeli redeployment "should

start 10 days after the sign-

ing" of the pact, expected to come in Washington on

official with the Fateb fac-

The Palestinian opposi-tion, however, criticised the guided tour. "The Ministry of

Information is trying to cover

up the concessions made in Hebron by the PLO," said 'Abdul Alim Dana of the

Popular Front for the Libera-

tion of Palestine.
Uri Averni, leader of the

anti Israeli-occupation move-

ment "Bloc for Peace," said

the autonomy accord was

Hebron is a mistake," be

protested of a secret clause in

autonomy accord that be said.

called for their eviction from

clause io the aotonomy

accord which promises the

PLO that we will be evacu-

ated after the first bitch with

I the Arabs of Hebron," Ahar-

real intentions of the govern-

ment of (Prime Minister) Ytt-

"Now we have proof of the

-on Domb told AFP.

"We've learnt of a secret

"Letting the settlers stay in

A Jewish settlers' leader

'` bad.'

After Tuesday night's

back the accord.

accord.

8, 1995

ne mimics natural in the brain that rewarding behav

Porting to under People are will. nale a couple of lass a carcinopens o get this deem said Dr. Role which published is the journal of

itis of the West and soda "

are no rehable day show the full picdeveloping comstern problems are tively insignment I to traditional dis-

way what they see INTERFEBRURE OF dear document experiencial den-11 Pand

tyre of the Amaia and Secudi en in Kesya weed that the breakthe traditional lan-With their parms pane the mater

ice of nativery TB salone A IPOS A RELIEF SORE mayor for inherence a though they have disease and pack other people calc sex have casual on

IDS vines is spind uniquite ted soul rsc. comamilae. nd from mother? $takes \ on \ average a$ or connecting with the s descript the talk lisease. An estima Theophy bendings with the view will be an estimate from 145 cases the d. A. million skyle-

BSERVATION

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xual experiments fast food like apoor mamained escent problems in

fluding depression ides, have been d in the past two the advent of the ision music chanand other satellite spreading Western

WHO experts say

re seeing that has

The Palestinian group Islapmic Jihad called for a general strike in Hebron on Thursday, the day of the Washington signing of the deal to extend West Bank aoton-It also called for a boycott

'zhak Rabin," be said.

of self-rule elections to follow an Israeli army redeploy-The issue of Taba will not

pass without punishment," the group warned, .- The fundamentalist group called for a closedown of

Israel, PLO sign accord today the latest agreement, which (Continued from page 1) they described as "consoli-Thursday. dating the Israeli occupation and undermining the unity of Mr. Abed Rabbo said that

the Palestinian people.' seven of the committee's re-Their statement, released maining 10 members were at Tuesday's meeting. Eight in Amman, said the agreement gives Israel the upper have resigned over the peace process or are no longer parband in security and political affairs in the West Bank.

Among those who did not Ratification of the PLO attend was Farouk Kadleadership was essential because the Palestinians still doumi, who serves as the PLO's foreign minister and consider the organisation as who has consistently opposed their sole legitimate reprethe peace deal with Israel. sentative. Mr. Kaddoumi on

Wednesday joined six other

dissident Executive Commit-

tee members in denouncing

Husseini: State in 2 years

(Continued from page 1)

ding the dismissal of Mavor

Natshe, who took part in the

It also warned of "violent

The document of sbame

clashes" with Israeli forces on

and dishonour was cooked up

in Taba by the cornerstones

of sacrilege and hypocrisy,

protecting in its folds the

corrupt cluster of the settlers

The group also denounced

the planned polls. "We-

announce to all that the issue

of legislative elections is blas-

phemous, and it is heretical

bave anything to do with

Lehanon criticised the

"We fear that this accord is

PLO-Israel accord saying it

failed to meet minimum re-

an incomplete pact that needs

several other explanatory

agreements," Foreign Minis-

ter Faris Bouez told reporters

at Beirut airport before bead-

of Hebron," it said.

them," it said.

ing for Paris.

Taba negotiations.

Mr. Arafat's cabinet for the autonomous Gaza Strip and Jericho on Tuesday morning and endorsed it.

from the (1993) Oslo pact

meaning it does not provide

the minimum required... on

the future of the Palestinian

state as an entity, the future

of Palestinian refugees who

form more than three quar-

ters of the Palestinian peo-

ple... and also on regaining

rights linked to land," he

Mr. Arafat has briefed Sy-

riao President Hafez Al

Assad on the accord with

Mr. Arafat sent details on

the deal to Mr. Assad

through the Syrian charge

d'affaires in Tunis, whom be

The Syrian press oo Tues-

day described the PLO-Israel deal as a "surrender" and

said it would not force Syria

to sign a similar agreement

Mr. Arafat told Reuters on

Wednesday night he hoped

the pact would clear the way

for a comprehensive peace in

the Middle East including

with the Jewisb state.

met on Tuesday night.

Israel, PLO officials said.

Egan affirms U.S. interest

(Continued from page 12)

opening up of the Amman Financial Market. These are very practical, pragmatic steps that the government is taking to make this a more inviting, interesting and appealiog iovestment cli-

The ambassador noted that numerous American delegations, many of them representing the private sector, visited Jordan since the signing of the Jordan-Israel peace

treaty in October. He particularly referred to the first husiness mission two months ago of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation to Jordan and this month's meeting in Amman of senior managers of about 60 American pension funds, which, he said, collectively has access to about \$600 billion in "investable capital."

The ambassador cooceded that Jordan on its own did not represent a market of any size that would attract American firms, but the Kingdom could serve as a regional hub for businesses. 'There is enormous amount of room, and if you look at Jordan. given the size of this country. it is going to be far less attractive in a strictly national way than it would be in a regional way. If that's the aspect of it, then that is the reason we're all trying to capitalise on...

Mr. Egan, who served as Deputy Chief of Mission in Egypt before coming as amhassador to Amman, said he found an across-the-board interest among American husinesses in exploring possibilities in Jordan.

"I talked to businessmen who had capital to invest either in a particular sector or in the Amman Financial Market or in a particular indus-try." he said. "I talked to businessmen for example in the clothing industry who were looking at the possibil-ity of assembling goods in-Jordan for export to the U.S. (to people) interested in telecommunications, computer software, software, exports (and) imports.'

"Every aspect of this economy was at least of some interest to some elements" of American husiness, Mr.

Egan said. Among the best promising sectors that would attract attention, he added, were chemical industries, telecommunications, computer systems, management systems and tourism.

"These are all areas of growth in the region and most of them areas in which U.S. firms can have a qualitative edge." he said. 'The American private sector is extremely competitive in every one of those areas."

factor to the development of

similar ties between those

countries. And in cases when

two of these countries dis-

agree on certain issues, "we

absolutely" will help over-

The politics of this region

are complicated and no-

thing... is more important

than having the leaderships

of all these coontries at the

very very bighest level to be

able to talk with each other

regularly and confidently to

try and address the problems

that the region faces or

they... may face among themselves," Mr. Egan said.

ties with Gulf countries are

improving, adding that the

U.S. is playing a role in this

The envoy said Jordan's

come these differences.

Libya wants U.N. camps

(Continued from page 1)

another encampment on the border with Egypt where

they would be expelled. In recent weeks, Libya has ordered out hundreds of Palestinians, thousands of Egyptians and up to 20,000 Sudanese. Most of the Egyptians and Sudanese are labourers without work permits, and the Sudanese ambassador to Libya,

Hisham Al Seed, said he feared the Libyan authorities would deport 200,000 Sudanese workers.

Libya has said it wants to open up jobs for its own people by expelling Egyptians and Sudanese, but it is also been suggested Libya believes the expatriates include militants who are aiding Libyans opposed to the éOvernment.

Libya began deporting Palestinians last month, and Col. Qadhafi said in a speech Sept. 1 that it was to protest the Israeli-PLO peace pro-

Libya's expulsions are apparently aimed at embarrassing the PLO by pointing out that its pacts with Israel make no provision for Palestinian refugees who fled with the creation of the Jewish state in 1948.

171 Palestinians return home

the failure of the Israeli-

Palestine Liberation Orga-

Although Israel gave the

I71 permission to cross the

hridge, some half a dozen

may yet be refused entry into

the Gaza Strip because their

residency papers have expired, a Jordanian official

Libya has already expelled

5.000 Palestinians in his cam-

paign to show up what he sees as the failure of the

Israeli-PLO autonomy

accords to create a Palesti-

Libya denied Tuesday that

Colonel Qadhafi had ordered

nian homeland.

nisation (PLO) accord

(Continued from page 1)

said.

Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti said that the deportation was against hasic laws and ethics but he stressed Palestinians holding Jordanian passports can enter

Jordan freely. The return of the 17I expellees Wednesday coincided with reports from Tripoli that Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has ordered all Palestinians to leave the country within 24 to 48 hours. Earlier reports have spoken of limited numbers. The new order means that 30,000 Palestinians will have to

The report was later denied,

leave.

all Palestinians out of the country in 48 hours, as 1,500 Lihya started expelling more deportees were re-ported to be heading for the border with Egypt, Palestinians early this month and urged other Arah states to follow suit in a hid to prove

The Palestinian returnees criticised Egypt for not allowing them into the country and described as a "disgrace" the Libyan decision to expel Palestinians.

One Palestinian, Amal Tawfiq, told the AP officials from Egypt and Libya have even refused to treat her when a scorpion stung her while stranded on the border.

Before Israel allowed them entry Wednesday, the Palestinians, looking tired and apprehensive, sat in the shadow of buses to protect themselves from seething temperatures.

Jordanian bridge author-ities gave them breakfast, Libya is another home for me, but I prefer to go to Gaza because it is my country and nobody can kick me out." said Muhannad Suleiman, 9, a fourth grader.

Egan: Ties dynamic, productive

(Continued from page 1)

"Obviously when we sit down with our Jordanian friends, or when we sit down with our Sandi friends, anything we can do to (help improve ties between the two countries) we will take the initiative to do," he said. But he emphasised that the process of recoociliation between the Kingdom and the Guif states is something that they bave to decide on them-

And "I am absolutely confident that that will bappen ... I think the leadership is committed to it," he told the Jordan Times.

Addressing the latest developmeots in Iraq, Mr. Egan reiterated bis government's analysis that the defection of

General Hussein Kamel to Jordan indicates that there are serious strains in the Iraqi leadership and that the U.S. policy towards Baghdad is producing some of its objec-

He said the U.S. objectives with respect to Iraq were to change the policies of the Iraqi government so that it will no longer present a threat to the region, "which it clearly bas been," and to effect "change the way in which it deals with its citizens,

The defection of Gen. Kamel and the statements he. made "would certainly lead a reasonable person to believe that it is prohably extremely onlikely that those changes in Iraqi policy could come

under the present regime," Mr. Egan said. But, he said, the U.S. will

play no role in deciding who should rule Iraq, adding that the question of who leads Iraq is something that the Iraqi people should decide, stressing that the U.S. firmly supports the territorial integrity of Iraq. Commenting on Iraqi plans

to carry out a referendum on the presidency of Saddam Hussein with the exclusion of the Kurds in the north, Mr. Egan said the U.S. is opposed to anything that could drive wedges or discriminates among the three main components of the Iraqi population: The Shiites, the unnis and the Kurds.

"Fragmeotation (of Iraq) is a real concern to us," be said.

Universities should cater to needs economic life.

(Continued from page 1) the performance and views of

The Regent referred to the country's economic prospects in the coming decade, noting that next month Jordan and the European Unioo will start negotiations on economic cooperation adding that Jordan will also start negotiations with the North American Free Trade Agreement

(NAFTA). He said relations with these blocs would usber a Hebron and protests demannew era in Jordan's social and

The pact is no different Syria and Lehanon.

The Regent distributed medals to former university the graduates. presidents Awad Khleifat, Kamel Ajlouni, Adnan Badran and Ali Mahafza. The lunch was attended by

His Royal Highoess Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad, His Majesty King Hussein's cultural secretary, acting Prime Minister Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh, Minister of Higher Education Rateb Saoud and the King's advisers and senior officials as well as editors of local newspapers.

help is a process that extends over a very long period of time," Mr. Egan said. The U.S. envoy said the U.S. administratioo and Jordan are discussing another form of military assistance to Jordan — "drawdowns" on

are cooperating very closely

over a very long period ... and

the constant definition and

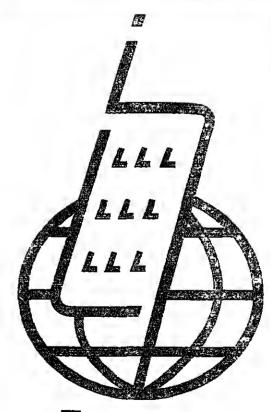
redefinition of where you can

stocks elsewhere - adding that discussion of this assistance are also under way with Coogress. But he said the fioal legislation that will authorise this form through which Jordan will receive assistance is-

not yet in place. Mr. Egan said that the good ties Washington has with other countries in the region should be a positive







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: Economy

Tensions rise at oil meet as Saudis swipe at U.S.

zuela (R) - After the handshakes and photocalls at Monday's opening ceremony, tensions between major oil producing and consuming countries surfaced here Tuesday as Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil producer. took a swipe at the largest consumer, the U.S.

The Saudi oil minister, Ali Bin Ibrahim Al Nuaimi, speaking at a conference designed to foster better relations between oil producers and consumers, said oil policies being followed by the West were hurning oil pro-

"Despite the many occasions we have endeavoured to assure the world of secure and dependable supplies of oil, we have consistently been faced with new discrimina-. tory policies devised to lessen oil dependence." Sheikh Nuaimi said.

His remarks reflected a general tone of frustration among the major producers. who have seen oil prices tumble from a high this year of \$19.38 a barrel to near 20year inflation-adjusted lows of \$16.00 recently.

WASHINGTON (AFP) —

Mexico's financial crisis was a

fitmus test for the Interna-

tional Monetary Fund (IMF)

whose "swift and massive"

intervention saved the day, according to the fund's 1995

"History will probably re-

gard the Mexican crisis as a

defining moment for the

fund," its first deputy manag-

ing director Stanley Fischer

told a news conference here.

The crisis, brought on by

capital ontflows and a sudden

devaluation of the peso, pro-

vided "a supreme test of the

fund's ability to respond

sufficiently quickly and suffi-

ciently, massively to a major

significant national crisis"

which .. threatened Latin

America as a whole, Mr.

saved Mexico from possible

default and a possible 1980's

debt-like crisis, Mr. Fischer

had been criticised by several

European countries which, at

the time, abstained from a

fund vote to provide \$17.8

billion under a U.S.-led res-

cue plan of the Mexican

financial system, claiming in-

The IMFs quick action

Intervention by the IMF

Fischer, said.

annual report.

In a veiled reference to the

PUERTO LA CRUZ, Vene- U.S., Sheikh Nuaimi singled out the recent trend of running down both commercial and government-held oil stocks as a cause for particu-

lar concern. In recent weeks, U.S. commercial oil stocks have hit their lowest levels in nearly two decades. At the same time, the U.S. Congress has before it bills which could see sales of as much as 38 million barrels from the government's strategic stocks to raise \$500 million, contributing to the downward pressure on oil prices.

"Such actions threaten to reduce the inventory cushion which serves to smooth out supply disruptions." the Saudi minister warned.

Oil producers also complained about tax policies which favour coal and other energy sources over oil, as well as the destabilising influence of the futures markets which have grown up over the past few years.

The Iranian oil minister, Gholamreza Aghazadeh, told the conference that "fair trade is a stranger in the international oil and gas mar-

The Iranian minister said that "market forces and eco-

sufficient consultation.

The IMF finally provided

facilities amounting to a total

of some \$19 billion in Special

Drawing Rights as part of a

\$50 billion package arranged by U.S. President Bill Chin-

The financial support to

The IMF also pointed to its

Mexico "was the largest ever

extended to a member coun-

try," the fund's report said.

rule in providing assistance not only to developing coun-tries, but to countries shifting

from a command to a market

economy such as Russia and

the Ukraine, which were granted \$9.5 billion in finan-

"The IMF's liquidity was

generally adequate during

the financial year, but it is

projected to decline sharply

over the next two years be-

cause of the continuing large

demands on the IMF's finan-

cial resources," the report

As a result the IMF would

be asking members for a "sig-

nificant increase" in funds,

Payments over the finan-

cial year brought the total

cial arrangements.

Mexican crisis was litmus test for IMF

nomic principles should govern the energy markets." But he added that "all petroleum producers must work to stabilise and manage the oil price and markets."

"That seems a little contradictory to me," said U.S. Energy Department advisor Jack Carter, who is here to promote free energy markets. "I would favour door 'A' as opposed to door 'B'," he said.

The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), which has been trying to avoid the impression of a crisis ahead of its regular ministerial meeting in late November, hasn't had much success either in garnening support from non-OPEC pro-

Norway, which will soon overtake Iran as the world's second largest exporter, has no plans to join a supply restraint effort while OPEC itself can't keep its members from busting their quotas.

amount of quotas pledged by

Total drawings from the

the IMF's 179 members to

IMF's general resources account in 1994-95 amounted

to some \$16.6 billion, about

twice the level of the previous

yearly accounting period.

Commitments of IMF re-

sources reached record levels

in 1994-95. Commitments

under stand-by and extended

arrangements amounted to

about \$24 billion during the

year, compared to \$22 billion

committed 11 years earlier at

the height of the debt crisis.

globalisation and integration

of markets required stricter

policy discipline by all mem-bers and that IMF sorveill-

ance of the monetary system

Increasing surveillance

would require members to

provide better, and more

timely date, and for the fund

to be "more candid" in its -

assessments of possible risks.

The annual report which

The fund also intended to

increase its technical assist-

reviews the financial year en-

ding on April 30 — the year that saw the 50th anniversary

ance to members.

should be strengthened.

The report said increased

some \$228 billion.

Any broad-based oil production-restraining agreement "can't be done in a vacuum, not until OPEC gets its act together," said an official with the Norwegian de-

ABU DHABI (AFP) -LNG sales to hard-currency

Japan. India and other Asian countries will become the main buyers of Gulf gas in the near future given their explained. high consumption and proximity in the oil-rich region, experts bave said.

Growing Asian reliance on the Gulf has already encouraged regional states to launch major liquefied natural gas (LNG) projects, the experts said at a regional gas conference in the United Areab Emirates (UAE).

It bas also triggered plans to build long undersea pipelines to transport supplies. they said.

Duning the next several decades, the markets of opportunity for Middle East gas will be fuel-oilcompentive pipelines to the nearby Asian subcontinent and LNG to East Asia," one expert said in a paper at the

"Developing countries will provide the bulk of purchases - not the Organisation of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)," he "In order to exploit fully its

future opportunities, the Middle East gas industry will need to be inventive and flexible. The past practice of ngid adherence to take-orpay contracts exclusively for

of the Bretton Woods confer-

ence which led to the creation

of the IMF - suggested that

the world economy bad

strongly rebounded in 1994.

per cent and marked a signifi-

cant improvement over the

Among industrial coun-

tries, inflation eased further,

It rose slightly in developing

countries and remained high

in many countries moving to-

The most notable positive

trade development had been

the conclusion of the Uru-

guay Round and the estab-

lishment of the World Trade

THE BETTER HALF.

"My nephew quit the police academy

Organisation.

wards a market economy.

1990 to 1993 period.

Total output rose by 3.75

consumers will need to bend under the weight of changing circumstances." the expert

tonnes per year,

could last for several decades.

mand in South East Asia will

range between 100 million

tonnes and 160 million tonnes

in the year 2010 compared

tonnes a year or between 14

and 15 per cent of the re-

gion's total energy demand is to be fulfilled by 2010," an

According to experts, de-

Several Arab Gulf states have already launched LNG projects while others have expanded their existing plants to benefit from growing demand in Asia.

Qatar is involved in the biggest LNG project in the world, with an eventual output capacity of more than 200 million tonnes. Most of the production will be sold to Asian clients as long-term contracts have been coneluded with Japan, India. Taiwan, South Korea and Thailand.

Qatar is still looking for more customers to get all the three projects off the ground given their large cost, estimaied at more than \$15 bil-

Oman is also planning to set up an LNG plant with a production capacity of six million tonnes per year to benefit from growing Asian consumption of the cleaner source of energy. It bas also concluded supply deals with some Asian nations and is seeking further would-be buyers.

Another Omani project involves building a 1,200kilometre undersea pipeline

Asia to become key market for Gulf gas East African states go for currency to supply India with natural gas. Qatar and Pakistan also plan to build a 1,400-

kilometre gas pipeline.
In the UAE, the ADGAS .company has just completed expansion of its plant to double capacity to five million The three Gulf states control around 13.5 trillion cubic metres of natural gas, which

Reuters ernors who met in Arusha agreed two years ago.

with the existing supply capacity of around 80 million tonnes. The demand figure does not include China, Inida and Thailand. In South Asia, the share of gas in energy consumption has grown from five per cent

in 1971 to around 11 per cent 'Domestic production, however, has levelled off and growing future requirements for petrochemicals, fertilizers and power generation are going to have to be met statement added. through imports, if the projected South Asian gas mar-ket potential of 66.2 million

"This will allow for the free use of the three correncies in

'The hostility between Uganda and Kenya has also to be tackled before you talk of moving ahead with economic cooperation. You cannot have cooperation between people with daggers at each other's throats," the analyst,

overed by 30 per cent, Mr. ate the reform process."

convertibility

NAIROBI (R) - Central bank governors from Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda have agreed to make their currencies fully convertible for use in East Africa by the end of

In a statement faxed to the govsaid the measure was part of their efforts to integrate their economies in line with a regional cooperation group

"Aware of the need to take concrete steps, the governors agreed on full convertibility of their three currencies to come into force by Dec. 31st, 1995," the statement said.

"In this connection, the governors agreed that modalities for the repatriation of excess holdings of local cur-rencies resulting from dealing in those currencies in their respective countries, should be speedily put in place," the

financing transactions in the region," it explained.

A leading investment analyst in Nairobi said he was sceptical about the end-ofyear deadline because of poor relations between Uganda and Kenya.

told Reuters.

The governors. Kenya's Micah Cheserem, Idris Rashid of Tanzania and Uganda's Charles Kikonyogo, "commended the three governments for opening up their economies and urged them to continue and acceler-

Cuba plans increased output of its famed cigars sharp drop in production that

MEXICO CITY (AP) -Cuba hopes to use foreign financing to help boost production of its famed cigars to 100 million a year, up from 60 million this year, the government's Prensa Latina news agency has reported.

The agency quoted Fran-cisco Linares Calvo, head of Habanos, S.A., who said Cuba could sell as many as 114 million of its cigars, considered for decades to be the world's finest.

He said the lack of fertiliser and other raw materials following the collapse of Cuba's socialist trading partners starting in 1989 led to a

By Glasbergen

GLASBERGEN

Linares said, due to financing from foreign companies who receive cigars to sell in return. Spain's Tabacalera Espanola S.A. alone provided \$25 million of the \$38 million in

cost the island more than

Production bas already rec-

\$500 million in lost sales.

financing used for the harvest, according to the report.

THICY

GEHIT

WARMOR

JUMBLE. THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. This has a lot of priest, but who care WHAT SHE CONSIDERED HER BUS STOP SNACK

TAIREW Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: RUSTY FOYER ACTING NATURE What the cashier had when he received the bogus money — A COUNTER FIT

THE Daily Crossword by Gregory E. Paul

Mr. Fischer said.

also said.

- **ACROSS** 1 Fakir's income 5 A religion
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- 48 Unil ol work 49 Scoria

Motto

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Yesterday's puzzle solved:

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when he found out they wouldn't .let him be a Power Ranger."

Peanuts



Andy Cap



Mutt'n'Jeff



HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURS. DAY, SEPTEMBER 28. 1995

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) A senior member of your family has good ideas today, so listen and profit from them. Avoid an extravagant

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Go after that secret advice from an expert which is invaluable to you and follow it. Don't lose your temper over delays.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You have a friend who wants to help you today, so accept gratefully, and you can gain aims more easily. Avoid an overly talkative person.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) A bigwig gives you good ideas today, so go along with them and avoid gossipy individuals who waste your time.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Get a plan well-organised which can help you to gain your fondest wishes. but don't expect quick action to occur.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You have to be more tactful with a business person if you are to gain your way and get good results, Schedule activities well.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Use charm to tone down that overlyenergetic partner and then organise your tasks very well. Take things in stride. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You have

been studying advanced methods for handling your duties more efficiently and this is a good day to see if they work. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You

want to have fun at all cost. but this could get you into big trouble, so be sensible. Spend time with your mate. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You could have a good deal of activity at home and particularly through your own efforts today. Think constructively.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Try to be of assistance to others in gaining their wishes and you gain their good will. Pay attention to health matters.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Don't be too lavish in spending today or you could regret it later. Find better ways of improving your possessions.

Birthstone of September: Sapphire — Lapis Lazuli

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1995

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrolo-ger, Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)

You have many fine ideas today

and want 10 get them in opera-

tion constructively, but take any delays in stride. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Get home conditions improved today, but be patient when some

kind of stress occurs. This even-ing is fine for cniertaining. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Listen to what friends have so say, even if they resort to critic-ism, which can be constructive,

and you profit from it. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Study into new opportunities for increasing your income today and take advantage of the best of such.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You are thinking of making changes just when some course you have been working on is going well, so refrain from doing so.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Set up a plan to gain your finest aims, even though you are thinking of going off on some other tangent.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 221 You can gain private desires today if you get the assist-ance of bigwigs. Be nice to every-one in social affairs.

SCORPIO: (October 23 10 November 21) If you follow through with wishes of higherups carefully, you can make greater progress. Show you are dependable.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) A new course which is appealing should be pursued in a clever way today and don't upset any good set-up. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Be at harmony with a close tic and don't lct some careless work uttered bother you. Get advice from a business expert.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 10 February 19) One of many talents will give good advice for your advancement, so follow through as suggested without making changes.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Add charming and anistic pieces to your surroundings and make them more functional also. Spend this evening with mate.

Birthstone of September: Sapphire — Lapis Lazuli

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ER 28- 29, 19_k

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FOR THURS EMBER 28, 1995

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A review of economic news from the Arabic press

Study sees refinery at Aqaba 'sure loss'

**A STUDY CON-DUCTED by the Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company (JPRC) has concluded that setting up a refinery in Aqaba would not be economically feasible and would be a sure loss for the Jordanian economy. The study indicated that the best alternative was to expand the present refinery in Zarqa to enable it to meet the local demand as well as the needs of the Palestinian self-rule areas in addition to a limited amount of exports to other countries. Such as expansion would cost around \$600 million and would enable the JPRC utilise its optimum production capacity. This alternative, the study poioted out, will have a 15 per cent return on investment. The second option also envisages an expansion at the present refinery in all aspects except for heavy fuel oil and liquified gas and that would briog the cost to \$450 million, rendering an 8.5 per cent return on investment. The study said that in both cases it was evident that the best investment was in expanding the present refinery and not huilding a new one in Aqaha at a cost between \$1.5 and \$2 billion (Al Aswaq).

☆☆ STARTING SATUR-DAY, Sept. 30, 1995, the public can buy shares in the newly-formed Export and Finance Bank which bas been registered at the Ministry of Industry and Trade on Ang. 30, 1998 with an authorised capital of JD 20 million. Half of the capital has been covered by 234 founding companies and individuals and another JD 6 million were taken up by 22 large poblic and private institutions in private subscriptioo in accordance with a decision from the "issuance committee." As such, only four million sbares, at JD 1 nominal value per share, are being offered for public subscription which ends Thursday, Oct. 19, 1995. The new bank aims at "eocouraging national exports of products and services and providing the necessary support for the export sector as well as extending various facilities, credits, loans and guarantees either directly or through other banks and financial companies." Other services include dealing in shares and stocks and arrang-ing and managing syndicated

Main founders of the hank who have already paid the required 50 per cent of their equity are: Al Hikmeh for Investment, owned by Samih Darwazeh and other partners, with a JD 2 million stake. Another holding company run by Elia Nuqul and other partners has a JD 1 million stake. Al Sharq Investment Projects, a company which is mainly owned by Mobammad Saleb Horani, has 500,000 shares. The two other investors each holding 500,000 shares are Basem Khalil Al Salem and Mohammad Ali Khaldoun Al Husari. Ziyad Fariz bolds 100,000 shares, Saeed Dar-wazeh (100,000), Mazen Dar-wazeh (100,000), Shaker Ben Zeid Ben Shaker (100,000). Makram Al Alami (100,000). Farhan Abu Jaher and brothers (125,000), Saed Abu Jaber and Sons Company (125,000), Randa Samit Kawar (200,000) and Henry Azzam, a Lebanese, (100,000). Most of the remaining founders have stakes less than 25,000 sbares each.

The main institutions holding six million shares from private subscription are: The Social Security Corporation (two million), the phosphate company (one million), the Industrial Estates Corporation (500,000), the potash company (500,000), the Jordan Investment Corporation (250,000), the cement company (200,000), the Jordan Export Development and Commercial Centres Corporation (200,000) and the Jordan Loan Guarantee Company (225,000). Other myestors include seven insurance companies (Al Ra'i).

Bond trader charged in Japanese bank's \$1.1 billion loss

NEW YORK (AP) — In one of history's largest cases of trading fraud, federal authorities Tuesday charged a bond trader at the New York branch of Daiwa Bank with doctoring the bank's records to hide \$1.1 billion in losses.

The U.S. attorney's office said Toshihide Iguchi incurred the losses roughly ranged from one-quarter to onethird of Daiwa's total U.S. Treasury bond portfolio held in New York, prosecutors estimated.

Other employees at the bank are also being investigated by federal authorities in the trading scheme hut have not been charged.

"Something this size is un-precedented," Mary Jo White, U.S. attorney for New York, said in a news conference announcing the charges.
The disclosure sent ripples

through world financial markets. The Japanese yen weakened against the U.S. dollar as Asian traders bought the greenback in anticipation that Daiwa would need dollars to cover the loss.

But Daiwa said that despite reduced earnings due to the trading losses, it expected to report a \$70 million profit for the first half of its fiscal year. It also said that no depositor or customer suffered any losses.

Mr. Iguchi, 44, who was arrested over the weekend in New Jersey where he lives, was ordered held without hail Tuesday hy a federal judge in Lower Manhattan. Appearing somber and wearing hlue jeans and a striped sweater, Mr. Iguchi was ushered out of court without making a comment. His lawyer also declined to comment.

If convicted, Mr. Iguchi faces up to 30 years in prison. \$1 million in fines and could be ordered to make restitu-

The Daiwa dehacle was the latest in a recent rash of cases against individual traders accused of single-handedly concealing huge securities losses from bank superiors.

But the scope and size of Daiwa's loss left some financial market experts wondering bow it could have gone unnoticed for so long in one of the world's biggest banks - particularly so soon after the well-publicised collapse of Britain's Barings Bank.

brought down by the nearly \$1.4 hillion in losses blamed on a rogue trader in Singapore, Nick Leeson. Like Mr. Leeson, Mr. Iguchi was in charge both of trading and of the backroom operations that monitor trades, meaning he was policing himself.

Risk management experts said it was unusual for a trader to have oversight for accounting of his own trades. More typically, bond traders enter transactions into a computer system, and the trades are confirmed with counterparties by back office personnel. Back-office staff also handle settlements of trades and reconciliation with cash accounts.

The fact that someone could hide all these trades is nearly impossible" at most banks, said Heinz Binggeli, managing director at Emcor Risk Management Consult-

ing in Irvington, New York. Ms. White said Daiwa learned about the trading losses in July, but that federal authorities were first alerted last week, when the bank made a required report on its trades to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Daiwa told federal authorities it learned about the trading loss when Mr. Iguchi wrote a confidential letter, dated July 13, in Japanese to Daiwa's president in Japan confessing to wide-ranging unauthorised trades at the

During the 11-year period, authorities charged, Mr. Iguchi lost about \$1.1 billion as a result of the trades. In addition, he sold, without the bank's approval, government securities belonging to Daiwa or beld by Daiwa on behalf of the hank's customers. Authorities said Mr. lguchi used these sales to cover up his trading losses.

To conceal bis scheme, Mr. Iguchi allegedly forged Bankers Trust account statements related to the securities held by Daiwa on behalf of customers.

The forged statement for the period ending July 31 showed Daiwa holding securities valued at about \$4.6 billion, but the actual value was about \$3.5 billion, the U.S. attorney's office said.

Ms. White said the bank's own examiners may bave been fooled during the period the unauthorised trades In February, Barings was allegedly took place.

Jordan Times Financial in co-operation with Markets Cairo Amman Bank



	2//9/19		
Carrency	Bid	Offer	
U.S. Dollar	0.7120	0.7140	
Sterling Pound	1.1163	1.1219	
Deutsche Mark	0.4957	0.4982	
Swiss Franc	0.6127	0.6158	
French Franc	0.1440	0.1447	
Japanese Yeu*	0.7067	0.7102	
Duick Guilder	0.4425	0.4447	
Swedish Kronn	*****	*****	
Italian Lire*	0.0444	0.0446	
Belgian Franc	*****	4447414	

Other Currencies	Date: 27/9/1995		
Cerrency	Bid	Offer	
Bahrajni Dinar	1.8720	1.8850	
Lebanese Lica*	0.045350	0.044625	
Sandi Riyat	0.1896	0.1909	
Kowalti Dinar	2.3050	2.3650	
Qatari Riyal	0.1944	0.1956	
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2180	
Omani Riyai	1_\$290	7.8510	
UAE Dirkam	0-1933	0.1942	
Greek Drachma*	0.2845	0.3245	
Cypriot Pound	1.5250	1.6150	

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the

One sterling \$1.5654/64 One ounce of gold \$383.20/383.40

illion markets Wednesday.		-	
ne U.S. dollar	1.3442/52 1.4322/32 1.6042/52 1.1586/96 29.45/50 4.9432/82 1609.60/60 100.47/57 6.9990/90 6.3070/20 5.5595/45	Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns	Ki

Stormy allies chastise U.S. on money

UNITED NATIONS (R) -One hy one the wealthy members of the United Nations are publicly chastising Washington for reneging on its payments to the world body.

And the annual U.N. General Assembly debate is only its third day, with three weeks of speechs still ahead from dozens of foreign minis-

Few mention the United States by name but there is no doubt which country is meaot. Washington owes well over \$1 billion, about a third of the U.N. debt. On Wednesday it is the

turn of German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel to say that it is not fair that rich states delay contributions. thereby in effect punishing countries who pay on time to carry the hurden. Secretary-General Boutros

Boutros-Ghali has tried various schemes to raise funds and according to the New York Times - would like to horrow from the World Bank.

U.N. departments have borrowed small amounts from the hank in the past fordevelopment projects but

there is no precedent for larger amounts to be used for peacekeeping and debts.

The United States, however, is expected to oppose any borrowing from the bank, saying that this was restricted to national governments and that the United Nations had no power to borrow externally. The bank is part of the U.N. system although it is

funded independently.

British Foreign Secretary
Malcolm Rifkind set the tone Tuesday, urging drastic action to restore U.N. finances, noting the organisation was owed more than \$3.7 billion in unpaid contributions and that troop-contributing countries, like his own, were owed nearly \$1 billion, mainly for

"The U.N. is on the verge of financial collapse." he said, calling for the tightening of penalties for non-payment of dues, including charging interest on late payments.

"Perhaps an appropriate policy could best be entitled no representation without taxation," he added, reversing a slogan popularised hy 18th-century American colonists against Britain's King George III.

Egypt lures Gulf gas tankers with **lower Suez fees**

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Egypt has begun giving discounts on fees for Gulf gas tankers transiting its Suez Canal to lure more vessels through the waterway and boost income, an official report has said.

After more than a year of negotiations, the Egyptian Snez Canal Authority (SCA) agreed to give a 35 per cent discount to the Abu Dhahi Gas Liquefaction Company (ADGAS), which is relying more on the canal to transport liquefied natural gas (LNG) to new customers in

Europe, ADGAS said.
"The SCA has made a decision to effect a rebate of 35 per cent on the existing transsit fees levied on ADGAS LNG tankers." it said.
It said ADGAS, owned by

the Abu Dhabi government and companies from Japan and other countries, had told SCA that high fees were making its shipments to Europe uncompetitive com-pared with Algerian gas. In June 1994, an ADGAS

delegation visited Egypt for talks on reduced fees and more negotiations were held

this year. The ADGAS delegation told the SCA that lowering transit fees could entice more Europe.

Gulf tankers to use the canal and in turn increase its revenues, the hulletin said,

ADGAS officials clarified that the reduction of such fees would benefit the gas manufacturers in the Arabian Gulf and SCA simultaneously since many tankers could transit through the Suez Canal which would provide a fixed revenue for the Suez Canal," it said. "This step will encourage other Gulf countries to market their liquefied natural gas to Europe through the canal as well."

ADGAS hegan selling LNG to Europe after com-pletiong a \$1 billion project to double its LNG output capacity at its liquefaction complex on Das island to five million tonnes per year io later 1994. It has also bought four

tankers from Japan at a cost of around \$600 million. Most of the ADGAS production is sold to the Japanese Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO) under a 25-year supply contract signed in 1993.

ADGAS said it had sold LNG to Belgium, France. and Spain and that it had enough excess output to shore up a supply shortage in

And Japan's Foreign Minister Yohei Kono complained that "as the second largest contributor to the United Nations, Japan, despite its severe financial situation, has assumed considerable responsibility for U.N. financ-

Memhers have formed working groups to recalculate contributions. Many say the current system is outdated and allows some rapidlydeveloping nations to pay little. This would lower the U.S. peacekeeping contribution but not by as much as Republicans in Congress would like.

The 15-nation European Union. Australia. Canada those who pay promptly. They say that U.S. reluctance to pay its bills is annoying in light of the many U.N. contracts that go to the American suppliers. Some have even suggested cutting off

contracts until dues are paid. For Dr. Ghali the deficit is unethical. He told Security Council members that with troops in the Balkans costing about \$4.7 million a day, the deficit would force the world body to cut off help to needy states.

"Some conflicts run the risk of being forgotten, for reasons which have nothing to do with the suffering they cause" but because they "are

and New Zealand are among taking place in regions which those who pay promptly. are less looked at by the

world," he said. Secretary of State Warren Christopher has emphasised it was time for the United Nations to cut down it's bureaucracy so that a better case could be made in Con-

But much of the reform is dependent on money. Joseph Connor, a former Price Waterhouse executive, who is U.N. undersecretarygeneral for administration and management, says staff cannot be cut due to lack of cash for severance pay.

Financial solvency is a prerequisite "regardless of any other reform," he said.

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AND HER & SOUTHER I TOOKUREE	200	484	2.4Se	2.420
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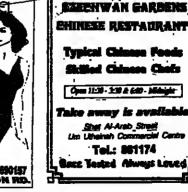
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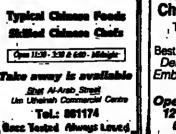
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Jordanian, Qatari horses dominate Amman show

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Qatar's "Ibn Shahid" won the first place in a beauty contest for male horses on Wednesday, the third day of the Sixth Arabian

Horse at Home Show. Ibn Shahid also scored the highest points for being an offspring of Arah father and mother.

Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Bint Al Hussein presented Sheikh Nawaf Al Thani, owner of Ibn Shahid, the first prize a golden sword.

The third day of the show saw heated competition between Jordanian and Qatari horses which eventually split the titles.

In the senior female championship, Qatar's Menna Silk, from Al Shagab stud, clinched first place and Jordan's Shakarah, from the Royal Stud, was placed second.

championship, Jordan's Scudsly and "Jerash" won first and second places respectively. "Scudsly" captured the hight again in the supreme male championship, while

In the senior male

The supreme female championship was won hy Kamasayyah and Menna Silk of Qatar.

Ibn Shahid won second

In the mare produce groups, A.K. Zayaadah won first place followed by Halima from the Royal groups, only four horses competed. Verinat won first place and Saamer came in second.

Thursday's events of the show, organised by the Jordanian Arabian Horse Society headed by Princess Alia, will include junior and senior nonregistered Arabian horses, Middle East championships, and junior liberty and senior

liberty championships.
On Friday, the Arabian Horse Festival will conclude with the desert endurance ride, a 43kilometre marathon. Horses will start their journey from East Al Mawaar. The race ends at

Double pay-day for trainer Loder

NEWMARKET. England (R) — Top Juveniles Rio Duvida and Blue Duster won the big races of the day on Tuesday to give trainer David Loder the most prosperous double of his burgeoning

Rio Duvida lifted over \$177,000 for his connections in the valuable tattersalls Houghton stakes.

Then Blue Duster delivered the Newmarket trainer's first group one victory in Britain in the \$210,000 Cheveley Park stakes, an important pointer to the 1996

Blue Duster, the 5-4 on favourite, produced her hest performance of the year under jockey Michael Kinane sprinting clear of My Branch to win the six-furlong (1.2 km) test by two and a half lengths.

Loder, just three years into his training career, said: "I have to thank Sheikh Mohammad for sending me a horse like Blue Duster to train so early on in my career. "Blue Duster is so relaxed

and with such class I have to be confident that she will get a mile (1.6 km) next year, unless the trainer messes

Blue Duster's classic odds were cut to 6-1 second favourite for next year's 1,000 Guineas, the first filies' classics.

Frankie Dettori rode 2-1 favourite Rio Duvida to a length success in the sevenfurlong (1.4 km) Houghton stakes to earn a quote of 33-1 for next year's 2,000 Guineas and Epsom Derby.

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Director of Marketing and Publie Relations Department	- University Degree in Business Administration, M.SC. in Marketing is prefferred.	- 7 years experienc in his field. - Development and implementation of Marketing strategy. - Execution and/or coordination of marketing, advertising and public relations campaigns - Statistical & analytical skills. - Well-qualified in designing & executing local market studies on local, regional & international levels. - Good command of English Language. - Skills in Communication & human relations.
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Head of Network Optimization and Analysis Division	University Degree in Transport Engineerng/ M.SC. in Business Administration.	- 5 years minimum experience. - Good knowledge in road, railway, air and maritime transport operations & development. - Experience in operations consultancy (especially in transportation industry. - Excellent skills in statistics and analysis. - 5 years minimum experience.
Marine Engineer	University degree in Marine Engineering/ High Degree in Marine Administration.	- Wide knowledge in Sea law & International maritime agreements wide experience in marine administration and marine shipping operations Excellent command of English Language 7 - years minimum experience in his field.
Traffic Engineer	University Degree in Transport Engineering	- Wide knowledge in planning transportation networks Experience in operations research Excellent command of English Language 7-years minimum experience in his field.
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Head Of Information Technology Setting and Information Analysis Division	B.SC. in Computer Science Informatinn Management Systems	Experience in making plans of strategies of information systems. - Excellent knowledge in computer technology and technical design. - Experience in information systems analysis and design. - Wide experience in designing computer database & communication networks. - Wide knowledge in technical applications of business.

 $^{66}_{67}$ nterested applicants should send their applications with copies of their educational 68k experience certificates to Personnel Division at the Ministry Of Transport, within 691 p_riod of two weeks. For more information, please call tell: 607111.

TEL: 634144 CINEMA

Kasparov wins 10th game, evens match

NEW YORK (AP) — World champion Garry Kasparov hit back with a stunning victory over challenger Viswanathan Anand in the 10th game of their Professional Chess Association title bout Tuesday to even the score at

5-5. "I feel better, I'm back in business," Kasparov said moments after his victory. "It's really a tough match. I hope this game will change the course of the event." Kasparov's victory came

after Anand had won the ninth game Monday to seize the lead in the 20-game con-test. The first eight games ended in draws.

Playing with the advantage of the white pieces. Kasparov. 32, of Russia, flashed out his first 21 moves in less than six minutes

In a Ruy Lopez opening, the moves followed the eight game of the match, played Friday, until Kasparov sacrificed a pawn on his 14th Anand, 25, of India.

thought for 45 minutes on his 15th move before trading pieces in an attempt to get out of his difficulties. Kasparov dramatically sacrificed a rook at move 17 to gain a massive attack against Anand's king trapped in the

LONDON (R) — Romanian World Cup defender Dan

Petrescu faces being banished

to Sheffield Wednesday's re-

serve team, his manager

David Pleat said on Tuesday.

Pleat said he was furious

with Petrescu, one of the

outstanding stars in Roma-nia's World Cup campaign

last year, for insisting he

wants to leave Hillsborough

and play alongside Dutchman

Ruud Gullit at Chelsea when

he has three years left on his

Petrescu, a £1.3 million

(\$2.04 million) signing from Genoa after the World Cup, was reported as saying: "I

Sheffield contract.



Garry Kasparov

centre of the board. "This game was won basi-cally at home." Kasparov said of his brilliant sacrifice, which he prepared over the weekend. "My goal today was to mate the black king."

Anand found a way to trade queens and avoid being checkmated. But he struggled helplessly. In a losing endgame position, down a pawn and unable to stop the relentless advance of three white pawns, he resigned on the 38th move.

Spectators watching the match on the 107 floor of the World Trade Centre were startled by the speed of Kasparov's opening play and his aggressive demeanor.

World Cup star Petrescu

threatened with exile to reserves

ambition and ability."

our reserves.

want to play for a club with

But Pleat raged: "I am

very unhappy about this. The

club will not be held to ran-

som. "Dan has a lucrative

four-year contract here. If he

doesn't want to be in our first

team, perhaps he can play in

"Dan has not been knock-

ing on my door. It is his agent

who is demanding more

The Romanian's agent,

Giovanni Becali, has said if

Pleat rates Petrescu, he should increase his salary or

let him leave, but the

money for the player."

"This guy is just furning," said British grandmaster Daniel King as Kasparov rushed out his opening

Spanish chess journalist Leontxo Garcia said, "Kasparov was so quick today, he was like a bull going into the

During his first 21 moves. Kasparov would move almost instantaneously and then retreat to a rest room hehind the playing area. On his 19th move, he slammed down a dramanc hishop sacrifice and banged the door as he left.

American grandmaster Patrick Wolff, a member of Anand's team, criticised Kasparov's hehaviour. "Vishy wasn't slamming doors yesterday when he was winning," he said.
"We are all human

beings," Kasparov replied at a news conference. "I was excited about the possibility to play this line. You play without a rook. I was ner-

Anand plays white in the 11th game on Thursday. The winner of the contest

will be the first player to score 10.5 points. A win scores a point and a draw half a point. In the event of a 10-10 tie. Kasparov retains the title.

Wednesday boss refused to

He said: "The Managers'

Association and the FA are

currently looking at the acti-

vities of certain agents. This

case would appear to be a

classic one of an agent trying

to induce an under-contract

"Only when Petrescu's

contract has expired is he free

to go wherever he likes. "In

the meantime, he will play

here and we shall analyse his

performances closely to make

sure there's 100 per cent

Amman, near Ammon Hotel.

be out of the side.

player to move.

bow to the ultimatum.

Boxing legend turns 90

BONN (R) - There have been greater hoxers and there have been more glittering sports personalities — but as far as Germans at least are concerned, there will probably never be a more magnetic or timeless sporting hero.

Max Schmeling. Germany's only world heavyweight boxing champion and its first sportsman to achieve global fame, turns 90 on Thursday as well-known and loved as ever.

He is remembered both as the sensational conqueror of "brown bomber" Joe Louis and as the symbol of a period between the wars when Germany dared to show its face abroad.

While there was never a shortage of people who wanted to use the boxer for their own purposes - from Berlin's high society to Hit-ler's Nazis — Schmeling never lost the aura of an honest man without pretensions who remained true to himself.

By the time millions of Germans huddled around crackly radio sets at 4 a.m. in June 1936 to hear him fight Louis, the self-taught fighter was already an ex-world champion, married to a film star, and as big an icon of swinging Berlin as Marlene Dietrich.

He swept German boxing in the late 1920s just as the gloom of post-war depression was being thrown off. Berlin was dancing the Charleston and revelling in a new, more physical freedom.

It was a time that wanted heroes," Schmeling noted in his memoirs." As a boxer, I was a symbol.

A symbol, too, of reborn national pride as his success took him inevitably to the United States.

His 1930 title bout was curious to say the least as his opponent Jack Sharkey floored Schmeling in the fourth round — but was disqualified for hitting below the Schmeling lost the rematch

effort. If there is not, be will with Sharkey two years later but only found his image

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humished even further as a controversial split decision appeared to have robbed him

of victory. Sporting immortality. however. came against Louis

in 1936. Now Hitler's Nazis were in power, and had just tried to use the Berlin Olympics as a showcase for white, Arvan supremacy.

Louis was unbeaten in 27 fights, seemingly invincible and black. He was supposed to produce a symbolic defeat of fascism.

But Schmeling rewrote the script and knocked Louis out with his most fearsome weapon, his devastating straight right. It was dubbed the "sensation of the cen-

His 1,200 telegrammes of congratulation included one from Dietrich - and one from Adolf Hitler.

The dictator invited him for tea - just as then presidential candidate Franklin Roosevelt had done in 1932.

But Schmeling had no taste for politics or for the Nazis. who had told him to get rid of his American Jewish trainer Joe Jacobs and stop consorting with Jewish friends. He complained to Hitler himself - and Jacobs stayed on.

Schmeling also secretly harboured Jewish friends during the Nazi-inspired anti-Jewish pogroms.

In a 1938 rematch with Louis, bombarded by slogans demanding: "Boycott Nazi Schmeling," he was knocked out in the first round.

Later on he was able to be philosophical. "A victory against Louis might have set me up as the Nazis' model Arvan." he wrote.

Out of favour, he became the only top sportsman to be drafted into the army. He was injured, survived, hut lost his property and wealth. He returned to the ring to make money. Not for Schmeling the

cliche of the over-the-hill boxer heading for the gutter, though. Instead he bought a farm, acquired business skills and then secured a production licence from Coca-Cola. Now, at 90, still recognis-

able as the dark, heavybrowed boxer of the 1930s, he still runs his firm, and a charity trust, and remains trim and fit on a daily halfhour work-out.

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THROWN TO THE DOGS

North-South vulnerable. West +Q62 VA974

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SOUTH 4 J 9 8 7 3 7 K Q 10 2

Opening lead: Eight of a
Larry Cohen, author of the excallent cook on the Law of Total
Tricks, can play as well as he
writes. This head is from an arrly
match of his squad's triumphant
march to the Grand Nationals
Tasn chamiemskip.

march to the Grand Nationals
Team championship.

After the takeout double, a cuebid of four diamonds, forcing North
to select a major, would have resulted in a four-hear't contract. That
would have been touch-and-go,
depending on the defense. It might
seem that four spaces is unmakable, but declarer's technique was
beautiful to behold.

Declarer rose with acc of clubs at
trick one and ran the six of spaces.
Since West almost surely was short
in spaces in light of the minor-suil
preempt, this was undoubtedly the
correct more. A low space was continued to East's king and the dismond two was returned, covered by
the ten and jack and taken by the
see.

the ten and jack and taken by the see.

The queen of spades was captured by the ace and East exited with the remaining spade. Reading the hand perfectly, Cohen cashed the king and queen of hearts, overtook the ten of hearts with the see, then led tha queen of clubs from dummy. When East covered with the king, declarer left the defender on lead by discarding a diamond.

Down to nothing but clubs, East had e choice of losing options. The return of the ten of clubs would be ruffed and the nine of hearts would be the entry to the table for declarer to discard the remaining diamond loser on the high nine of clubs. If East returned a low club, declarer would simply discard a diamond immediately and the nine of clubs would be the fulfilling trick.

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71:

Australian breaks world 1-km record

BOGOTA, Colombia (AP)

— The World Cycling Championships began in this high Andean city on Tuesday, already overshadowed by a serious injury to a French cyclist during warm-ups.

More than 800 cyclists from 77 countries are competing in what is widely considered the second most prestigious cycling event after the

Patrice Sultice, 24, crashed into a teammate Friday during a training run in Bogota's brand-new velodrome. Sultice remained paralysed from the waist down Monday. Doctors say he may never walk again. His teammate was not seriously hurt.

Workers put finishing touches over the weekend on the concrete track of the Luis Carlos Galan Velodrome, named after a political leader who was assassinated during Colombia's drug wars in 1989. The International Cycling Union declared the track ready to go for Tuesday's

About 1,000 cheering spectators gathered at the velodrome Tuesday morning to watch a 4-kilometre classify-

ing race. Although this marks the first time the cycling championships have been held in Colombia, cycling is a national passion. Biking enthusiasts can be seen riding the highways, often a risky venture.

Nestor Mora, a professional Colombian cyclist who rode with the Spanish team Kelme, and two other cyclists were killed in Fehruary when they were run over by a tractor-trailer in western Col-

Most of the biggest intercity highways are just two-. lane blacktops. Bike lanes are unheard of.

Some of the international cyclists in multicoloured uniforms have taken to the traffic-jammed streets of this capital city to warm up for the championships. Many have complained of a lack of training space.

There will he five days of competition at the velod-

The championships move outside Bogota to Boyaca State, in the middle of Colombia's eastern Cordillera



Australia's Shane Kelly (right) celebrates one-kilometre race at the World Cycling next to France's Florian Rousseau after Championships. Kelly clocked a time of setting a world record and defeating 1:00.613 minutes, Rousseau clocked

France's two time world champion in the 1:01.350 (Reuters photo)

mountain range, for road races beginning Oct. 4. Spanish cyclist Miguel Indurain, the five-time defending Tour de France champion, is a heavy favourite.

Americans Lance Armstrong

and Andy Hampsten will also 2,600-metre altitude. participate.

Indurain and several other cyclists reportedly were training in Colorado for the world championships, to acclimatise themselves to Bogota's

Spain's Jose Moreno who holds the world record for the fastest kilometre and Michael Bubner of Germany are among the stars of the track events.

EUROPEAN SOCCER ROUNDUP

Klinsmann inspires Bayern romp; Inter, Manchester eliminated

LONDON (AP) — Juergen Klinsmann's two goals inspired Bayern Munich to a stunning 5-0 on-the-road victory in Moscow Tuesday to overturn a first leg deficit in the UEFA Cup.

Yet a late headed goal by Danish goalkeeper Peter Schmeichel failed to prevent Manchester United's elimination by a Russian club and Italian crisis club Inter Milan also went out, beaten at home by Lugano of Switzer-

World Cup star Klinsmann. scored Bayern's first two goals against Lokomotiv and others came from Andreas Herzog, Mehmet Scholl and Thomas Strunz as the Russians, who scored an upset 1-0 victory in Munich two weeks ago, fell apart on their own ground.

In Manchester, Vladimir Nidergaus and Oleg Veretennikov stunned the Old Trafford fans with goals for Rotor Volgograd in the

Scholes replied in the 59th minute for United.

Schmeichel, using his height against the Russian defenders and a goalkeeper who was shaky in the air, headed the equaliser three minutes from the end as he frequently joined the United attacks at set-pieces.

But the 2-2 scoreline, which left the two teams tied 2-2 overall, puts Rotor in the next round because it scored more goals away from home. Inter Milan, which fired

coach Ottavio Bianchi Monday after two defeats in a row, was jeered off the field after losing 1-0 at home to Lugano. With Inter set to advance on away goals after a 1-1 tie in Switzerland, Jose Carrasco fired Lugano's winner from a free kick four

minutes from the end. In other standout first round matches, teenage Brazilian striker Ronaldo scored four goals and set up

As Rome's Uruguayan player Daniel Fonseca (right up)

while being hindered by another during the UEFA Cup first

round second leg match in Rome (AFP photo)

first 24 minutes and Paul another two as Dutch club PSV Eindhoven crushed Finland's Mypa-47 7-1 to charge into the second round 8-2

overall. That also was AC Milan's aggregate after a 4-1 victory in Poland at Zaglebie Lubin. Stefanio Eranio and Marco

Simone hit the first two and Croatian forward Zvonimir Boban scored two in the last four minutes, the final goal coming from a pass by substi-tute Roberto Baggio. Lazio, already 5-0 ahead

from the first leg, also cruised into the second round with a 2-1 victory at Omonia Nicosia and AS Roma, which is struggling in the Italian League. romped to a 4-0 victory over Swiss club Neuchatel Xamax to advance 5-1 overail.

Argentine star Abel Balbo scored twice and Uruguayan Daniel Fonseca added. another for Roma.

Barcelona, already 7-0 up from the first leg, crushed Israel's Hapoel Beer Sheba

5-0 to advance 12-0 overall while Benfica downed Belgium's Lierse 2-1 to go

through 3-1. While Manchester United went out on the away goals rule, another English club, Nottingham Forest, gained

from it. A two-time Champions Cup winner, Forest went into its second leg against Malmoe 2-1 down from the trip to Sweden but a second half goal from Dutch forward Bryan Roy produced a 1-0 victory and a place in the second round.

Sparta Prague, which lost the first leg at home produced a 2-1 victory at Denmark's Silkeborg to tie the 2.5 aggregate and gain the second round.

Leeds United advanced 3-1 on aggregate despite losing 1-0 at home to Monaco and Liverpool, held 0-0 at home by Spartak Vladikavkaz. went through because of its 2-1 first leg victory in Russia.



United Kingdom: Nottingham Forest's Lars Bohinen burdies a challenge from Malmo's Robert Prytz during their team's UEFA Cup match in Nottingham (AFP photo)

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U.S. firms are keen on business opportunities in Jordan, Egan affirms

Ambassador expects strong private sector interaction at MENA summit

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The United States is highly confident that next month's economic summit in Amman will produce close interaction hetween American and Jordanian private sectors, leading to tangi-hle economic development as a direct result of the hreak-throughs in the Middle East peace process. U.S. Amhas-sador to Jordan Wesley Egan has said.

Mr. Egan hased his expectations on what he described as definite indicators in the last few months of American interest in the husiness opportunities available in Jordan and the very weight the Clinton admioistration had thrown hehind preparing for the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) summit scheduled to be held here Oct. 29-31.

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Mr. Egan, who returned last week, from a tour of New York, Chicago and Houston where he and the U.S. ambassadors to Egypt, Israel and Saudi Arahia briefed American husiness leaders on the opportunities that have emerged in the Middle East, said the number of U.S. firms wishing to take part in the summit was far beyond the initially-expected 150.

We are way oversubscribed and so was the (Davos-hased) World Econowhich is orgamic Forum." nisiog the MENA summit, as well as the Department of Commerce in the U.S., the ambassador told the Jordan Times in his first interview with a Jordanian newspaper since he took office early last

Mr. Egan said he and his colleagues met with up to 500 American business leaders in the three cities, and "we think there are some people who will be in Amman in late

No figures yet on 1996 aid to Jordan

U.S. AMBASSADOR to Jordan Wesley Egan said the Clinton administration had not finalised any figure for financial and military aid to Jordan for fiscal year 1996 since the budget itself has not yet been presented.

"I do not have the least idea" yet on any projec-tions for such aid, but the assistance will have to be decided by mid-November, said the amhassador.

He said the administration had given more than \$375 million in assistance in various forms to Jordan in fiscal 1995, including a \$275 million allocation to cancel \$420 million in the Kingdom's public debts.

The ambassador listed the rest of aid as: "slightly over' \$80 million in military equipment and sup-plies, \$15 million in food assistance and \$15 million in non-military assistance.

Mr. Egan said there was an outstanding aid of \$82 million from fiscal 1992-94 thast Jordan has not yet appropriated.

That is money for the government to use in agreed project areas (and) has not yet been used," he said, voicing concern over the delay.

"I must tell you I'm a little concerned about that because we have a serious budget problem in the U.S.... and there is a process of recession," he said. "If too much time goes by, the Congress is inclined to say: 'wait a minute, there is X million dollars for that country that they have not yet used, we want it back."

"We have succeeded in protecting that money for the Jordanian account because it is important for the assistance process," said the amhassador. "People say why have you given more, when you got 80 million sitting there that have not been drawn yet.

You've got to be careful." The delay in the use of the funds is due to many factors, including the "speed of absorption... some legislation that is due to he changed or some hureaucratic eotity that needs to he created or moved," he said.

the visit by my colleagues, and myself." The U.S. government will

set up a business centre to bring together Jordanian and American husinessmen as well as those who might be interested in a partnership in American firms in the region as part of the MENA summit, the ambassador said.

The high number of American firms wishing to attend the summit, he added, has offered the U.S. administration "the luxury of picking

companies actually attend the conference.

"The special feature (of the Kingdom) is that the American husiness community is increasingly aware of the steps the government of Jordan is taking to open up the economy, said Mr. Egan. They have watched the process of legislation in this last extraordinary session of Parliament and a complete redrafting of the investment terms and the restructuring of income tax, sales tax and the

(Continued on page 7)

in bid for new coalition

Ciller

fails

Regent

Peay III

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown

Prince Hassan, the Regent, met at the Royal

Court Wednesday with General Binford Peay III,

commander of the U.S.

Naval Central Comamnd,

in the presence of the

chairmao of the Joint

Chiefs of Staff, General

Abdul Hafez Mirai, and

U.S. ambassador to Jor-

cooperation and training

assistance from the Un-

ited States to Jordan. The Jordao News

Agency, Petra, said "the discussion centred on ...

the possibility of expand-ing the scope of coopera-tioo ... in the various

fields, primarily military

dan Wesley Egan. Discussion at the meet-ing covered U.S. military

receives

ANKARA (AFP) — Turkey was plunged into a deepening political crisis Wednesday when Prime Minister Tansu Ciller said her bid to form a new coalition with the rightwing Motherland Party (ANAP) had failed.

"I'm sorry, Turkey has wasted two days," she told reporters, referring to an offer Monday to ANAP leader Mesut Yilmaz to form a new government following the collapse last week of her former coalition.

The talks broke down in acrimony with Ms. Ciller, who heads the True Path Party (DYP), criticising Mr. Yilmaz for not wanting to discuss a possible coalition, but to "play a game." Mr. Yilmaz told a separate

news conference that the pair's talks "had not pro-duced satisfying results." President Suleyman Demirel asked Ms. Ciller to form a new government after she resigned last Wednesday following the collapse of a right-left coalitioo with the social democratic People's Republican Party.

Ms. Ciller's next options could be to link up with two nationalist parties, the rightwing Action Party of Aslan Turkes, which had backed. her former coalition in important votes in parliament, and Bulent Ecevit's Democratic Left.

Busioess leaders had hoped for a grand coalition between the DYP and ANAP, its main opposition party in the current parliameot, who share similar ideas and are separated mainly by the personal rivalry of their

Representatives from the husiness community urged Mr. Yilmaz to accept Ms. Ciller's offer, argning it would be good for Turkey's political and economic stability ahead of key issues such as preparing a customs accord with the European Union due to come into effect on

Veterinarian is in trouble with association over 'normalisation'

Middle East regioo and

bilateral coordination in

matters of common con-

Senior assistants to

Gen. Mirai as well as the

U.S. ambassador and the

U.S. military attache were

present at the meeting.

By Ghalia Alul Special to the Jordan Times

cooperation and training

that the U.S. Ceotral

Command could provide

to the Jordanian Armed

Gen. Mirai earlier re-

ceived Geo. Peay and re-

viewed with him the

general situation io the

AMMAN — A disciplinary council will be formed by the Jordanian Veterinary Association Oct. 9 to decide on "disciplinary action" against Dr. Shaher Khreis, a member of the association, for violat-ing the association's rules hy

having contacts with Israelis.

The president of the association, Ahmad Al Ajlouni. said the group had the legal right to impose penalties ranging from warning to suspeoding the members' licences to practise for one year. But, he said, it is unlikely that the association will impose the maximum penalty on Dr. Khreis.

Dr. Ajlouni said that Dr. Khreis violated a resolution adopted by the association's general assembly earlier this year banning contact with Israelis when he invited the Israeli ambassador to Jordan to lunch in his northern city

He said the invitation was cancelled under pressure from his people and fami-

solutions of their general assemblies hanning all sorts of contacts with Israelis.

said Dr. Ajlouni. Most of Jordan's professional associations are opposed to oormalisation of ties with Israel and many of them have threatened punitive actions against members who initiate contacts with Israel

Dr. Ajlouni insisted that normalisation of ties with Israel was not a personal decision that members of the association could take on their own. They have to abide hy the law of these associations, he said. Memhership in profession-

al associations is mandatory for members of various professions in the country. The stand of these associations on normalisation and their "interference" in political matters have prompted the government to say that it might amend the law to make joining professional associations

marter of choice. His Majesty King Hussein has urged professional associations not to interfere in "We are not against peace.

Gen. Peay arrived in Amman Tuesday evening on a several-day visit to

The Clinton administra-

tion has pledged military aid and training to up-

grade Jordan's Armed Forces.

On the contrary, we are with a just peace. However, we are against normalisation." said Dr. Ajlouni. "I will defend my point of view," countered Dr. Khreis, who stressed that the associations' boycott of the peace process is illegal and violates the constitution," which has supremacy over the regulations and laws of associations.

Dr. Khreis said that he would consider going to court if the association takes action against him but he prefers to wait until the deciplinary council convenes next month,

He said he hoped to convince the council of the strength of his case.

Dr. Ajlouni said that an association decision to punish Dr. Khries would be legal and would stand in a court of law. He said the association's law stipulates that a deciplinary council would be set up to rry members who violated the association's rules or "if their personal behaviour is scanda-

doctor's behaviour a scan-

"I personally consider the politics and to focus on pro-'All associations are fessional matters that can imdai," he said. obliged to implement the reprove the standards of the Kuwaiti crown prince says

Iraq could repeat invasion

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Crown Prince Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah, in remarks published Wednesday. warned that Iraq might be preparing another attack on

Kuwait. "Brothers... Kuwait; my country and yours, will go in the three coming months through very difficult times... extremely difficult," Sheikh

Saad, also prime minister, was quoted as saying by Al Siyassah daily. He said Kuwait had not forgotten what he called Jordan's cooperation with Iraq during the 1990-91 Gulf crisis and dismissed as "wrong and haseless" reports that a rap-

prochement hetween the two countries was imminent.

Al Siyassah said Sheikh Saad's remarks were made in a diwanyah, a traditional. men-only evening gathering of which hundreds are held

obliges the two entities to

create a joiot government

consisting of a presidency,

parliament and constitutional

would be established after

general elections to be held

once conditions improve

sufficiently to guarantee a

fair ballot.

court. Those institutions

every week at the home of out Baghdad were not in-Kuwaitis. They are viewed as alternative, mini-

parliaments. Sheikh Saad said: "This man (Iraqi President Saddam Hussein), my brothers, will never forget how his invading troops were evicted from our land and country, and he will never forget that one day he had called your dear country

(Iraq's) province 19."
"I am warning everybody and in every language that everyhody can understand without any exception, that this regime in Baghdad will not let Kuwait be.

'The devil sitting in Baghdad will not remain silent forever after the great humiliation by the West," he was quoted as saying.

Sheikh Saad appealed for stronger national unity to ward off any new threat from Iraq, adding his remarks abin the economy.

Since I returned to the country after liberation I have been warning that the Iraqi regime was preparing to take revenge and that the invasion may happen again in a more brutal way," Sheikh Saad said..

Sheikh Saad did not say on what evidence he hased his prediction of a new Iraqi attack, but added that the "critical period" would hegin Oct. 15 and reminded his listners of Iraq's huildup of troops near the Kuwaiti border last October.

Iraq pulled back its troops after a swift huildup by Kuwait's Western allies, led hy the United States.

Turning to Jordan. Sheikh Saad criticised what he called It's "shameful stances" during the Gulf crisis.

Bosnia accord leaves questions open

NEW YORK (AP) — Bosnia's factions have agreed on a formula for sharing power once the war ends, but major hurdles remain — there is still no ceasefire and they disagree on the role of the central government.

"There is no guarantee of success, hut today's agreement moves us closer to the ultimate goal of a genuine peace." President Bill Clin-ton said in announcing the results of Tuesday's meeting in New York. However, Bosnia's prime

minister optimistically predicted the agreement could lead to an end to the war within weeks. "If the international com-

munity keeps this firm position, if it does not back down, does not get tricked by the regime in Belgrade - they are experts in this - I would venture to say we can have peace in weeks," Haris Siladzic told reporters in Sarajevo on Wednesday.

Left undecided was how The accord by the foreign many people would make up ministers of Bosnia, Croatia the collective presidency. As

and Serb-dominated Yugos-lavia huilds on a breakin the case of the parliament, two-thirds would be elected through achieved in Geneva from Croat-Muslim federaton Sept. 8. That agreement rion and the remainder from kept Bosnia's external borders Serh territory. intact while dividing the state The power-sharing formula internally hetween the

is enormously complex. Pres-Muslim-Croat federation and idential decisions would be taken by majority vote, but if one-third of the group dis-agreed and declares it to be "destructive of a vital in-terest" it would be referred the Bosnian Serh republic. Bosnian Serb oationalists who rebelled in April 1992 with hopes of uniting their holdiogs with neighbouring Serbia, oppose a strong cento that entity's parliament. If two-thirds of the members of tral authority. Muslims, who insist on keeping Bosnia unthat entity's parliament voted ited, want to make the govagainst the action, it would ernment as powerful as possinot take effect. "Psychologically, probably Tuesday's agreement

the most important thing is that the warring parties are meeting together," U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher said Wednesday. "I think the correlation of

forces is such that we have a chance for a ceasefire and now we have to work very hard to get one. We have to keep up the momentum," he said on NBC-TV's "today"

Battlefields in Bosnia were

generally quiet Wednesday. and the media was optimstic. "Bosnia closer to peace," trumpted the front-page headline of the Oslobodjenje

daily in Sarajevo.

The theme was echoed hy the government-controlled media in Belgrade, Yugoslavia, where Serbian President Milosevic has switched to supporting peace from war as he seeks the end of punishing U.N. sanctions. "Agreement to end the war," said the main headline in Vecernje Novosti, Serbia's largest dai-

Assistant Secretary of State Richard Holbrooke, the chief U.S. negotiator for Bosnia, departs later in the week for another round of shuttle diplomacy aimed at securing a ceasefire. He will also discuss the thorny question of the future territorial division of the state.

Bosnian Foreign Minister Mohammad Sacirbey expressed doubt the agreement would take effect soon.

Thatcher celebrates 70th birthday

LONDON (AP) — Former Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher returned to 10 Downing Street Tuesday to celebrate her 70th birthday with friends and former colleagues. Dressed in a long, dark pink shimmer. ing dress with a diamond brooch, Baroness Thatcher was accompanied by her husband, Denis. The private dinner hosted by Prime Minister John Major and his wife. Norma, was the first of three parties to celebrate Lady Thatcher's birthday, which is on Oct 13. Three days after her hirthday, Lady Thatcher will celebrate at Claridge's. a London hotel, and on Oct. 23 the Margaret Thatcher Foundation is hosting a party in her honour in Washington, D.C. Lady Thatcher was prime minister for II years until 1990 when she was ousted by her own Conservative

Clinton: Maybe we're not in a 'funk,' after all

WASHINGTON (AP) -Maybe the nation isn't in a funk, after all. President Bill Clinton had declared in an air force one interview only last Friday that he was "trying to get peo-ple out of their funk." By Monday, things had changed. The outlook had brightened. "It was no doubt a poor choice of words," the president conceded to a group of newspaper reporters over lunch.

In fact, he hastened to add, "I feel very optimistic about the country." Mr. Clinton said he probably shouldn't have used the word "funk" to describe the national mood, since it had reverberations of the "malaise" speech made by President Jimmy Cartet in 1979. "Malaise is a state of mind." Mr. Clinton said. "funk is something you can bounce out of." But Mr. Clinton says he'll stand by the point he was trying to make: "Last year, last November, plainly the country was in a kind of an anxious mood, a negative mood, a frustrated mood about the government."

1 in 7 Nairobi residents carries AIDS virus

NAIROBI (R) — One in

seven residents living in the Kenyan capital Nairobi is infected with the virus that causes the deadly disease AIDS, a leading newspaper said Wednesday. Quoting Rapbael Tuju, a communications consultant addressing members of the Insurance Institute of Kenya, the daily Nation said 14 per cent of Nairobi's population was infected with HIV (human immunodeficiency virus). Mr. Tuju gave the statistics in a talk entitled "AIDS in the Workplace". The Kenyan military suffered an estimated 20 pet cent HIV infection rate, Mr. Tuju said. He called for insurance companies to insert clauses in contracts with local companies requiring them to start AIDS awareness programmes. Nairobi has a population of about one million.

Hong Kong considers 'floating hotels'

HONG KONG (AFP) -Hong Kong may set up "floating hotels" to cope with an expected invasion of visitors when the British territory reverts to China on July 1, 1997. With the change of sovereignty 643 days away Wednesday, the Hong Kong Tourism (HKTA) Association expects all 36,000 local hotel rooms to be occupied on the night Britain gives away its major possession.

October who would not have been here had it not been for and choosing" — thus ensuring that only the most serious How much did Palestinians achieve through Oslo II?

By Michael Jansen Special to the Jordan Times

OSLO II. if fully implemented with the best will io the world, will grant to the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) the fol-

lowing:

— "Full control" in the six main West Bank towns, excluding East Jerusalem which is the largest. The combined area of these municipalities has been estimated at about 200 square kilometres, or less than four per cent of the 5,600 square kilometres of the territory of the West

The population of these six towns amounts to 250,000 people or I9 per cent of an estimated West hank population of 1.3 million, excluding East Jerusalem.

Security will be the concern primarily of the Palestinian police in these towns although Israeli civilians and settlers will he guaranteed freedom of movement, their vehicles heing escorted by joint Palestinian-Israeli patrols. Thus, the Israeli army retains a security function even in the "free" towns of the West Bank.

- "Partial control" in the sensitive city of Hehron which has a population of 120,000 which would be under Palestinian National Authority jurisdiction, raising the percentage of urban dwellers under PNA administration to 30 per cent. Israel will retain control

of the Ibrahimi Mosque and the five locations where the 265 permanent Israeli settlers and 150 yeshiva students dwell. Palestinian sources estimate that Israel will remain

in control of as little as I5 per cent and as much as 33-50 per cent of the town. - "Civil authority" and responsibility for "public order" in the 440 villages of the West Bank, inhabited by 68 per cent of the Palestinian population and

occupying 23 per cent of



West Bank autonomy

West Bank territory. Here Israel will have the right to intervene militarily at its own discretion.

Therefore, through this agreement the PNA should acquire "civil authority" over 9g per cent of the Palestinian West Bank population, excluding East Jerusalem

NEWS ANALYSIS

The figure fixed by Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin for territory retained hy Israel is 73 per cent. To this must be added the 23 per cent where the PNA will exercise "civil authority" hut where the Israeli army will remain in control of overall "security." Thus, Israeli military "redeployment" will, in effect, involve four per cent of the territory of

the West Bank. Therefore, Oslo II will leave the PNA in effective. "control" of four per cent of the land while giving the PNA administrative responsibility for 98 per cent of the Palestinian popula-

tion of the West Bank. On the functional plane: Although the proposed Palestinian National Council will have both executive and legislative powers, its decisions are, under Oslo II, subject to review and final approval by

- By creating a patchwork of zones of control, Oslo II is in flagrant viola-tion of Article IV of Oslo I. That article asserts: ... "The two sides view the West Bank and Gaza Strip as a single territorial unit. whose integrity will be preserved during the interim period.'

mention the "further redeployments to specified locations," i.e. military bases and barracks, specified in Article XIII, paragraph 3 of Oslo I. Presumably this means that the redeployment undertaken under Oslo II will be definitive until the final status of the occupied territories is decided through negotia-

Also. Oslo II does not